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STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
AND
SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN

**SANTA BARBARA COUNTY NEAR GAVIOTA AT GAVIOTA SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA
AND THE NOJOQUI SUMMIT TRUCK PARKING AREAS**

DISTRICT 05, ROUTE 101

**For Use in Connection with Standard Specifications Dated JULY 1999, Standard Plans Dated JULY 1999, and Labor
Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates.**

CONTRACT NO. 05-462204

05-SB-101-75.5/R82.2

**Federal Aid Project
ACNH-P101(968)E**

**Bids Open: June 5, 2001
Dated: May 7, 2001**

OSD

IMPORTANT SPECIAL NOTICES

- The Special Provisions for Federal-aid projects (with and without DBE goals) have been revised to incorporate changes made by new regulations governing the DBE Program (49 CFR Part 26).

Sections 2 and 5 incorporate the changes. Bidders should read these sections to become familiar with them. Attention is directed to the following significant changes:

Section 2, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)" revises the counting of participation by DBE primes, and the counting of trucking performed by DBE firms. The section also revises the information that must be submitted to the Department in order to receive credit for trucking.

Section 2, "Submission of DBE Information" revises the information required to be submitted to the Department to receive credit toward the DBE goal. It also revises the criteria to demonstrate good faith efforts.

Section 5, "Subcontractor and DBE Records" revises the information required to be reported at the end of the project, and information related to trucking that must be submitted throughout the project.

Section 5, "DBE Certification Status" adds new reporting requirements related to DBE certification.

Section 5, "Subcontracting" describes the efforts that must be made in the event a DBE subcontractor is terminated or fails to complete its work for any reason.

Section 5, "Prompt Progress Payment to Subcontractors" requires prompt payment to all subcontractors.

Section 5, "Prompt Payment of Withheld Funds to Subcontractors" requires the prompt payment of retention to all subcontractors.

- **Payment Bonds**

Attention is directed to Section 5 of the Special Provisions, regarding contract bonds. The payment bond shall be in a sum not less than one hundred percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract.

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STANDARD PLANS LIST

The Standard Plan sheets applicable to this contract include, but are not limited to those indicated below. The Revised Standard Plans (RSP) and New Standard Plans (NSP) which apply to this contract are included as individual sheets of the project plans.

| | |
|----------|--|
| A10A | Abbreviations |
| A10B | Symbols |
| A20B | Pavement Markers and Traffic Lines, Typical Details |
| A62A | Excavation and Backfill - Miscellaneous Details |
| A62F | Excavation and Backfill - Metal and Plastic Culverts |
| A73B | Markers |
| RSP A73C | Delineators, Channelizers and Barricades |
| A85 | Chain Link Fence |
| A87 | Curbs, Dikes and Driveways |
| A88A | Curb Ramp Details |
| A88B | Curb Ramp Details |
| A90 | Accessible Parking |
| D97A | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 1 - Annular Coupling Band Bar and Strap and Angle Connectors |
| D97B | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 2 - Hat Band Coupler and Flange Details |
| D97C | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 3 - Helical and Universal Couplers |
| D97D | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 4 - Hugger Coupling Bands |
| D97E | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 5 - Standard Joint |
| D97F | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 6 - Positive Joint |
| D97G | Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 7 - Positive Joints and Downdrains |
| H1 | Planting and Irrigation - Abbreviations |
| H2 | Planting and Irrigation - Symbols |
| H3 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| H4 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| H5 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| H6 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| H7 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| H8 | Planting and Irrigation Details |
| T1A | Temporary Crash Cushion, Sand Filled (Unidirectional) |
| T1B | Temporary Crash Cushion, Sand Filled (Bidirectional) |
| RSP T2 | Temporary Crash Cushion, Sand Filled (Shoulder Installations) |
| T3 | Temporary Railing (Type K) |
| T7 | Construction Project Funding Identification Signs |
| T10 | Traffic Control System for Lane Closure On Freeways and Expressways |
| T14 | Traffic Control System for Ramp Closure |
| RS4 | Roadside Signs, Typical Installation Details No. 4 |
| ES-1A | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Symbols and Abbreviations |
| ES-1B | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Symbols and Abbreviations |
| ES-2A | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Service Equipment |
| ES-2C | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Service Equipment Notes, Type III Series |
| ES-2E | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Service Equipment and Typical Wiring Diagram Type III-B Series |

| | |
|--------|---|
| ES-3A | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Controller Cabinet Details |
| ES-3C | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Controller Cabinet Details |
| ES-3H | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems – Irrigation Controller Enclosure Cabinet |
| ES-8 | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Pull Box Details |
| ES-13A | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Splicing Details |
| ES-13B | Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Wiring Details and Fuse Ratings |

Federal Project with DBE Goals (12-01-99)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACT NO. 05-462204

05-SB-101-75.5/R82.2

Sealed proposals for the work shown on the plans entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROJECT PLANS FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN SANTA BARBARA COUNTY NEAR GAVIOTA AT GAVIOTA SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA AND THE NOJOQUI SUMMIT TRUCK PARKING AREAS

will be received at the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, CA 95814, until 2 o'clock p.m. on June 5, 2001, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in Room 0100 at the same address.

Proposal forms for this work are included in a separate book entitled:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN SANTA BARBARA COUNTY NEAR GAVIOTA AT GAVIOTA SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA AND THE NOJOQUI SUMMIT TRUCK PARKING AREAS

General work description: Upgrade and repair Safety Roadside Rest Areas.

This project has a goal of 10 percent disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) participation.

No prebid meeting is scheduled for this project.

THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE "BUY AMERICA" PROVISIONS OF THE SURFACE TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1982 AS AMENDED BY THE INTERMODAL SURFACE TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY ACT OF 1991.

Bids are required for the entire work described herein.

At the time this contract is awarded, the Contractor shall possess either a Class A license or Class B license or a combination of Class C licenses which constitutes a majority of the work.

This contract is subject to state contract nondiscrimination and compliance requirements pursuant to Government Code, Section 12990.

Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms for bidding this project can only be obtained at the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, MS #26, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, Sacramento, California 95814, FAX No. (916) 654-7028, Telephone No. (916) 654-4490. Use FAX orders to expedite orders for project plans, special provisions and proposal forms. FAX orders must include credit card charge number, card expiration date and authorizing signature. Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen at the above Department of

Transportation office and at the offices of the District Directors of Transportation at Irvine, Oakland, and the district in which the work is situated. Standard Specifications and Standard Plans are available through the State of California, Department of Transportation, Publications Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, CA 95815, Telephone No. (916) 445-3520. Cross sections for this project are not available.

The successful bidder shall furnish a payment bond and a performance bond.

The Department of Transportation hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation.

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) provides a toll-free "hotline" service to report bid rigging activities. Bid rigging activities can be reported Mondays through Fridays, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., eastern time, Telephone No. 1-800-424-9071. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report these activities. The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

Pursuant to Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the general prevailing wage rates in the county, or counties, in which the work is to be done have been determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations. These wages are set forth in the General Prevailing Wage Rates for this project, available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated, and available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>. The Federal minimum wage rates for this project as predetermined by the United States Secretary of Labor are set forth in the books issued for bidding purposes entitled "Proposal and Contract," and in copies of this book that may be examined at the offices described above where project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen. Addenda to modify the Federal minimum wage rates, if necessary, will be issued to holders of "Proposal and Contract" books. Future effective general prevailing wage rates which have been predetermined and are on file with the California Department of Industrial Relations are referenced but not printed in the general prevailing wage rates.

Attention is directed to the Federal minimum wage rate requirements in the books entitled "Proposal and Contract." If there is a difference between the minimum wage rates predetermined by the Secretary of Labor and the general prevailing wage rates determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations for similar classifications of labor, the Contractor and subcontractors shall pay not less than the higher wage rate. The Department will not accept lower State wage rates not specifically included in the Federal minimum wage determinations. This includes "helper" (or other classifications based on hours of experience) or any other classification not appearing in the Federal wage determinations. Where Federal wage determinations do not contain the State wage rate determination otherwise available for use by the Contractor and subcontractors, the Contractor and subcontractors shall pay not less than the Federal minimum wage rate which most closely approximates the duties of the employees in question.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Deputy Director Transportation Engineering

Dated May 7, 2001

MCT

**COPY OF ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE
(NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING PURPOSES)**

05-462204

| Item | Item Code | Item | Unit of Measure | Estimated Quantity |
|------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 071322 | TEMPORARY FENCE (TYPE CL-1.8) | M | 270 |
| 2 | 120090 | CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 3 | 120100 | TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 4 | 120120 | TYPE III BARRICADE | EA | 6 |
| 5 | 120165 | CHANNELIZER (SURFACE MOUNTED) | EA | 13 |
| 6 | 129000 | TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) | M | 220 |
| 7 | 150711 | REMOVE PAINTED TRAFFIC STRIPE | M | 320 |
| 8 | 150715 | REMOVE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING | M2 | 30 |
| 9 | 150769 | REMOVE ASPHALT CONCRETE | M2 | 50 |
| 10 | 150771 | REMOVE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE | M | 210 |
| 11 | 021298 | REMOVE EXISTING FACILITIES | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 12 | 021299 | REMOVE PICNIC TABLES AND BENCHES | EA | 19 |
| 13 | 152039 | RELAY ENTRANCE TAPER | EA | 1 |
| 14 | 021300 | RELOCATE LANDMARK MONUMENT | EA | 1 |
| 15 | 153210 | REMOVE CONCRETE | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 16 | 194001 | DITCH EXCAVATION | M3 | 26 |
| 17 | 200001 | HIGHWAY PLANTING | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 18 | 021301 | EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (TYPE 1) | M2 | 150 |
| 19 | 021302 | EROSION CONTROL BLANKET (TYPE 2) | M2 | 110 |
| 20 | 203012 | EROSION CONTROL (DRILL SEED) | M2 | 1600 |

| Item | Item Code | Item | Unit of Measure | Estimated Quantity |
|------|-----------|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| 21 | 203014 | FIBER (EROSION CONTROL) | KG | 320 |
| 22 | 203045 | PURE LIVE SEED (EROSION CONTROL) | KG | 5 |
| 23 | 203056 | COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER (EROSION CONTROL) | KG | 32 |
| 24 | 203061 | STABILIZING EMULSION (EROSION CONTROL) | KG | 24 |
| 25 | 204017 | PLANT GROUP (W) | EA | 20 |
| 26 | 204098 | MAINTAIN EXISTING PLANTS | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 27 | 204099 | PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 28 | 208000 | IRRIGATION SYSTEM | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 29 | 260201 | CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE | M3 | 150 |
| 30 | 374002 | ASPHALTIC EMULSION (FOG SEAL COAT) | TONN | 2 |
| 31 | 021303 | DECOMPOSED GRANITE | M3 | 30 |
| 32 | 390103 | ASPHALT CONCRETE (TYPE B) | TONN | 26 |
| 33 | 394002 | PLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE (MISCELLANEOUS AREA) | M2 | 6 |
| 34 | 394040 | PLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE (TYPE A) | M | 90 |
| 35 | 394046 | PLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE (TYPE D) | M | 100 |
| 36 | 394049 | PLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE (TYPE F) | M | 50 |
| 37 | 021304 | PRECAST ACCESSIBLE PICNIC TABLE WITH BENCHES | EA | 13 |
| 38 | 021305 | PRECAST WASTE CONTAINER | EA | 12 |
| 39 | 021206 | PRECAST RECYCLING CONTAINER | EA | 4 |
| 40 | 021207 | PRECAST NEWSPAPER RACK HOLDER | EA | 4 |

| Item | Item Code | Item | Unit of Measure | Estimated Quantity |
|------|-----------|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| 41 | 021308 | PRECAST CURVED BENCH | EA | 3 |
| 42 | 021309 | PRECAST DRINKING FOUNTAIN | EA | 2 |
| 43 | 021310 | INTERPRETIVE DISPLAY WALL (NORTHBOUND) | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 44 | 021311 | SEAT WALL WITH TIMELINE (NORTHBOUND) | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 45 | 021312 | ENTRY SIGN WALL (NORTHBOUND) | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 46 | 021313 | ENTRY SIGN WALL (SOUTHBOUND) | LS | LUMP SUM |
| 47 | 021314 | SITE SIGN | EA | 6 |
| 48 | 566011 | ROADSIDE SIGN - ONE POST | EA | 2 |
| 49 | 568017 | INSTALL ROADSIDE SIGN PANEL ON EXISTING POST | EA | 2 |
| 50 | 664004 | 200 MM CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE (2.01 MM THICK) | M | 6 |
| 51 | 721009 | ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION (FACING, METHOD B) | M3 | 10 |
| 52 | 731509 | MINOR CONCRETE (CONCRETE MOW STRIP) | M | 120 |
| 53 | 021315 | MINOR CONCRETE (WALKWAYS) | M2 | 1420 |
| 54 | 800385 | CHAIN LINK FENCE (TYPE CL-1.2) | M | 70 |
| 55 | 021316 | CHAIN LINK FENCE (TYPE CL-1.8, VINYL SLATS) | M | 40 |
| 56 | 802181 | 1.2 M CHAIN LINK GATE (TYPE CL-1.2) | EA | 1 |
| 57 | 840656 | PAINT TRAFFIC STRIPE (2-COAT) | M | 760 |
| 58 | 842000 | PARKING BUMPER (PRECAST CONCRETE) | EA | 29 |
| 59 | 021317 | LIGHTING FIXTURE (AREA LIGHT) | EA | 10 |
| 60 | 021318 | LIGHTING FIXTURE (SPOTLIGHT) | EA | 2 |

| Item | Item Code | Item | Unit of Measure | Estimated Quantity |
|------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 61 | 021319 | LIGHTING FIXTURE (WALL MOUNTED) | EA | 2 |
| 62 | 994650 | BUILDING WORK | LS | LUMP SUM |

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Annexed to Contract No. 05-462204

SECTION 1. SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS

The work embraced herein shall conform to the provisions in the Standard Specifications dated July 1999, and the Standard Plans dated July 1999, of the Department of Transportation insofar as the same may apply, and these special provisions.

Amendments to the Standard Specifications set forth in these special provisions shall be considered as part of the Standard Specifications for the purposes set forth in Section 5-1.04, "Coordination and Interpretation of Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions," of the Standard Specifications. Whenever either the term "Standard Specifications is amended" or the term "Standard Specifications are amended" is used in the special provisions, the indented text or table following the term shall be considered an amendment to the Standard Specifications. In case of conflict between such amendments and the Standard Specifications, the amendments shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

In case of conflict between the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, the special provisions shall take precedence over and shall be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

SECTION 2. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

2-1.01 GENERAL

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions which the bidder must observe in the preparation of the Proposal form and the submission of the bid.

In addition to the subcontractors required to be listed in conformance with Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications, each proposal shall have listed therein the portion of work that will be performed by each subcontractor listed.

The Bidder's Bond form mentioned in the last paragraph in Section 2-1.07, "Proposal Guaranty," of the Standard Specifications will be found following the signature page of the Proposal.

Submit request for substitution of an "or equal" item, and the data substantiating the request to the Department of Transportation, Central Region Construction, P.O. Box 12616, Fresno, CA 93778, so that the request is received by the Department by close of business on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening.

In conformance with Public Contract Code Section 7106, a Noncollusion Affidavit is included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall also constitute signature of the Noncollusion Affidavit.

The contractor, sub recipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate. Each subcontract signed by the bidder must include this assurance.

2-1.015 FEDERAL LOBBYING RESTRICTIONS

Section 1352, Title 31, United States Code prohibits Federal funds from being expended by the recipient or any lower tier subrecipient of a Federal-aid contract to pay for any person for influencing or attempting to influence a Federal agency or Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal-aid contract, the making of any Federal grant or loan, or the entering into of any cooperative agreement.

If any funds other than Federal funds have been paid for the same purposes in connection with this Federal-aid contract, the recipient shall submit an executed certification and, if required, submit a completed disclosure form as part of the bid documents.

A certification for Federal-aid contracts regarding payment of funds to lobby Congress or a Federal agency is included in the Proposal. Standard Form - LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," with instructions for completion of the Standard Form is also included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall constitute signature of the Certification.

The above-referenced certification and disclosure of lobbying activities shall be included in each subcontract and any lower-tier contracts exceeding \$100,000. All disclosure forms, but not certifications, shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the Engineer.

The Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that requires disclosure or that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by the Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes:

- A. A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
- B. A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or,
- C. A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.

2-1.02 DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE)

This project is subject to Part 26, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs." The Regulations in their entirety are incorporated herein by this reference.

Bidders shall be fully informed respecting the requirements of the Regulations and the Department's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program developed pursuant to the Regulations; particular attention is directed to the following matters:

- A. A DBE must be a small business concern as defined pursuant to Section 3 of U.S. Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- B. A DBE may participate as a prime contractor, subcontractor, joint venture partner with a prime or subcontractor, vendor of material or supplies, or as a trucking company.
- C. A DBE bidder, not bidding as a joint venture with a non-DBE, will be required to document one or a combination of the following:
 - 1. The bidder will meet the goal by performing work with its own forces.
 - 2. The bidder will meet the goal through work performed by DBE subcontractors, suppliers or trucking companies.
 - 3. The bidder, prior to bidding, made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal.
- D. A DBE joint venture partner must be responsible for specific contract items of work, or portions thereof. Responsibility means actually performing, managing and supervising the work with its own forces. The DBE joint venture partner must share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks and profits of the joint venture. The DBE joint venturer must submit the joint venture agreement with the proposal or the DBE Information form required in the Section entitled "Submission of DBE Information" of these special provisions.
- E. A DBE must perform a commercially useful function, i.e., must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing and supervising the work.
- F. DBEs must be certified by either the California Department of Transportation, or by a participating State of California or local agency which certifies in conformance with Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, as of the date of bid opening. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify that DBEs are certified. Listings of DBEs certified by the Department are available from the following sources:

1. The Department's DBE Directory, which is published quarterly. This Directory may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Materiel Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.
2. The Department's Electronic Information Bulletin Board Service, which is accessible by modem and is updated weekly. The Bulletin Board may be accessed by first contacting the Department's Business Enterprise Program at Telephone: (916) 227-8937 and obtaining a user identification and password.
3. The Department's web site at <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/bep/index.htm>.
4. The organizations listed in the Section entitled "DBE Goal for this Project" of these special provisions.

G. Credit for materials or supplies purchased from DBEs will be as follows:

1. If the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer, 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies will count toward the DBE goal. A DBE manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
2. If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies will count toward the DBE goal. A DBE regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be a DBE regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A person may be a DBE regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating, or maintaining a place of business as provided in this paragraph G.2. if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis. Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not DBE regular dealers within the meaning of this paragraph G.2.
3. Credit for materials or supplies purchased from a DBE which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer will be limited to the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site, provided the fees are reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees charged for similar services.

H. Credit for DBE trucking companies will be as follows:

1. The DBE must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the DBE goal.
2. The DBE must itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
3. The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks its owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
4. The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
5. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. The DBE does not receive credit for the total value of the transportation services provided by the lessee, since these services are not provided by a DBE.
6. For the purposes of this paragraph H, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

- I. Noncompliance by the Contractor with the requirements of the regulations constitutes a breach of this contract and may result in termination of the contract or other appropriate remedy for a breach of this contract.
- J. Bidders are encouraged to use services offered by financial institutions owned and controlled by DBEs.

2-1.02A DBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT

The Department has established the following goal for Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) participation for this project:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE): 10 percent

Bidders may use the services of the following firms to contact interested DBEs. These firms are available to assist DBEs in preparing bids for subcontracting or supplying materials.

The following firms may be contacted for projects in the following locations:

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>Districts 04, 05 (except San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties), 06 (except Kern County) and 10:</p> <p>Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Oakland</p> <p>1545 Willow Street, 1st Floor Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone - (510) 286-1313 FAX No. - (510) 286-6792</p> | <p>Districts 08, 11 and 12:</p> <p>Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - San Diego 2725 Congress Street, Suite 1-D San Diego, CA 92110 Telephone - (619) 543-5109 FAX No. - (619) 543-5108</p> |
| <p>Districts 07 and 08; in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in District 05; and in Kern County in District 06:</p> <p>Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Los Angeles 2594 Industry Way, Suite 101 Lynwood, CA 90262 Telephone - (310) 537-6677 FAX No. - (310) 637-0128</p> | <p>Districts 01, 02, 03 and 09:</p> <p>Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Sacramento 930 Alhambra Blvd., #205 Sacramento, CA 95816 Telephone - (916) 553-4172 FAX No. - (916) 553-4173</p> |

2-1.02B SUBMISSION OF DBE INFORMATION

The required DBE information shall be submitted on the "CALTRANS BIDDER - DBE INFORMATION" form included in the Proposal. If the DBE information is not submitted with the bid, the DBE Information form shall be removed from the documents prior to submitting the bid.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make enough work available to DBEs and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBEs to meet the goal for DBE participation or to provide information to establish that, prior to bidding, the bidder made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

If DBE information is not submitted with the bid, the apparent successful bidder (low bidder), the second low bidder and the third low bidder shall submit DBE information to the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, California 95814 so the information is received by the Department no later than 4:00 p.m. on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening. DBE information sent by U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt and certificate of mailing and mailed on or before the third day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening will be accepted even if it is received after the fourth day following bid opening. Failure to submit the required DBE information by the time specified will be grounds for finding the bid or proposal nonresponsive. Other bidders need not submit DBE information unless requested to do so by the Department.

The bidder's DBE information shall establish that good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal have been made. To establish good faith efforts, the bidder shall demonstrate that the goal will be met or that, prior to bidding, adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal were made.

Bidders are cautioned that even though their submittal indicates they will meet the stated DBE goal, their submittal should also include their adequate good faith efforts information along with their DBE goal information to protect their eligibility for award of the contract in the event the Department, in its review, finds that the goal has not been met.

The bidder's DBE information shall include the names, addresses and phone numbers of DBE firms that will participate, with a complete description of work or supplies to be provided by each, the dollar value of each DBE transaction, and a written confirmation from the DBE that it is participating in the contract. A copy of the DBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DBE is participating in the contract. When 100 percent of a contract item of work is not to be

performed or furnished by a DBE, a description of the exact portion of that work to be performed or furnished by that DBE shall be included in the DBE information, including the planned location of that work. The work that a DBE prime contractor has committed to performing with its own forces as well as the work that it has committed to be performed by DBE subcontractors, suppliers and trucking companies will count toward the goal.

The information necessary to establish the bidder's adequate good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal should include:

- A. The names and dates of each publication in which a request for DBE participation for this project was placed by the bidder.
- B. The names and dates of written notices sent to certified DBEs soliciting bids for this project and the dates and methods used for following up initial solicitations to determine with certainty whether the DBEs were interested.
- C. The items of work which the bidder made available to DBE firms, including, where appropriate, any breaking down of the contract work items (including those items normally performed by the bidder with its own forces) into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation. It is the bidder's responsibility to demonstrate that sufficient work to meet the DBE goal was made available to DBE firms.
- D. The names, addresses and phone numbers of rejected DBE firms, the firms selected for that work, and the reasons for the bidder's choice.
- E. Efforts made to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit or insurance, and any technical assistance or information related to the plans, specifications and requirements for the work which was provided to DBEs.
- F. Efforts made to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services, excluding supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate.
- G. The names of agencies contacted to provide assistance in contacting, recruiting and using DBE firms.
- H. Any additional data to support a demonstration of good faith efforts.

SECTION 3. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions concerning award and execution of contract.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed and who has met the goal for DBE participation or has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so. Meeting the goal for DBE participation or demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so is a condition for being eligible for award of contract.

A "Payee Data Record" form will be included in the contract documents to be executed by the successful bidder. The purpose of the form is to facilitate the collection of taxpayer identification data. The form shall be completed and returned to the Department by the successful bidder with the executed contract and contract bonds. For the purposes of the form, payee shall be deemed to mean the successful bidder. The form is not to be completed for subcontractors or suppliers. Failure to complete and return the "Payee Data Record" form to the Department as provided herein will result in the retention of 31 percent of payments due the contractor and penalties of up to \$20,000. This retention of payments for failure to complete the "Payee Data Record" form is in addition to any other retention of payments due the Contractor.

SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," and 20-4.08, "Plant Establishment Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

The work (except plant establishment work) shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of **250 WORKING DAYS** beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$ 250 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work (except plant establishment work) in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

The Contractor shall diligently prosecute all work (including plant establishment) to completion before the expiration of **310 WORKING DAYS** beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$250 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in completing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

In no case will liquidated damages of more than \$ 250 per day be assessed.

SECTION 5. GENERAL

SECTION 5-1. MISCELLANEOUS

5-1.01 PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS

When the specifications require working drawings to be submitted to the Division of Structure Design, the drawings shall be submitted to: Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816, Telephone 916 227-8252.

5-1.011 EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, CONTRACT, AND SITE OF WORK

The second paragraph of Section 2-1.03, "Examination of Plans, Specifications, Contract, and Site of Work," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Where the Department has made investigations of site conditions, including subsurface conditions in areas where work is to be performed under the contract, or in other areas, some of which may constitute possible local material sources, bidders or Contractors may, upon written request, inspect the records of the Department as to those investigations subject to and upon the conditions hereinafter set forth.

Attention is directed to "Differing Site Conditions" of these special provisions regarding physical conditions at the site which may differ from those indicated in "Materials Information," log of test borings or other geotechnical information obtained by the Department's investigation of site conditions.

5-1.012 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.116, "Differing Site Conditions," of the Standard Specifications.

During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the "Materials Information," log of test borings, other geotechnical data obtained by the Department's investigation of subsurface conditions, or an examination of the conditions above ground at the site, the party discovering those conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

The Contractor will be allowed 15 days from the notification of the Engineer's determination of whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted, in which to file a notice of potential claim in conformance with the provisions of Section 9-1.04, "Notice of Potential Claim," of the Standard Specifications and as specified herein; otherwise the decision of the Engineer shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor as correct. The notice of potential claim shall set forth in what respects the Contractor's position differs from the Engineer's determination and provide any additional information obtained by the Contractor, including but not limited to additional geotechnical data. The notice of potential claim shall be accompanied by the Contractor's certification that the following were made in preparation of the bid: a review of the contract, a review of the "Materials Information," a review of the log of test borings and other records of geotechnical data to the extent they were made available to bidders prior to the opening of bids, and an examination of the conditions above ground at the site. Supplementary information, obtained by the Contractor subsequent to the filing of the notice of potential claim, shall be submitted to the Engineer in an expeditious manner.

5-1.015 LABORATORY

When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations of the Department of Transportation, or established laboratories of the various Districts of the Department, or other laboratories authorized by the Department to test materials and work involved in the contract. When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Transportation Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95819, Telephone (916) 227-7000.

5-1.017 CONTRACT BONDS

Attention is directed to Section 3-1.02, "Contract Bonds," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The payment bond shall be in a sum not less than one hundred percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract.

5-1.018 EXCAVATION SAFETY PLANS

Section 5-1.02A, "Trench Excavation Safety Plans," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

5-1.02A Excavation Safety Plans

- The Construction Safety Orders of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health shall apply to all excavations. For all excavations 1.5 m or more in depth, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a detailed plan showing the design and details of the protective systems to be provided for worker protection from the hazard of caving ground during excavation. The detailed plan shall include any tabulated data and any design calculations used in the preparation of the plan. Excavation shall not begin until the detailed plan has been reviewed and approved by the Engineer.
- Detailed plans of protective systems for which the Construction Safety Orders require design by a registered professional engineer shall be prepared and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil Engineer in the State of California, and shall include the soil classification, soil properties, soil design calculations that demonstrate adequate stability of the protective system, and any other design calculations used in the preparation of the plan.
- No plan shall allow the use of a protective system less effective than that required by the Construction Safety Orders.
- If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed only from the allowable configurations and slopes, or Appendices, contained in the Construction Safety Orders, the plan shall be submitted at least 5 days before the Contractor intends to begin excavation. If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed from tabulated data, or designs for which design by a registered professional engineer is required, the plan shall be submitted at least 3 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation.
- Attention is directed to Section 7-1.01E, "Trench Safety."

The third paragraph of Section 19-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- In addition to the provisions in Sections 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," and 5-1.02A, "Excavation Safety Plans," detailed plans of the protective systems for excavations on or affecting railroad property will be reviewed for adequacy of protection provided for railroad facilities, property, and traffic. These plans shall be submitted at least 9 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation requiring the protective systems. Approval by the Engineer of the detailed plans for the protective systems will be contingent upon the plans being satisfactory to the railroad company involved.

5-1.019 COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.14, "Cost Reduction Incentive," of the Standard Specifications.

Prior to preparing a cost reduction proposal, the Contractor shall request a meeting with the Engineer to discuss the proposal in concept and to determine the merit of the cost reduction proposal. Items of discussion will also include permit issues, impact on other projects, impact on the project schedule, peer reviews, and review times required by the Department and other agencies.

5-1.02 LABOR NONDISCRIMINATION

Attention is directed to the following Notice that is required by Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2, California Code of Regulations.

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR NONDISCRIMINATION PROGRAM

(GOV. CODE, SECTION 12990)

Your attention is called to the "Nondiscrimination Clause", set forth in Section 7-1.01A(4), "Labor Nondiscrimination," of the Standard Specifications, which is applicable to all nonexempt State contracts and subcontracts, and to the "Standard California Nondiscrimination Construction Contract Specifications" set forth therein. The specifications are applicable to all nonexempt State construction contracts and subcontracts of \$5000 or more.

5-1.03 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS

Interest shall be payable on progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, extra work payments, and claim payments as follows:

- A. Unpaid progress payments, payment after acceptance, and final payments shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after the Engineer prepares the payment estimate.
- B. Unpaid extra work bills shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after preparation of the first pay estimate following receipt of a properly submitted and undisputed extra work bill. To be properly submitted, the bill must be submitted within 7 days of the performance of the extra work and in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03C, "Records," and Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications. An undisputed extra work bill not submitted within 7 days of performance of the extra work will begin to accrue interest 30 days after the preparation of the second pay estimate following submittal of the bill.
- C. The rate of interest payable for unpaid progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, and extra work payments shall be 10 percent per annum.
- D. The rate of interest payable on a claim, protest or dispute ultimately allowed under this contract shall be 6 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue 61 days after the Contractor submits to the Engineer information in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of said claim, protest or dispute.

The rate of interest payable on any award in arbitration shall be 6 percent per annum if allowed under the provisions of Civil Code Section 3289.

5-1.031 FINAL PAYMENT AND CLAIMS

Attention is directed to Section 9-1.07B, "Final Payment and Claims," of the Standard Specifications.

If the Contractor files a timely written statement of claims in response to the proposed final estimate, the District that administers the contract will submit a claim position letter to the Contractor by hand delivery or deposit in the U.S. mail within 135 days of acceptance of the contract. The claim position letter will delineate the District's position on the Contractor's claims. If the Contractor disagrees with the claim position letter, the Contractor shall submit a written notification of its disagreement to be received by the District not later than 15 days after the Contractor's receipt of the claim position letter. The written notification of disagreement shall set forth the basis for the Contractor's disagreement and be submitted to the office designated in the claim position letter. The Contractor's failure to provide a timely, written notification of disagreement shall constitute the Contractor's acceptance and agreement with the determinations provided in the claim position letter and with final payment pursuant to the claim position letter.

If the Contractor files a timely notification of disagreement with the District claim position letter, the board of review designated by the District Director to review claims that remain in dispute will meet with the Contractor within 45 days after receipt by the District of the notification of disagreement. Attendance by the Contractor at the board of review meeting shall be mandatory.

If the District fails to submit a claim position letter to the Contractor within 135 days after the acceptance of the contract and the Contractor has claims that remain in dispute, the Contractor may request a meeting with the board of review designated by the District Director to review claims that remain in dispute. The Contractor's request for a meeting shall identify the claims that remain in dispute. If the Contractor files a request for a meeting, the board of review will meet with the Contractor within 45 days after the District receives the request for the meeting. Attendance by the Contractor at the District Director's board of review meeting shall be mandatory.

Failure of the Contractor to file a timely written statement of claims in response to the proposed final estimate, or to file a timely notification of disagreement with the District claim position letter, or to attend the District Director's board of review meeting shall constitute a failure to pursue diligently and exhaust the administrative procedures in the contract and shall be a bar to arbitration in conformance with the requirements in Section 10240.2 of the California Public Contract Code.

5-1.04 PUBLIC SAFETY

The Contractor shall provide for the safety of traffic and the public in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall install temporary railing (Type K) between a lane open to public traffic and an excavation, obstacle or storage area when the following conditions exist:

- A. Excavations.—The near edge of the excavation is 3.6 m or less from the edge of the lane, except:
 1. Excavations covered with sheet steel or concrete covers of adequate thickness to prevent accidental entry by traffic or the public.
 2. Excavations less than 0.3-m deep.

3. Trenches less than 0.3-m wide for irrigation pipe or electrical conduit, or excavations less than 0.3-m in diameter.
 4. Excavations parallel to the lane for the purpose of pavement widening or reconstruction.
 5. Excavations in side slopes, where the slope is steeper than 1:4 (vertical:horizontal).
 6. Excavations protected by existing barrier or railing.
- B. Temporarily Unprotected Permanent Obstacles.—The work includes the installation of a fixed obstacle together with a protective system, such as a sign structure together with protective railing, and the Contractor elects to install the obstacle prior to installing the protective system; or the Contractor, for the Contractor's convenience and with permission of the Engineer, removes a portion of an existing protective railing at an obstacle and does not replace such railing complete in place during the same day.
- C. Storage Areas.—Material or equipment is stored within 3.6 m of the lane and the storage is not otherwise prohibited by the provisions of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The approach end of temporary railing (Type K), installed in conformance with the provisions in this section "Public Safety" and in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications, shall be offset a minimum of 4.6 m from the edge of the traffic lane open to public traffic. The temporary railing shall be installed on a skew toward the edge of the traffic lane of not more than 0.3-m transversely to 3 m longitudinally with respect to the edge of the traffic lane. If the 4.6-m minimum offset cannot be achieved, the temporary railing shall be installed on the 10 to 1 skew to obtain the maximum available offset between the approach end of the railing and the edge of the traffic lane, and an array of temporary crash cushion modules shall be installed at the approach end of the temporary railing.

Temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.08, "Temporary Railing (Type K)," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary railing (Type K), conforming to the details shown on 1999 Standard Plan T3, may be used. Temporary railing (Type K) fabricated prior to January 1, 1993, and conforming to 1988 Standard Plan B11-30 may be used, provided the fabrication date is printed on the required Certificate of Compliance.

Temporary crash cushion modules shall conform to the provisions in "Temporary Crash Cushion Module" of these special provisions.

Except for installing, maintaining and removing traffic control devices, whenever work is performed or equipment is operated in the following work areas, the Contractor shall close the adjacent traffic lane unless otherwise provided in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions:

| Approach Speed of Public Traffic (Posted Limit) (Kilometers Per Hour) | Work Areas |
|--|--|
| Over 72 (45 Miles Per Hour) | Within 1.8 m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane |
| 56 to 72 (35 to 45 Miles Per Hour) | Within 0.9-m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane |

The lane closure provisions of this section shall not apply if the work area is protected by permanent or temporary railing or barrier.

When traffic cones or delineators are used to delineate a temporary edge of a traffic lane, the line of cones or delineators shall be considered to be the edge of the traffic lane, however, the Contractor shall not reduce the width of an existing lane to less than 3 m without written approval from the Engineer.

When work is not in progress on a trench or other excavation that required closure of an adjacent lane, the traffic cones or portable delineators used for the lane closure shall be placed off of and adjacent to the edge of the traveled way. The spacing of the cones or delineators shall be not more than the spacing used for the lane closure.

Suspended loads or equipment shall not be moved nor positioned over public traffic or pedestrians.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section "Public Safety," including furnishing and installing temporary railing (Type K) and temporary crash cushion modules, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.05 SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT

Attention is directed to the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975, commencing in Public Resources Code, Mining and Geology, Section 2710, which establishes regulations pertinent to surface mining operations, and to California Public Contract Code Section 10295.5.

Material from mining operations furnished for this project shall only come from permitted sites in compliance with California Public Contract Code Section 10295.5.

The requirements of this section shall apply to materials furnished for the project, except for acquisition of materials in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.05, "Use of Materials Found on the Work," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.06 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe. The Contractor shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In conformance with Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If delay of work in the area delays the current controlling operation, the delay will be considered a right of way delay and the Contractor will be compensated for the delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

5-1.07 YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to Year 2000 Compliance for automated devices in the State of California.

Year 2000 compliance for automated devices in the State of California is achieved when embedded functions have or create no logical or mathematical inconsistencies when dealing with dates prior to and beyond 1999. The year 2000 is recognized and processed as a leap year. The product shall operate accurately in the manner in which the product was intended for date operation without requiring manual intervention.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for all automated devices furnished for the project.

5-1.075 BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS

Attention is directed to the "Buy America" requirements of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 (Section 165) and the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) Sections 1041(a) and 1048(a), and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. In conformance with the law and regulations, all manufacturing processes for steel and iron materials furnished for incorporation into the work on this project shall occur in the United States; with the exception that pig iron and processed, pelletized and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the United States may be used in the domestic manufacturing process for such steel and iron materials. The application of coatings, such as epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting, and other coatings that protect or enhance the value of steel or iron materials shall be considered a manufacturing process subject to the "Buy America" requirements.

A Certificate of Compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications shall be furnished for steel and iron materials. The certificates, in addition to certifying that the materials comply with the specifications, shall specifically certify that all manufacturing processes for the materials occurred in the United States, except for the above exceptions.

The requirements imposed by the law and regulations do not prevent a minimal use of foreign steel and iron materials if the total combined cost of the materials used does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or \$2500, whichever is greater. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer acceptable documentation of the quantity and value of the foreign steel and iron prior to incorporating the materials into the work.

5-1.08 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE RECORDS

The Contractor shall maintain records showing the name and business address of each first-tier subcontractor. The records shall also show the name and business address of every DBE subcontractor, DBE vendor of materials and DBE trucking company, regardless of tier. The records shall show the date of payment and the total dollar figure paid to all of these firms. DBE prime contractors shall also show the date of work performed by their own forces along with the corresponding dollar value of the work.

Upon completion of the contract, a summary of these records shall be prepared on Form CEM-2402 (F) and certified correct by the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative, and shall be furnished to the Engineer. The form shall be furnished to the Engineer within 90 days from the date of contract acceptance. \$10,000 will be withheld from payment until the Form CEM-2402 (F) is submitted. The amount will be returned to the Contractor when a satisfactory Form CEM-2402 (F) is submitted.

Prior to the fifteenth of each month, the Contractor shall submit documentation to the Engineer showing the amount paid to DBE trucking companies listed in the Contractor's DBE information. This monthly documentation shall indicate the portion of the revenue paid to DBE trucking companies which is claimed toward DBE participation. The Contractor shall also obtain and submit documentation to the Engineer showing the amount paid by DBE trucking companies to all firms, including owner-operators, for the leasing of trucks. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. The records must confirm that the amount of credit

claimed toward DBE participation conforms with Section 2-1.02, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise," of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall also obtain and submit documentation to the Engineer showing the truck number, owner's name, California Highway Patrol CA number, and if applicable, the DBE certification number of the owner of the truck for all trucks used during that month for which DBE participation will be claimed. This documentation shall be submitted on Form CEM-2404 (F).

5-1.083 DBE CERTIFICATION STATUS

If a DBE subcontractor is decertified during the life of the project, the decertified subcontractor shall notify the Contractor in writing with the date of decertification. If a subcontractor becomes a certified DBE during the life of the project, the subcontractor shall notify the Contractor in writing with the date of certification. The Contractor shall furnish the written documentation to the Engineer.

Upon completion of the contract, Form CEM-2403 (F) indicating the DBE's existing certification status shall be signed and certified correct by the Contractor. The certified form shall be furnished to the Engineer within 90 days from the date of contract acceptance.

5-1.086 PERFORMANCE OF DBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

The DBEs listed by the Contractor in response to the provisions in Section 2-1.02B, "Submission of DBE Information," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions, which are determined by the Department to be certified DBEs, shall perform the work and supply the materials for which they are listed, unless the Contractor has received prior written authorization to perform the work with other forces or to obtain the materials from other sources.

Authorization to use other forces or sources of materials may be requested for the following reasons:

- A. The listed DBE, after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so, fails or refuses to execute a written contract, when such written contract, based upon the general terms, conditions, plans and specifications for the project, or on the terms of such subcontractor's or supplier's written bid, is presented by the Contractor.
- B. The listed DBE becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- C. The listed DBE fails or refuses to perform the subcontract or furnish the listed materials.
- D. The Contractor stipulated that a bond was a condition of executing a subcontract and the listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the bond requirements of the Contractor.
- E. The work performed by the listed subcontractor is substantially unsatisfactory and is not in substantial conformance with the plans and specifications, or the subcontractor is substantially delaying or disrupting the progress of the work.
- F. It would be in the best interest of the State.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for such work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE or by other forces (including those of the Contractor) pursuant to prior written authorization of the Engineer.

5-1.09 SUBCONTRACTING

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications, and Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1777.1 of the Labor Code, the Labor Commissioner publishes and distributes a list of contractors ineligible to perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project. This list of debarred contractors is available from the Department of Industrial Relations web site at:

<http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/Debar.html>.

The third paragraph of Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

The requirement in Section 14, "FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS," in these special provisions requiring the Contractor to perform 30 percent of the work with their own forces shall not apply.

Each subcontract and any lower tier subcontract that may in turn be made shall include the "Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contracts" in Section 14 of these special provisions. This requirement shall be enforced as follows:

- A. Noncompliance shall be corrected. Payment for subcontracted work involved will be withheld from progress payments due, or to become due, until correction is made. Failure to comply may result in termination of the contract.

In conformance with the Federal DBE regulations Sections 26.53(f)(1) and 26.53(f)(2) Part 26, Title 49 CFR:

- A. The Contractor shall not terminate for convenience a DBE subcontractor listed in response to Section 2-1.02B, "Submission of DBE Information," and then perform that work with its own forces, or those of an affiliate without the written consent of the Department, and
- B. If a DBE subcontractor is terminated or fails to complete its work for any reason, the Contractor will be required to make good faith efforts to substitute another DBE subcontractor for the original DBE subcontractor, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal.

The requirement in Section 2-1.02, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)," of these special provisions that DBEs must be certified on the date bids are opened does not apply to DBE substitutions after award of the contract.

5-1.10 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code and Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code concerning prompt payment to subcontractors.

5-1.102 PROMPT PAYMENT OF WITHHELD FUNDS TO SUBCONTRACTORS

The Contractor shall return all moneys withheld in retention from the subcontractor within 30 days after receiving payment for work satisfactorily completed, even if the other contract work is not completed and has not been accepted in conformance with Section 7-1.17, "Acceptance of Contract," of the Standard Specifications. This requirement shall not be construed to limit or impair any contractual, administrative, or judicial remedies otherwise available to the Contractor or subcontractor in the event of a dispute involving late payment or nonpayment by the Contractor or deficient subcontract performance or noncompliance by a subcontractor.

5-1.11 PARTNERING

The State will promote the formation of a "Partnering" relationship with the Contractor in order to effectively complete the contract to the benefit of both parties. The purpose of this relationship is to maintain a cooperative communication and to mutually resolve conflicts at the lowest responsible management level.

The Contractor may request the formation of a "Partnering" relationship by submitting a request in writing to the Engineer after approval of the contract. If the Contractor's request for "Partnering" is approved by the Engineer, scheduling of a "Partnering Workshop," selecting the "Partnering" facilitator and workshop site, and other administrative details shall be as agreed to by both parties. If agreed to by the parties, additional "Partnering Workshops" will be conducted as needed throughout the life of the contract.

The costs involved in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site will be borne equally by the State and the Contractor. The division of cost will be made by determining the cost in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03B, "Work Performed by Special Forces or Other Special Services," of the Standard Specifications, and paying to the Contractor one-half of that cost, except no markups will be allowed.

All other costs associated with "Partnering Workshops" will be borne separately by the party incurring the costs, such as wages and travel expenses, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The establishment of a "Partnering" relationship will not change or modify the terms and conditions of the contract and will not relieve either party of the legal requirements of the contract.

5-1.12 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 7-1.19, "Rights in Land and Improvements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The highway right of way shall be used only for purposes that are necessary to perform the required work. The Contractor shall not occupy the right of way, or allow others to occupy the right of way, for purposes which are not necessary to perform the required work.

The Contractor shall remove equipment, materials, and rubbish from the work areas and other State-owned property which the Contractor occupies. The Contractor shall leave the areas in a presentable condition in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.02, "Final Cleaning Up," of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall secure, at the Contractor's own expense, areas required for plant sites, storage of equipment or materials or for other purposes, if sufficient area is not available to the Contractor within the contract limits, or at the sites outside the contract limits.

5-1.13 SWALLOW REQUIREMENTS

It is anticipated that swallows may try to nest at the Gaviota Safety Roadside Rest Area between February 15 and September 1. Prior to February 15, existing nests shall be removed or exclusionary devices such as netting installed. After February 15, partially built nests shall be removed on a daily basis or exclusionary devices such as netting used. If new nests are built or existing nests become occupied, no work that would interfere with or discourage swallows from returning to their nests will be permitted.

The state will take preventive measures prior to start of construction to prevent swallows from nesting on these structures until 15 days after contract approval.

Federal and State laws protect migratory birds, their occupied nests, and their eggs. The applicable Federal laws is the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 USC 703-711), 50 CFR Part 21 and 50 CFR Part 10. Protection under California Laws is found in the Fish and Game Code Sections 3503, 3513, and 3800. These sections prohibit construction activities which affect migratory birds, their occupied nests, and their eggs.

The Contractor shall prevent swallow nesting on these structures while work is actively in progress. Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of these special provisions shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.14 PAYMENTS

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," and 9-1.07, "Payment After Acceptance," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

In determining the partial payments to be made to the Contractor, only the following listed materials will be considered for inclusion in the payment as materials furnished but not incorporated in the work:

- A. Fences and Gates
- B. Exterior Light Fixtures
- C. Pipe

5-1.15 HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

The first paragraph of Section 7-1.01D, "Vehicle Code," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Pursuant to the authority contained in Section 591 of the Vehicle Code, the Department has determined that, within such areas as are within the limits of the project and are open to public traffic, the following requirements of the Vehicle Code will apply: the lighting requirements in Section 25803; the brake requirements in Chapter 3, Division 12; the splash apron requirements in Section 27600; and, when operated on completed or existing treated base, surfacing, pavement or structures, except as otherwise provided in Section 7-1.02, "Load Limitations," of the Standard Specifications, the weight limitation requirements contained in Division 15.

5-1.16 STATE PARK REGULATIONS

The leach field area south of the northbound roadside rest area is within a Caltrans easement located within the limits of Gaviota State Park. The work shall be performed in conformance with State laws and with the regulations of the Department of Parks and Recreation governing preservation of natural features of parks and improvements therein.

Trees and other natural features within the park area shall be protected and safeguarded.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

5-1.17 FIRE PLAN

The Contractor shall cooperate with local fire prevention authorities in eliminating hazardous fire conditions and shall implement the following fire plan under the direction of the Engineer:

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for:
1. obtaining the phone number of the nearest fire suppression agency and providing this phone number to the Engineer as a first order of work,
 2. immediately reporting to the nearest fire suppression agency fires occurring within the limits of the project,
 3. preventing project personnel from setting open fires not part of the work, unless the Engineer determines that the fire hazard is negligible,
 4. preventing the escape of fires caused directly or indirectly as a result of project operations and extinguishing these fires.
- B. Except for motor trucks, truck tractors, buses and passenger vehicles, the Contractor shall equip all hydro-carbon fueled engines, both stationary and mobile, including motorcycles, with spark arresters that meet United States Forest Service Standards as specified in the Forest Service Spark Arrester Guide and shall maintain the spark arresters in good operating condition. Spark arresters are not required by the State Department of Forestry or the United States Forest Service on equipment powered by properly maintained exhaust-driven turbo-charged engines or when equipped with scrubbers with properly maintained water levels. The Forest Service Spark Arrester Guide is available at the District Offices of the Department of Transportation.
- C. Toilets shall have a metal receptacle, at least 150 mm in diameter by 200 mm deep, half-filled with sand for ashes and discarded smokes, and within easy reach of anyone utilizing the facility.
- D. Equipment service areas, parking areas and gas and oil storage areas shall be located so that there is no flammable material within a radius of at least 15 m of these areas. Small mobile or stationary engine sites shall be cleared of flammable material for a radius of at least 4.6 m from the engine.
- E. The Contractor shall furnish each piece of equipment with the following:
1. one shovel and one fully charged fire extinguisher UL rated at 4 B:C or more on each truck, personnel vehicle tractor, grader or other heavy equipment,
 2. one shovel and one back-pack 20-L water-filled tank with pump for each welder,
 3. one shovel or one chemical pressurized fire extinguisher, fully charged, for each gasoline-powered tool, including but not limited to chain saws, soil augers, rock drills, etc. The required fire tools shall, at no time, be farther than 8 m from the point of operation of the power tool. Fire extinguishers shall be of the type and size required by the California Public Resource Code, Section 4431, and the California Administrative Code, Title 14, Section 1234,
 4. shovels shall be size "O" or larger and shall be not less than 1.2 m in length.
- F. The Contractor shall furnish a pickup truck and driver that will be available for fire control during working hours and as specified herein.
1. The truck shall be equipped with 2 shovels, and 2 back-pack 20-L water-filled tanks with pumps, or other fire tools substituted on a one to one basis at the option of the Contractor and approved by the Engineer.
 2. In addition to being available at the site of the work, the truck and operator shall patrol the area of construction for not less than one-half hour after the shutdown of the work.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions herein shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work and no separate payment will be made therefor.

5-1.18 COOPERATION

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.14, "Cooperation," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Work by the telephone company to remove and install telephone enclosures and telephones, will be preformed during the contract work.

5-1.19 OBSTRUCTIONS

Attention is directed to Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," and Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the existence of certain underground facilities that may require special precautions be taken by the Contractor to protect the health, safety and welfare of workers and of the public. Facilities requiring special precautions include, but are not limited to: conductors of petroleum products, oxygen, chlorine, and toxic or flammable gases; natural gas in pipelines greater than 150 mm in diameter or pipelines operating at pressures greater than 415 kPa (gage); underground

electric supply system conductors or cables, with potential to ground of more than 300 V, either directly buried or in a duct or conduit which do not have concentric grounded or other effectively grounded metal shields or sheaths.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 5 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to performing any excavation or other work close to any underground pipeline, conduit, duct, wire or other structure. Regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

| Notification Center | Telephone Number |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Underground Service Alert-Northern California (USA) | 1-800-642-2444 1-800-227-2600 |
| Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA) | 1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600 |
| South Shore Utility Coordinating Council (DIGS) | 1(800)541-3447 |
| Western Utilities Underground Alert, Inc. | 1(800)424-3447 |

5-1.20 NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR 800, and Federal Highway Administration Policy, if buried cultural materials are encountered during construction, all work shall stop in the area of the find until a qualified archaeologist can evaluate the nature and significance of the materials. If human remains are exposed during project activities, State of California Health and Safety code 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has been notified and has made the necessary findings as to the origin and disposition pursuant to the California Public Resources Code section 5097.98.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's operations are delayed or interfered with by reason of the discovery of human remains or cultural resources, the State will compensate the Contractor for such delays to the extent provided in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for conforming to the above requirements shall be as included in the contract prices paid for the various contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

SECTION 6. (BLANK)

SECTION 7. (BLANK)

SECTION 8. MATERIALS

SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS

8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the United States Standard Measures which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following provisions:

- A. Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.
- B. Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use, the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish necessary information as required by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision will be final.

- C. When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, the list of sources of material specified in Section 6-1.01, "Source of Supply and Quality of Materials," of the Standard Specification shall include a list of substitutions to be made and contract items involved. In addition, for a change in design or details, the Contractor shall submit plans and working drawings in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications. The plans and working drawings shall be submitted at least 7 days before the Contractor intends to begin the work involved.

Unless otherwise specified, the following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS
ASTM Designation: A 325M

| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch | SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch |
|---|--------------------------------|
| M16 x 2 | 5/8 |
| M20 x 2.5 | 3/4 |
| M22 x 2.5 | 7/8 |
| M24 x 3 | 1 |
| M27 x 3 | 1-1/8 |
| M30 x 3.5 | 1-1/4 |
| M36 x 4 | 1-1/2 |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT
ASTM Designation: A 82

| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS ² mm | SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED ² inch x 100 |
|--|--|
| MW9 | W1.4 |
| MW10 | W1.6 |
| MW13 | W2.0 |
| MW15 | W2.3 |
| MW19 | W2.9 |
| MW20 | W3.1 |
| MW22 | W3.5 |
| MW25 | W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only |
| MW26 | W4.0 |
| MW30 | W4.7 |
| MW32 | W5.0 |
| MW35 | W5.4 |
| MW40 | W6.2 |
| MW45 | W6.5 |
| MW50 | W7.8 |
| MW55 | W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only |
| MW60 | W9.3 |
| MW70 | W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only |
| MW80 | W12.4 |
| MW90 | W14.0 |
| MW100 | W15.5 |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR BAR REINFORCEMENT

| METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER ¹ SHOWN ON THE PLANS | BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER ² TO BE SUBSTITUTED |
|--|--|
| 13 | 4 |
| 16 | 5 |
| 19 | 6 |
| 22 | 7 |
| 25 | 8 |
| 29 | 9 |
| 32 | 10 |
| 36 | 11 |
| 43 | 14 |
| 57 | 18 |

¹Bar designation numbers approximate the number of millimeters of the nominal diameter of the bars.

²Bar numbers are based on the number of eighths of an inch included in the nominal diameter of the bars.

No adjustment will be required in spacing or total number of reinforcing bars due to a difference in minimum yield strength between metric and non-metric bars.

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF:

(1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS (ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55), and

(2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS (ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449)

| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 6 or 6.35 | 1/4 |
| 8 or 7.94 | 5/16 |
| 10 or 9.52 | 3/8 |
| 11 or 11.11 | 7/16 |
| 13 or 12.70 | 1/2 |
| 14 or 14.29 | 9/16 |
| 16 or 15.88 | 5/8 |
| 19 or 19.05 | 3/4 |
| 22 or 22.22 | 7/8 |
| 24, 25, or 25.40 | 1 |
| 29 or 28.58 | 1-1/8 |
| 32 or 31.75 | 1-1/4 |
| 35 or 34.93 | 1-3/8 |
| 38 or 38.10 | 1-1/2 |
| 44 or 44.45 | 1-3/4 |
| 51 or 50.80 | 2 |
| 57 or 57.15 | 2-1/4 |
| 64 or 63.50 | 2-1/2 |
| 70 or 69.85 | 2-3/4 |
| 76 or 76.20 | 3 |
| 83 or 82.55 | 3-1/4 |
| 89 or 88.90 | 3-1/2 |
| 95 or 95.25 | 3-3/4 |
| 102 or 101.60 | 4 |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL

| UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS | | HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED SHEETS (GALVANIZED) | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | GAGE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch | METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | GAGE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch |
| 7.94 | 0.3125 | 4.270 | 0.1681 |
| 6.07 | 0.2391 | 3.891 | 0.1532 |
| 5.69 | 0.2242 | 3.510 | 0.1382 |
| 5.31 | 0.2092 | 3.132 | 0.1233 |
| 4.94 | 0.1943 | 2.753 | 0.1084 |
| 4.55 | 0.1793 | 2.372 | 0.0934 |
| 4.18 | 0.1644 | 1.994 | 0.0785 |
| 3.80 | 0.1495 | 1.803 | 0.0710 |
| 3.42 | 0.1345 | 1.613 | 0.0635 |
| 3.04 | 0.1196 | 1.461 | 0.0575 |
| 2.66 | 0.1046 | 1.311 | 0.0516 |
| 2.28 | 0.0897 | 1.158 | 0.0456 |
| 1.90 | 0.0747 | 1.006 or 1.016 | 0.0396 |
| 1.71 | 0.0673 | 0.930 | 0.0366 |
| 1.52 | 0.0598 | 0.853 | 0.0336 |
| 1.37 | 0.0538 | 0.777 | 0.0306 |
| 1.21 | 0.0478 | 0.701 | 0.0276 |
| 1.06 | 0.0418 | 0.627 | 0.0247 |
| 0.91 | 0.0359 | 0.551 | 0.0217 |
| 0.84 | 0.0329 | 0.513 | 0.0202 |
| 0.76 | 0.0299 | 0.475 | 0.0187 |
| 0.68 | 0.0269 | ----- | ----- |
| 0.61 | 0.0239 | ----- | ----- |
| 0.53 | 0.0209 | ----- | ----- |
| 0.45 | 0.0179 | ----- | ----- |
| 0.42 | 0.0164 | ----- | ----- |
| 0.38 | 0.0149 | ----- | ----- |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WIRE

| METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | WIRE THICKNESS TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch | GAGE NO. |
|--|---|----------|
| 6.20 | 0.244 | 3 |
| 5.72 | 0.225 | 4 |
| 5.26 | 0.207 | 5 |
| 4.88 | 0.192 | 6 |
| 4.50 | 0.177 | 7 |
| 4.11 | 0.162 | 8 |
| 3.76 | 0.148 | 9 |
| 3.43 | 0.135 | 10 |
| 3.05 | 0.120 | 11 |
| 2.69 | 0.106 | 12 |
| 2.34 | 0.092 | 13 |
| 2.03 | 0.080 | 14 |
| 1.83 | 0.072 | 15 |
| 1.57 | 0.062 | 16 |
| 1.37 | 0.054 | 17 |
| 1.22 | 0.048 | 18 |
| 1.04 | 0.041 | 19 |
| 0.89 | 0.035 | 20 |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PIPE PILES

| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm | SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch x inch |
|--|--|
| PP 360 x 4.55 | NPS 14 x 0.179 |
| PP 360 x 6.35 | NPS 14 x 0.250 |
| PP 360 x 9.53 | NPS 14 x 0.375 |
| PP 360 x 11.12 | NPS 14 x 0.438 |
| PP 406 x 12.70 | NPS 16 x 0.500 |
| PP 460 x T | NPS 18 x T" |
| PP 508 x T | NPS 20 x T" |
| PP 559 x T | NPS 22 x T" |
| PP 610 x T | NPS 24 x T" |
| PP 660 x T | NPS 26 x T" |
| PP 711 x T | NPS 28 x T" |
| PP 762 x T | NPS 30 x T" |
| PP 813 x T | NPS 32 x T" |
| PP 864 x T | NPS 34 x T" |
| PP 914 x T | NPS 36 x T" |
| PP 965 x T | NPS 38 x T" |
| PP 1016 x T | NPS 40 x T" |
| PP 1067 x T | NPS 42 x T" |
| PP 1118 x T | NPS 44 x T" |
| PP 1219 x T | NPS 48 x T" |
| PP 1524 x T | NPS 60 x T" |

The thickness in millimeters (T) represents an exact conversion of the thickness in inches (T").

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER

| METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED DRY, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm | METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED GREEN, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm | NOMINAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch x inch |
|---|---|---|
| 19x89 | 20x90 | 1x4 |
| 38x89 | 40x90 | 2x4 |
| 64x89 | 65x90 | 3x4 |
| 89x89 | 90x90 | 4x4 |
| 140x140 | 143x143 | 6x6 |
| 140x184 | 143x190 | 6x8 |
| 184x184 | 190x190 | 8x8 |
| 235x235 | 241x241 | 10x10 |
| 286x286 | 292x292 | 12x12 |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR NAILS AND SPIKES

| METRIC COMMON NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm | METRIC BOX NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm | METRIC SPIKE, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm | SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED Penny-weight |
|---|--|--|--|
| 50.80 2.87 | 50.80 2.51 | ———— | 6d |
| 63.50 3.33 | 63.50 2.87 | ———— | 8d |
| 76.20 3.76 | 76.20 3.25 | 76.20 4.88 | 10d |
| 82.55 3.76 | 82.55 3.25 | 82.55 4.88 | 12d |
| 88.90 4.11 | 88.90 3.43 | 88.90 5.26 | 16d |
| 101.60 4.88 | 101.60 3.76 | 101.60 5.72 | 20d |
| 114.30 5.26 | 114.30 3.76 | 114.30 6.20 | 30d |
| 127.00 5.72 | 127.00 4.11 | 127.00 6.68 | 40d |
| ———— | ———— | 139.70 7.19 | 50d |
| ———— | ———— | 152.40 7.19 | 60d |

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR IRRIGATION
COMPONENTS

| METRIC WATER METERS, TRUCK LOADING STANDPIPES, VALVES, BACKFLOW PREVENTERS, FLOW SENSORS, WYE STRAINERS, FILTER ASSEMBLY UNITS, PIPE SUPPLY LINES, AND PIPE IRRIGATION SUPPLY LINES SHOWN ON THE PLANS DIAMETER NOMINAL (DN) mm | NOMINAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch |
|--|--|
| 15 | 1/2 |
| 20 | 3/4 |
| 25 | 1 |
| 32 | 1-1/4 |
| 40 | 1-1/2 |
| 50 | 2 |
| 65 | 2-1/2 |
| 75 | 3 |
| 100 | 4 |
| 150 | 6 |
| 200 | 8 |
| 250 | 10 |
| 300 | 12 |
| 350 | 14 |
| 400 | 16 |

Unless otherwise specified, substitutions of United States Standard Measures standard structural shapes corresponding to the metric designations shown on the plans and in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: A 6/A 6M, Annex 2, will be allowed.

8-1.02 PREQUALIFIED AND TESTED SIGNING AND DELINEATION MATERIALS

The Department maintains the following list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials. The Engineer shall not be precluded from sampling and testing products on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials.

The manufacturer of products on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials shall furnish the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each type of traffic product supplied.

For those categories of materials included in the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials, only those products shown within the listing may be used in the work. Other categories of products, not included in the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials, may be used in the work provided they conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Materials and products may be added to the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials if the manufacturer submits a New Product Information Form to the New Product Coordinator at the Transportation Laboratory. Upon a Departmental request for samples, sufficient samples shall be submitted to permit performance of required tests. Approval of materials or products will depend upon compliance with the specifications and tests the Department may elect to perform.

PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE

Retroreflective

- A. Apex, Model 921 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Ray-O-Lite, Models SS (100 mm x 100 mm), RS (100 mm x 100 mm) and AA (100 mm x 100 mm)
- C. Stimsonite, Models 88 (100 mm x 100 mm), 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
- D. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

- A. Ray-O-Lite "AA" ARS (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Stimsonite, Models 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
- C. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

(Used for recessed applications)

- A. Stimsonite, Model 948 (58 mm x 119 mm)
- B. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2002 (58 mm x 117 mm)
- C. Stimsonite, Model 944SB (51 mm x 100 mm)*
- D. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2004 ARS (51 mm x 100 mm)*

*For use only in 114 mm wide (older) recessed slots

Non-Reflective For Use With Epoxy Adhesive, 100 mm Round

- A. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
- B. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)

Non-Reflective For Use With Bitumen Adhesive, 100 mm Round

- A. Alpine Products, "D-Dot" and "ANR" (ABS)
- B. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
- C. Apex Universal, Model 929 (ABS)
- D. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 900 (ABS)
- E. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)
- F. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Models P20-2000W and 2001Y (ABS)
- G. Interstate Sales, "Diamond Back" (ABS) and (Polypropylene)
- H. Road Creations, Model RCB4NR (Acrylic)
- I. Zumar Industries, "Titan TM40A" (ABS)

PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE

Temporary Markers For Long Term Day/Night Use (6 months or less)

- A. Apex Universal, Model 924 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Davidson Plastics Corp., Model 3.0 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- C. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 901 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- D. Road Creations, Model R41C (100 mm x 100 mm)
- E. Vega Molded Products "Temporary Road Marker" (75 mm x 100 mm)

Temporary Markers For Short Term Day/Night Use (14 days or less)

(For seal coat or chip seal applications, clear protective covers are required)

- A. Apex Universal, Model 932
- B. Davidson Plastics, Models T.O.M., T.R.P.M., and "HH" (High Heat)
- C. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model 1280/1281

STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL

Permanent Traffic Striping and Pavement Marking Tape

- A. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 300 and 400
- B. Brite-Line, Series 1000
- C. Brite-Line "DeltaLine XRP"
- D. Swarco Industries, "Director 35" (For transverse application only)
- E. Swarco Industries, "Director 60"

- F. 3M, "Stamark" Series 380 and 5730
- G. 3M, "Stamark" Series 420 (For transverse application only)

Temporary (Removable) Striping and Pavement Marking Tape (6 months or less)

- A. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 200
- B. Brite-Line, Series 100
- C. P.B. Laminations, Aztec, Grade 102
- D. Swarco Industries, "Director-2"
- E. 3M, "Stamark," Series 620
- F. 3M Series A145 Removable Black Line Mask
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)
- G. Advanced Traffic Marking Black "Hide-A-Line"
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)
- H. Brite-Line "BTR" Black Removable Tape
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)

Preformed Thermoplastic (Heated in place)

- A. Flint Trading, "Premark" and "Premark 20/20 Flex"
- B. Pavemark, "Hotape"

Removable Traffic Paint

- A. Belpro, Series 250/252 and No. 93 Remover

Ceramic Surfacing Laminate, 150 mm x 150 mm

- A. Safeline Industries/Highway Ceramics, Inc.

CLASS 1 DELINEATORS

One Piece Driveable Flexible Type, 1700 mm

- A. Carsonite, Curve-Flex CFRM-400
- B. Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375
- C. Davidson Plastics, "Flexi-Guide Models 400 and 566"
- D. FlexStake, Model 654 TM
- E. GreenLine Models HWD1-66 and CGD1-66
- F. J. Miller Industries, Model JMI-375 (with soil anchor)

Special Use Flexible Type, 1700 mm

- A. Carsonite, "Survivor" (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
- B. FlexStake, Model 604
- C. GreenLine Models HWD and CGD (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
- D. Safe-Hit with 200 mm pavement anchor (SH248-GP1)
- E. Safe-Hit with 380 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP2) and with 450 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP3)

Surface Mount Flexible Type, 1200 mm

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Model MF-180EX-48
- B. Carsonite, "Super Duck II"
- C. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 704 and 754 TM

CHANNELIZERS

Surface Mount Type, 900 mm

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Models MF-360-36 (Round) and MF-180-36 (Flat)
- B. Carsonite, "Super Duck" (Flat SDF-436, Round SDR-336)
- C. Carsonite, "Super Duck II" Model SDCF203601MB "The Channelizer"
- D. Davidson Plastics, Flex-Guide Models FG300LD and FG300UR
- E. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 703 and 753 TM
- F. GreenLine, Model SMD-36
- G. Hi-Way Safety, Inc. "Channel Guide Channelizer" Model CGC36

- H. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3 (Permanent)
- I. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3C (Temporary)
- J. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- K. Safe-Hit, Guide Post, Model SH236SMA

CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070 mm

(For 700 mm Traffic Cones, see Standard Specifications)

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company "T-Top"
- B. Plastic Safety Systems "Navigator-42"
- C. Roadmaker Company "Stacker"
- D. Traffix Devices "Grabber"

OBJECT MARKERS

Type "K", 450 mm

- A. Carsonite, Model SMD-615
- B. FlexStake, Model 701 KM
- C. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- D. Safe-Hit, Model SH718SMA
- E. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4K

Type "K-4" / "Q" Object Markers, 600 mm

- A. Bent Manufacturing "Masterflex" Model MF-360-24
- B. Carsonite, Super Duck II
- C. FlexStake, Model 701KM
- D. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- E. Safe-Hit, Models SH8 24SMA_WA and SH8 24GP3_WA
- F. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4Q

TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS AND CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS

Impactable Type

- A. ARTUK, "FB"
- B. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM-12
- C. Duraflex Corp., "Flexx 2020" and "Electriflexx"
- D. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model GMKRM100

Non-Impactable Type

- A. ARTUK, JD Series
- B. Stimsonite, Model 967 (with 83 mm Acrylic cube corner reflector)
- C. Stimsonite, Model 967LS
- D. Vega Molded Products, Models GBM and JD

THREE BEAM BARRIER MARKERS

(For use to the left of traffic)

- A. Duraflex Corp., "Railrider"
- B. Davidson Plastics, "Mini" (75 mm x 254 mm)

CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400 mm

(For use to the right of traffic. When mounted on top of barrier, places top of reflective element at 1200 mm)

- A. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM T-16
- B. Safe-Hit, Model SH216RBM
- C. Sun-Lab Technology, "Safety Guide Light, Model TM," 130 mm x 130 mm x 80 mm

CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM (260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm)

- A. Stinson Equipment Company "SaddleMarker"

SOUND WALL DELINEATOR

(Applied vertically. Place top of 75 mm x 300 mm reflective element at 1200 mm above roadway)

- A. Davidson Plastics, PCBM S-36
- B. Sun-Lab Technology, "Safety Guide Light, Model SM12," 130 mm x 130 mm x 80 mm

GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR

(Top of reflective element at 1200 mm above plane of roadway)

Wood Post Type, 686 mm

- A. Carsonite, Model 427
- B. Davidson Plastics FG 427 and FG 527
- C. FlexStake, Model 102 GR
- D. GreenLine GRD 27
- E. J. Miller Model JMI-375G
- F. Safe-Hit, Model SH227GRD

Steel Post Type

- A. Carsonite, Model CFGR-327 with CFGRBK300 Mounting Bracket

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

Channelizers, Barrier Markers, and Delineators

- A. 3M, High Intensity
- B. Reflexite, PC-1000 Metalized Polycarbonate
- C. Reflexite, AC-1000 Acrylic
- D. Reflexite, AP-1000 Metalized Polyester
- E. Reflexite, AR-1000 Abrasion Resistant Coating
- F. Stimsonite, Series 6200 (For rigid substrate devices only)

Traffic Cones, 330 mm Sleeves

- A. Reflexite SB (Polyester), Vinyl or "TR" (Semi-transparent)

Traffic Cones, 100 mm and 150 mm Sleeves

- A. 3M Series 3840
- B. Reflexite Vinyl, "TR" (Semi-transparent) or "Conformalite"

Barrels and Drums

- A. Reflexite, "Super High Intensity" or "High Impact Drum Sheeting"
- B. 3M Series 3810

Barricades: Type I, Engineer Grade

- A. American Decal, Adcolite
- B. Avery Dennison, 1500 and 1600
- C. 3M, Scotchlite, Series CW

Barricades: Type II, Super Engineer Grade

- A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
- B. Kiwalite Type II
- C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

Signs: Type II, Super Engineer Grade

- A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
- B. Kiwalite, Type II
- C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

Signs: Type III, High-Intensity Grade

- A. 3M Series 3800
- B. Nippon Carbide, Nikkalite Brand Ultralite Grade II

Signs: Type IV, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

- A. Avery Dennison T-6500 (Formerly Stimsonite Series 6200)

Signs: Type VII, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade

- A. 3M Series 3900

Signs: Type VI, Roll-Up Signs

- A. Reflexite, Vinyl (Orange), Reflexite "SuperBright" (Fluorescent orange)
- B. 3M Series RS34 (Orange) and RS20 (Fluorescent orange)

SPECIALTY SIGN (All Plastic)

- A. All Sign Products, STOP Sign, 750 mm

SIGN SUBSTRATE FOR CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS

Aluminum

Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP)

- A. Sequentia, "Polyplate"
- B. Fiber-Brite

8-1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.02, "State-Furnished Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The following materials will be furnished to the Contractor:

- A. Sign panels for roadside signs.
- B. Padlocks for chain-link gates.

SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE

8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

Portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless the use of a mineral admixture is prohibited, whenever the word "cement" is used in the Standard Specifications or the special provisions, it shall be understood to mean "cementitious material" when both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The cement content of portland cement concrete is specified, and
- B. Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications is referenced.

Unless otherwise specified, a Type C accelerating chemical admixture conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 494 may be used in portland cement concrete for precast steam cured concrete members.

Section 90-1.01, "Description," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-1.01 DESCRIPTION

- Portland cement concrete shall be composed of cementitious material, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, admixtures if used, and water, proportioned and mixed as specified in these specifications.
- Unless otherwise specified, cementitious material to be used in portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions for cement and mineral admixtures in Section 90-2, "Materials," and shall be either: 1) "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or 2) a combination of "Type II Modified" portland cement and mineral admixture.

- Concrete for each portion of the work shall comply with the provisions for the Class, cementitious material content in kilograms per cubic meter, 28-day compressive strength, minor concrete or commercial quality concrete, as shown on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions.
 - Class 1 concrete shall contain not less than 400 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
 - Class 2 concrete shall contain not less than 350 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
 - Class 3 concrete shall contain not less than 300 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
 - Class 4 concrete shall contain not less than 250 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
 - Minor concrete shall contain not less than 325 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter unless otherwise specified in these specifications or the special provisions.
- Unless otherwise designated on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions, the amount of cementitious material used per cubic meter of concrete in structures or portions of structures shall conform to the following:

| Use | Cementitious Material Content (kg/m ³) |
|---|--|
| Concrete which is designated by compressive strength: | |
| Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges | 400 min., 475 max. |
| Roof sections of exposed top box culverts | 400 min., 475 max. |
| Other portions of structures | 350 min., 475 max. |
| Concrete not designated by compressive strength: | |
| Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges | 400 min. |
| Roof sections of exposed top box culverts | 400 min. |
| Prestressed members | 400 min. |
| Seal courses | 400 min. |
| Other portions of structures | 350 min. |
| Concrete for precast members | 350 min., 550 max. |

- Whenever the 28-day compressive strength shown on the plans is greater than 25 MPa, the concrete shall be considered to be designated by compressive strength. If the plans show a 28-day compressive strength which is 31 MPa or greater, an additional 7 days will be allowed to obtain the specified strength. The 28-day compressive strengths shown on the plans which are 25 MPa or less are shown for design information only and are not to be considered a requirement for acceptance of the concrete.
 - Concrete designated by compressive strength shall be proportioned such that the concrete will conform to the strength shown on the plans or specified in the special provisions.
 - The Contractor shall determine the mix proportions for all concrete except pavement concrete. The Engineer will determine the mix proportions for pavement concrete.
 - Before using concrete for which the mix proportions have been determined by the Contractor, or in advance of revising those mix proportions, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design.
 - Compliance with cementitious material content requirements will be verified in conformance with procedures described in California Test 518 for cement content. For testing purposes, mineral admixture shall be considered to be cement. Batch proportions shall be adjusted as necessary to produce concrete having the specified cementitious material content.
 - If any concrete used in the work has a cementitious material content, consisting of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture, which is less than the minimum required for the work, the concrete shall be removed. However, if the Engineer determines that the concrete is structurally adequate, the concrete may remain in place and the Contractor shall pay to the State \$0.55 for each kilogram of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture which is less than the minimum required for the work. The Department may deduct the amount from moneys due, or that may become due, the Contractor under the contract. The deductions will not be made unless the difference between the contents required and those actually provided exceeds the batching tolerances permitted by Section 90-5, "Proportioning." No deductions for cementitious material content will be made based on the results of California Test 518.
 - The requirements of the preceding paragraph shall not apply to minor concrete or commercial quality concrete.
 - Concrete for which the mix proportions are determined either by the Contractor or the Engineer shall conform to the requirements of this Section 90.

The first paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT

- Unless otherwise specified, portland cement shall be either "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or "Type II Modified" portland cement.
- "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall conform to the specifications for Type IP (MS) cement in ASTM Designation: C 595, and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II cement and not more than 25 percent of a mineral admixture. The type and minimum amount of mineral admixture used in the manufacture of "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall be in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."
 - "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the requirements for Type II portland cement in ASTM Designation: C 150.
 - In addition, "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement and "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the following requirements:
 - A. The cement shall not contain more than 0.60 percent by mass of alkalis, calculated as the percentage of Na₂O plus 0.658 times the percentage of K₂O, when determined by either direct intensity flame photometry or by the atomic absorption method. The instrument and procedure used shall be qualified as to precision and accuracy in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 114.
 - B. The autoclave expansion shall not exceed 0.50 percent.
 - C. Mortar, containing the cement to be used and Ottawa sand, when tested in conformance with California Test 527, shall not expand in water more than 0.010 percent and shall not contract in air more than 0.048 percent except that when cement is to be used for precast prestressed concrete piling, precast prestressed concrete members or steam cured concrete products, the mortar shall not contract in air more than 0.053 percent.

The second paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Type III and Type V portland cements shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 150, and the additional requirements listed above for Type II Modified portland cement, except that when tested in conformance with California Test 527, mortar containing Type III portland cement shall not contract in air more than 0.075 percent.

The third paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

The twelfth paragraph in Section 90-2.02, "Aggregates," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

The first paragraph in Section 90-2.03, "Water," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-2.03 WATER

- In conventionally reinforced concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 1,000 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO₄. In prestressed concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 650 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO₄. In no case shall the water contain an amount of impurities that will cause either: 1) a change in the setting time of cement of more than 25 percent when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 191 or ASTM Designation: C 266 or 2) a reduction in the compressive strength of mortar at 14 days of more than 5 percent, when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109, when compared to the results obtained with distilled water or deionized water, tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109.

The following section is added to Section 90-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications:

90-2.04 ADMIXTURE MATERIALS

- Admixture materials shall conform to the requirements in the following ASTM Designations:
 - A. Chemical Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 494.
 - B. Air-entraining Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 260.
 - C. Calcium Chloride—ASTM Designation: D 98.
 - D. Mineral Admixtures—Coal fly ash, raw or calcined natural pozzolan as specified in ASTM Designation: C618. Silica fume conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C1240, with reduction of mortar expansion of 80 percent, minimum, using the cement from the proposed mix design.
- Mineral admixtures shall be used in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."

The first paragraph in Section 90-3.03, "Fine Aggregate Grading," is amended to read:

Fine aggregate shall be graded within the following limits:

| Sieve Sizes | Percentage Passing | |
|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Operating Range | Contract Compliance |
| 9.5-mm | 100 | 100 |
| 4.75-mm | 95-100 | 93-100 |
| 2.36-mm | 65-95 | 61-99 |
| 1.18-mm | X ± 10 | X ± 13 |
| 600-µm | X ± 9 | X ± 12 |
| 300-µm | X ± 6 | X ± 9 |
| 150-µm | 2-12 | 1-15 |
| 75-µm | 0-8 | 0-10 |

Section 90-4.02, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.02 MATERIALS

- Admixture materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials."

Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.05 OPTIONAL USE OF CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES

- The Contractor will be permitted to use Type A or F, water-reducing; Type B, retarding; or Type D or G, water-reducing and retarding admixtures as described in ASTM Designation: C 494 to conserve cementitious material or to facilitate concrete construction application subject to the following conditions:

- When a water-reducing admixture or a water-reducing and retarding admixture is used, the cementitious material content specified or ordered may be reduced by a maximum of 5 percent by mass except that the resultant cementitious material content shall be not less than 300 kilograms per cubic meter.
- When a reduction in cementitious material content is made, the dosage of admixture used shall be the dosage used in determining approval of the admixture.

Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.07 OPTIONAL USE OF AIR-ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES

- When air-entrainment has not been specified or ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor will be permitted to use an air-entraining admixture to facilitate the use of any construction procedure or equipment provided that the average air content, as determined by California Test 504, of 3 successive tests does not exceed 4 percent and no single test value exceeds 5.5 percent. If the Contractor elects to use an air-entraining admixture in concrete for pavement, the Contractor shall so indicate at the time the Contractor designates the source of aggregate as provided in Section 40-1.015, "Cement Content."

Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.08 REQUIRED USE OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES

- Unless otherwise specified, mineral admixture shall be combined with cement to make cementitious material for use in portland cement concrete.
- The calcium oxide content of mineral admixtures shall not exceed 10 percent and the available alkali, as sodium oxide equivalent, shall not exceed 1.5 percent when determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618.
- The amounts of cement and mineral admixture used in cementitious material for portland cement concrete shall be sufficient to satisfy the minimum cementitious material content requirements specified in Section 90-1.01, "Description," or Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," and shall conform to the following:

- The minimum amount of cement shall not be less than 75 percent by mass of the specified minimum cementitious material content.
- The minimum amount of mineral admixture to be combined with cement shall be determined using one of the following criteria:

1. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is equal to or less than 2 percent by mass, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 15 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
 2. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is greater than 2 percent, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 25 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
 3. When a mineral admixture is used, which conforms to the provisions for silica fume in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 10 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
- C. If more than the required amount of cementitious material is used, the additional cementitious material in the mix may be either cement, a mineral admixture conforming to the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," or a combination of both; however, the maximum total amount of mineral admixture shall not exceed 35 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix. Where Section 90-1.01, "Description," specifies a maximum cementitious content in kilograms per cubic meter, the total mass of cement and mineral admixture per cubic meter shall not exceed the specified maximum cementitious material content.

Section 90-4.09, "Optional Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-4.11, "Storage, Proportioning, and Dispensing of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-4.11 STORAGE, PROPORTIONING, AND DISPENSING OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES

- Mineral admixtures shall be protected from exposure to moisture until used. Sacked material shall be piled to permit access for tally, inspection, and identification for each shipment.
- Adequate facilities shall be provided to assure that mineral admixtures meeting the specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures in order to prevent any but the specified mineral admixtures from entering the work. Safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures shall be provided at the weigh hopper or in the feed line immediately in advance of the hopper.
- Mineral admixtures shall be incorporated into concrete using equipment conforming to the requirements for cement weigh hoppers, and charging and discharging mechanisms in ASTM Designation: C 94, in Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," and in this Section 90-4.11.
- When interlocks are required for cement and mineral admixture charging mechanisms by Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," and cement and mineral admixtures are weighed cumulatively, their charging mechanisms shall be interlocked to prevent the introduction of mineral admixture until the mass of cement in the cement weigh hopper is within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."
- Mineral admixture used in concrete for exposed surfaces of like elements of a structure shall be from the same source and of the same percentage.

Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.02 PROPORTIONING DEVICES

- Weighing, measuring or metering devices used for proportioning materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," and this Section 90-5.02. In addition, automatic weighing systems used shall comply with the provisions for automatic proportioning devices in Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement." These automatic devices shall be automatic to the extent that the only manual operation required for proportioning the aggregates, cement, and mineral admixture for one batch of concrete is a single operation of a switch or starter.
- Proportioning devices shall be tested at the expense of the Contractor as frequently as the Engineer may deem necessary to insure their accuracy.
- Weighing equipment shall be insulated against vibration or movement of other operating equipment in the plant. When the plant is in operation, the mass of each batch of material shall not vary from the mass designated by the Engineer by more than the tolerances specified herein.

- Equipment for cumulative weighing of aggregate shall have a zero tolerance of ± 0.5 percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. For systems with individual weigh hoppers for the various sizes of aggregate, the zero tolerance shall be ± 0.5 percent of the individual batch mass designated for each size of aggregate. Equipment for cumulative weighing of cement and mineral admixtures shall have a zero tolerance of ± 0.5 percent of the designated total batch mass of the cement and mineral admixture. Equipment for weighing cement or mineral admixture separately shall have a zero tolerance of ± 0.5 percent of their designated individual batch masses. Equipment for measuring water shall have a zero tolerance of ± 0.5 percent of its designated mass or volume.

- The mass indicated for a batch of material shall not vary from the preselected scale setting by more than the following:

- A. Aggregate weighed cumulatively shall be within 1.0 percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. Aggregates weighed individually shall be within 1.5 percent of their respective designated batch masses.
- B. Cement shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When weighed individually, mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When mineral admixture and cement are permitted to be weighed cumulatively, cement shall be weighed first to within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass, and the total for cement and mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of the sum of their designated batch masses.
- C. Water shall be within 1.5 percent of its designated mass or volume.

- Each scale graduation shall be approximately 0.001 of the total capacity of the scale. The capacity of scales for weighing cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregates shall not exceed that of commercially available scales having single graduations indicating a mass not exceeding the maximum permissible mass variation above, except that no scale shall be required having a capacity of less than 500 kg, with 0.5 kg graduations.

Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," excluding Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.03 PROPORTIONING

- Proportioning shall consist of dividing the aggregates into the specified sizes, each stored in a separate bin, and combining them with cement, mineral admixture, and water as provided in these specifications. Aggregates shall be proportioned by mass.

- At the time of batching, aggregates shall have been dried or drained sufficiently to result in a stable moisture content such that no visible separation of water from aggregate will take place during transportation from the proportioning plant to the point of mixing. In no event shall the free moisture content of the fine aggregate at the time of batching exceed 8 percent of its saturated, surface-dry mass.

- Should separate supplies of aggregate material of the same size group, but of different moisture content or specific gravity or surface characteristics affecting workability, be available at the proportioning plant, withdrawals shall be made from one supply exclusively and the materials therein completely exhausted before starting upon another.

- Bulk "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement that conforms to the provisions in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," shall be weighed in an individual hopper and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer.

- Bulk cement to be blended with mineral admixture for use in portland cement concrete for pavement and structures may be weighed in separate, individual weigh hoppers or may be weighed in the same weigh hopper with mineral admixture and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer. If the cement and mineral admixture are weighed cumulatively, the cement shall be weighed first.

- When cement and mineral admixtures are weighed in separate weigh hoppers, the weigh systems for the proportioning of the aggregate, the cement, and the mineral admixture shall be individual and distinct from other weigh systems. Each weigh system shall be equipped with a hopper, a lever system, and an indicator to constitute an individual and independent material weighing device. The cement and the mineral admixture shall be discharged into the mixer simultaneously with the aggregate.

- The scale and weigh hopper for bulk weighing cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture shall be separate and distinct from the aggregate weighing equipment.

- When the source of an aggregate is changed for concrete structures, the Contractor shall adjust the mix proportions and submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design before using such aggregates. When the source of an aggregate is changed for other concrete, the Engineer shall be allowed sufficient time to adjust the mix and such aggregates shall not be used until necessary adjustments are made.

- For batches with a volume of one cubic meter or more, the batching equipment shall conform to one of the following combinations:

- A. Separate boxes and separate scale and indicator for weighing each size of aggregate.
- B. Single box and scale indicator for all aggregates.
- C. Single box or separate boxes and automatic weighing mechanism for all aggregates.

- In order to check the accuracy of batch masses, the gross mass and tare mass of batch trucks, truck mixers, truck agitators, and non-agitating hauling equipment shall be determined when ordered by the Engineer. The equipment shall be weighed at the Contractor's expense on scales designated by the Engineer.

Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-5.03A PROPORTIONING FOR PAVEMENT

- Aggregates and bulk cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture for use in pavement shall be proportioned by mass by means of automatic proportioning devices of approved type conforming to the provisions in this Section 90-5.03A.

- The Contractor shall install and maintain in operating condition an electrically actuated moisture meter that will indicate, on a readily visible scale, changes in the moisture content of the fine aggregate as it is batched within a sensitivity of 0.5 percent by mass of the fine aggregate.

- The batching of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregate shall be interlocked so that a new batch cannot be started until all weigh hoppers are empty, the proportioning devices are within zero tolerance, and the discharge gates are closed. The interlock shall permit no part of the batch to be discharged until all aggregate hoppers and the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper are charged with masses which are within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."

- The discharge gate on the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper shall be designed to permit regulating the flow of cement, mineral admixture or cement plus mineral admixture into the aggregate as directed by the Engineer.

- When separate weigh boxes are used for each size of aggregate, the discharge gates shall permit regulating the flow of each size of aggregate as directed by the Engineer.

- Material discharged from the several bins shall be controlled by gates or by mechanical conveyors. The means of withdrawal from the several bins, and of discharge from the weigh box, shall be interlocked so that not more than one bin can discharge at a time, and that the weigh box cannot be tripped until the required quantity from each of the several bins has been deposited therein. Should a separate weigh box be used for each size of aggregate, all may be operated and discharged simultaneously.

- When the discharge from the several bins is controlled by gates, each gate shall be actuated automatically so that the required mass is discharged into the weigh box, after which the gate shall automatically close and lock.

- The automatic weighing system shall be designed so that all proportions required may be set on the weighing controller at the same time.

The third paragraph in Section 90-6.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Concrete shall be homogeneous and thoroughly mixed. There shall be no lumps or evidence of undispersed cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- The batch shall be so charged into the mixer that some water will enter in advance of cementitious materials and aggregates. All water shall be in the drum by the end of the first one-fourth of the specified mixing time.

- Cementitious materials shall be batched and charged into the mixer by means that will not result either in loss of cementitious materials due to the effect of wind, or in accumulation of cementitious materials on surfaces of conveyors or hoppers, or in other conditions which reduce or vary the required quantity of cementitious material in the concrete mixture.

The sixth paragraph in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- The total elapsed time between the intermingling of damp aggregates and all cementitious materials and the start of mixing shall not exceed 30 minutes.

The seventh through tenth paragraphs in Section 90-6.03, "Transporting Mixed Concrete," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within 1.5 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, a time less than 1.5 hours may be required.
- When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within one hour after the addition of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.
- Each load of concrete delivered at the job site shall be accompanied by a weight certificate showing the mix identification number, non-repeating load number, date and time at which the materials were batched, the total amount of water added to the load and for transit-mixed concrete, the reading of the revolution counter at the time the truck mixer is charged with cement. This weight certificate shall also show the actual scale masses (kilograms) for the ingredients batched. Theoretical or target batch masses shall not be used as a substitute for actual scale masses.
- Weight certificates shall be provided in printed form, or if approved by the Engineer, the data may be submitted in electronic media. Electronic media shall be presented in a tab-delimited format on 90 mm diskette with a capacity of at least 1.4 megabytes. Captured data, for the ingredients represented by each batch shall be LFCR (one line, separate record) with allowances for sufficient fields to satisfy the amount of data required by these specifications.
- The Contractor may furnish a weight certificate that is accompanied by a separate certificate which lists the actual batch masses or measurements for a load of concrete provided that both certificates are 1) imprinted with the same non-repeating load number that is unique to the contract and 2) delivered to the job site with the load.
- Weight certificates furnished by the Contractor shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

Section 90-6.05, "Hand-Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-6.05 HAND-MIXING

- Hand-mixed concrete shall be made in batches not more than one-fourth cubic meter and shall be mixed on a watertight, level platform. The proper amount of coarse aggregate shall be measured in measuring boxes and spread on the platform and the fine aggregate shall be spread on this layer, the 2 layers being not more than 0.3 meters in total depth. On this mixture shall be spread the dry cement and mineral admixture and the whole mass turned no fewer than 2 times dry; then sufficient clean water shall be added, evenly distributed, and the whole mass again turned no fewer than 3 times, not including placing in the carriers or forms.

The table in the first paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is replaced with the following table:

| Type of Work | Nominal Penetration (mm) | Maximum Penetration (mm) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Concrete pavement | 0-25 | 40 |
| Non-reinforced concrete facilities | 0-35 | 50 |
| Reinforced concrete structures: | | |
| Sections over 300 mm thick | 0-35 | 65 |
| Sections 300 mm thick or less | 0-50 | 75 |
| Concrete placed under water | 75-100 | 115 |
| Cast-in-place concrete piles | 65-90 | 100 |

The first paragraph following the table of penetration ranges in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- The amount of free water used in concrete shall not exceed 183 kg/m³, plus 20 kg for each required 100 kg of cementitious material in excess of 325 kg/m³.

The fourth paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

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- Where there are adverse or difficult conditions which affect the placing of concrete, the above specified penetration and free water content limitations may be exceeded providing the Contractor is granted permission by the Engineer in writing to increase the cementitious material content per cubic meter of concrete. The increase in water and cementitious material shall be at a ratio not to exceed 30 kg of water per added 100 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter. The cost of additional cementitious material and water added under these conditions shall be at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Section 90-9.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-9.01 GENERAL

- Concrete compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

- The compressive strength of concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been fabricated from concrete sampled in conformance with California Test 539. Test cylinders will be molded and initial field cured in conformance with California Test 540. Test cylinders will be cured and tested after receipt at the testing laboratory in conformance with California Test 521. A strength test shall consist of the average strength of 2 cylinders fabricated from material taken from a single load of concrete, except that, if any cylinder should show evidence of improper sampling, molding, or testing, that cylinder shall be discarded and the strength test shall consist of the strength of the remaining cylinder.

- When concrete compressive strength is specified as a prerequisite to applying loads or stresses to a concrete structure or member, test cylinders for other than steam cured concrete will be cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of concrete determined for these purposes will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests.

- When concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete strength to be used as a basis for acceptance of other than steam cured concrete will be determined from cylinders cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below the specified strength but is 95 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make corrective changes, subject to approval by the Engineer, in the mix proportions or in the concrete fabrication procedures, before placing additional concrete, and shall pay to the State \$14 for each in-place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below 95 percent of the specified strength, but is 85 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall make the corrective changes specified above, and shall pay to the State \$20 for each in place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. In addition, such corrective changes shall be made when the compressive strength of concrete tested at 7 days indicates, in the judgment of the Engineer, that the concrete will not attain the required compressive strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Concrete represented by a single test which indicates a compressive strength of less than 85 percent of the specified 28-day compressive strength will be rejected in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.04, "Defective Materials."

- If the test result indicates that the compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed is below the specified strength, but 85 percent or more of the specified strength, payments to the State as required above shall be made, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength of the concrete placed in the work meets or exceeds the specified 28-day compressive strength. If the test result indicates a compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed below 85 percent, the concrete represented by that test will be rejected, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength and quality of the concrete placed in the work are acceptable. If the evidence consists of tests made on cores taken from the work, the cores shall be obtained and tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 42.

- No single compressive strength test shall represent more than 250 cubic meters.

- When a precast concrete member is steam cured, the compressive strength of the concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been handled and stored in conformance with Method 3 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of steam cured concrete will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests representing specific portions of production. When the concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete shall be considered to be acceptable whenever its compressive strength reaches the specified 28-day compressive strength provided that strength is reached in not more than the maximum number of days specified or allowed after the member is cast.

- If concrete is specified by compressive strength, then materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures proposed for use shall be prequalified prior to placement of the concrete. Prequalification shall be accomplished by the submission of acceptable certified test data or trial batch reports by the Contractor. Prequalification data shall be based on the use of materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, procedures, and size of batch proposed for use in the work.

- Certified test data, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that not less than 90 percent of at least 20 consecutive tests exceed the specified strength at the maximum number of cure days specified or allowed, and none of those tests are less than 95 percent of specified strength. Strength tests included in the data shall be the most recent tests made on concrete of the proposed mix design and all shall have been made within one year of the proposed use of the concrete.

- Trial batch test reports, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that the average compressive strength of 5 consecutive concrete cylinders, taken from a single batch, at not more than 28 days (or the maximum age allowed) after molding shall be at least 4 MPa greater than the specified 28-day compressive strength, and no individual cylinder shall have a strength less than the specified strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Data contained in the report shall be from trial batches which were produced within one year of the proposed use of specified strength concrete in the project. Whenever air-entrainment is required, the air content of trial batches shall be equal to or greater than the air content specified for the concrete without reduction due to tolerances.

- Tests shall be performed in conformance with either the appropriate California Test methods or the comparable ASTM test methods. Equipment employed in testing shall be in good condition and shall be properly calibrated. If the tests are performed during the life of the contract, the Engineer shall be notified sufficiently in advance of performing the tests in order to witness the test procedures.

- The certified test data and trial batch test reports shall include the following information:

- A. Date of mixing.
- B. Mixing equipment and procedures used.
- C. The size of batch in cubic meters and the mass, type and source of ingredients used.
- D. Penetration of the concrete.
- E. The air content of the concrete if an air-entraining admixture is used.
- F. The age at time of testing and strength of concrete cylinders tested.

- Certified test data and trial batch test reports shall be signed by an official of the firm which performed the tests.

- When approved by the Engineer, concrete from trial batches may be used in the work at locations where concrete of a lower quality is required and the concrete will be paid for as the type or class of concrete required at that location.

- After materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures for concrete have been prequalified for use, additional prequalification by testing of trial batches will be required prior to making changes which, in the judgment of the Engineer, could result in a lowering of the strength of the concrete below that specified.

- The Contractor's attention is directed to the time required to test trial batches. The Contractor shall be responsible for production of trial batches at a sufficiently early date so that the progress of the work is not delayed.

- When precast concrete members are manufactured at the plant of an established manufacturer of precast concrete members, the mix proportions of the concrete shall be determined by the Contractor, and a trial batch and prequalification of the materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures will not be required.

Section 90-10.02A, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is renamed "Cementitious Material" and is amended to read:

90-10.02A CEMENTITIOUS MATERIAL

- Cementitious material shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description." Compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

The fifth paragraph in Section 90-10.02B, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-10.03, "Production," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

90-10.03 PRODUCTION

- Cementitious material, water, aggregate, and admixtures shall be stored, proportioned, mixed, transported, and discharged in conformance with recognized standards of good practice, which will result in concrete that is thoroughly and uniformly mixed, which is suitable for the use intended, and which conforms to provisions specified herein. Recognized standards of good practice are outlined in various industry publications such as those issued by American Concrete Institute, AASHTO, or California Department of Transportation.

- The cementitious material content of minor concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description."

- The amount of water used shall result in a consistency of concrete conforming to the provisions in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration." Additional mixing water shall not be incorporated into the concrete during hauling or after arrival at the delivery point, unless authorized by the Engineer.

- Discharge of ready-mixed concrete from the transporting vehicle shall be made while the concrete is still plastic and before stiffening occurs. An elapsed time of 1.5 hours (one hour in non-agitating hauling equipment), or more than 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, after the introduction of the cementitious material to the aggregates, or a temperature of concrete of more than 32°C will be considered as conditions contributing to the quick stiffening of concrete. The Contractor shall take whatever action is necessary to eliminate quick stiffening, except that the addition of water will not be permitted.

- The required mixing time in stationary mixers shall be not less than 50 seconds or more than 5 minutes.

- The minimum required revolutions at mixing speed for transit-mixed concrete shall be not less than that recommended by the mixer manufacturer, and shall be increased, if necessary, to produce thoroughly and uniformly mixed concrete.

- Each load of ready-mixed concrete shall be accompanied by a weight certificate which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the discharge location of the concrete, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The weight certificate shall be clearly marked with the date and time of day when the load left the batching plant and, if hauled in truck mixers or agitators, the time the mixing cycle started.

- A Certificate of Compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," shall be furnished to the Engineer, prior to placing minor concrete from a source not previously used on the contract, stating that minor concrete to be furnished meets contract requirements, including minimum cementitious material content specified.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-11.02, "Payment," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- Should the Engineer order the Contractor to incorporate admixtures into the concrete when their use is not required by these specifications or the special provisions, furnishing the admixtures and adding them to the concrete will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D.

- Should the Contractor use admixtures in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," or Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," or should the Contractor request and obtain permission to use other admixtures for the Contractor's benefit, the Contractor shall furnish those admixtures and incorporate them in the concrete at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 8-3. WELDING

8-3.01 WELDING ELECTRODES

Flux core welding electrodes conforming to the requirements of AWS A5.20 E6XT-4 or E7XT-4 shall not be used to perform any type of welding for this project.

SECTION 9. (BLANK)

SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

SECTION 10-1. GENERAL

10-1.00 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT INFORMATION SIGNS

Before any major physical construction work readily visible to highway users is started on this contract, the Contractor shall furnish and erect two Type 2 Construction Project Information signs at the locations designated by the Engineer.

The signs and overlays shall be of a type and material consistent with the estimated time of completion of the project and shall conform to the details shown on the plans.

The sign letters, border and the Department's construction logos shall conform to the colors (non-reflective) and details shown on the plans, and shall be on a white background (non-reflective). The colors blue and orange shall conform to PR Color Number 3 and Number 6, respectively, as specified in the Federal Highway Administration's Color Tolerance Chart.

The sign message to be used for fund types shall consist of the following, in the order shown:

| |
|-----------------------------|
| FEDERAL HIGHWAY TRUST FUNDS |
| STATE HIGHWAY FUNDS |

The sign message to be used for type of work shall consist of the following:

ROADSIDE WORK

The sign message to be used for the Year of Completion of Project Construction will be furnished by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish and install the "Year" sign overlay within 10 working days of notification of the year date to be used.

The letter sizes to be used shall be as shown on the plans. The information shown on the signs shall be limited to that shown on the plans.

The signs shall be kept clean and in good repair by the Contractor.

Upon completion of the work, the signs shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for furnishing, erecting, maintaining, and removing and disposing of the construction project information signs shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for construction area signs and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.01 ORDER OF WORK

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.05, "Order of Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer two days prior to beginning construction adjacent to any Southern California Gas Company facility at the Gaviota Safety Roadside Rest Area (SRRA) or the Nojoqui Summit Truck Parking Area, in order for the company to have a representative present when work takes place.

Attention is directed to "Remove Picnic Table" of these special provisions regarding the removal of the painted wood portion of the picnic tables and benches.

Before removing any concrete walkway that is to be replaced to the lines and grades of the existing, as shown on the plans or as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall reference the existing walkway with a sufficient number of control points to reestablish the concrete walkway at these locations. Full compensation for referencing the existing concrete shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per square meter for minor concrete (walkways) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Attention is directed to "Swallow Requirements" of these special provisions

Attention is directed to "Fire Plan" of these special provisions regarding cooperating with local fire prevention authorities and implementing the fire plan established for this project.

Temporary railing (Type K) and temporary crash cushions shall be secured in place prior to commencing work for which the temporary railing and crash cushions are required.

The Gaviota SRRA Northbound and Southbound Sites shall be closed for construction. Attention is directed to "Maintaining Traffic" and "Temporary Pavement Delineation" of these special provisions and to the traffic handling sheets of the plans.

Before obliterating any pavement delineation that is to be replaced on the same alignment and location, as determined by the Engineer, the pavement delineation shall be referenced by the Contractor, with a sufficient number of control points to reestablish the alignment and location of the new pavement delineation. The references shall include the limits or changes in striping pattern, including one- and 2-way barrier lines, limit lines, crosswalks and other pavement markings. Full compensation for referencing pavement delineation shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for new pavement delineation and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Attention is directed to "Concrete Structures", "Precast Concrete Products", and "Exterior Light Fixtures" of these special provisions, regarding various shipping time allowances. Within 20 days after the contract has been approved, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with statements from the vendors that orders for the various items listed have been received and accepted by the vendor. Material samples and manufacturers specifications shall be submitted to the Engineer for written approval. Within 20 days after the contract has been approved, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a statement from the vendor that the order for the plants required for this contract, including inspection plants, has been received and accepted by the vendor. The statement from the vendor shall include the names, sizes, and quantities of plants

ordered and the anticipated date of delivery. Specimen trees shall be approved by the Resident Engineer upon the recommendation of the District Landscape Architect prior to delivery.

The Contractor shall place orders for replacement plants with the vendor at the appropriate time so that the roots of the replacement plants are not in a root-bound nor underdeveloped condition.

Within 20 days after the contract has been approved, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a statement from the vendor that the order for the seed required for this contract has been received and accepted by the vendor. The statement from the vendor shall include the names and quantity of seed ordered and the anticipated date of delivery.

Attention is directed to "Maintain Existing Plants" of these special provisions regarding checking for deficiencies of existing plants that are to remain in place, prior to the start of irrigation work.

Attention is directed to "Irrigation Systems Functional Test" of these special provisions, regarding restrictions for erosion control and planting operations.

Attention is directed to "Willow Cuttings (Plant Group W)" of these special provisions regarding the time restraints specified for planting willow cuttings.

Prepare holes shall be performed prior to application of erosion control (drill seed) or erosion control blanket (type2) as specified in these special provisions.

Erosion control (drill seed) and erosion control blanket (type2) shall be applied prior to planting as specified in these special provisions.

Attention is directed to Section 20-5.027B, "Wiring Plans and Diagrams," of the Standard Specifications regarding submittal of working drawings.

10-1.02 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Water pollution control work shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in the Construction Contractor's Guide and Specifications of the Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks, dated April 1997, and addenda thereto issued up to and including the date of advertisement of the project, hereafter referred to as the "Handbook." Copies of the Handbook may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Material Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.

The Contractor shall know and fully comply with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water discharges from both the project site and areas of disturbance outside the project limits during construction.

Unless arrangements for disturbance of areas outside the project limits are made by the Department and made part of the contract, it is expressly agreed that the Department assumes no responsibility whatsoever to the Contractor or property owner with respect to any arrangements made between the Contractor and property owner to allow disturbance of areas outside the project limits.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the costs and for liabilities imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in this section "Water Pollution Control" including, but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations. For the purposes of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include, but are not limited to, fines, penalties, and damages whether assessed against the State or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter Cologne Water Quality Act.

In addition to the remedies authorized by law, an amount of the money due the Contractor under the contract, as determined by the Department, may be retained by the State of California until disposition has been made of the costs and liabilities.

The retention of money due the Contractor shall be subject to the following:

- A. The Department will give the Contractor 30 days notice of the Department's intention to retain funds from partial payments which may become due to the Contractor prior to acceptance of the contract. Retention of funds from payments made after acceptance of the contract may be made without prior notice to the Contractor.
- B. No retention of additional amounts out of partial payments will be made if the amount to be retained does not exceed the amount being withheld from partial payments pursuant to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications.
- C. If the Department has retained funds and it is subsequently determined that the State is not subject to the costs and liabilities in connection with the matter for which the retention was made, the Department shall be liable for interest on the amount retained at the legal rate of interest for the period of the retention.

Conformance with the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall not relieve the Contractor from the Contractor's responsibilities as provided in Section 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities," of the Standard Specifications.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND UPDATES

As part of the water pollution control work, a Water Pollution Control Program, hereafter referred to as the "WPCP," is required for this contract. The WPCP shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications, the requirements in the Handbook, and these special provisions.

No work having potential to cause water pollution, as determined by the Engineer, shall be performed until the WPCP has been approved by the Engineer.

Within 20 days after the approval of the contract, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the WPCP to the Engineer. The Engineer will have 7 days to review the WPCP. If revisions are required, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within 7 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer will have 7 days to review the revisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, 3 additional copies of the WPCP incorporating the required changes shall be submitted to the Engineer. Minor changes or clarifications to the initial submittal may be made and attached as amendments to the WPCP. In order to allow construction activities to proceed, the Engineer may conditionally approve the WPCP while minor revisions or amendments are being completed.

The WPCP shall identify pollution sources that may adversely affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the project and shall identify water pollution control measures, hereafter referred to as control measures, to be constructed, implemented, and maintained in order to reduce to the extent feasible pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site during construction under this contract.

The WPCP shall incorporate control measures in the following categories:

- A. Soil stabilization practices;
- B. Sediment control practices;
- C. Sediment tracking control practices;
- D. Wind erosion control practices; and
- E. Nonstorm water management and waste management and disposal control practices.

Specific objectives and minimum requirements for each category of control measures are contained in the Handbook.

The Contractor shall consider the objectives and minimum requirements presented in the Handbook for each of the above categories. When minimum requirements are listed for any category, the Contractor shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project, one or more of the listed minimum controls required in order to meet the pollution control objectives for the category. In addition, the Contractor shall consider other control measures presented in the Handbook and shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project the control measures necessary to meet the objectives of the WPCP. The Contractor shall document the selection process in conformance with the procedure specified in the Handbook.

The WPCP shall include, but not be limited to, the following items as described in the Handbook:

- A. Project description and Contractor's certification;
- B. Project information;
- C. Pollution sources, control measures, and water pollution control drawings; and
- D. Amendments, if any.

The Contractor shall amend the WPCP, graphically and in narrative form, whenever there is a change in construction activities or operations which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to surface waters, ground waters, municipal storm drain systems or when deemed necessary by the Engineer. The WPCP shall be amended if the WPCP has not achieved the objective of reducing pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments shall show additional control measures or revised operations, including those in areas not shown in the initially approved WPCP, which are required on the project to control water pollution effectively. Amendments to the WPCP shall be submitted for review and approval by the Engineer in the same manner specified for the initially approved WPCP. Amendments shall be dated and attached to the on-site WPCP document.

The Contractor shall keep a copy of the WPCP, together with updates, revisions and amendments at the project site.

WPCP IMPLEMENTATION

Upon approval of the WPCP, the Contractor shall be responsible throughout the duration of the project for installing, constructing, inspecting, and maintaining the control measures included in the WPCP and any amendments thereto and for removing and disposing of temporary control measures. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these special provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. Requirements for installation, construction, inspection, maintenance, removal, and disposal of control measures are specified in the Handbook and these special provisions.

Soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures, including minimum requirements, shall be provided throughout the winter season, defined as between November 1 and March 15.

Implementation of soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures for soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be completed, except as provided for below, not later than 20 days prior to the beginning of the winter season or upon start of applicable construction activities for projects which begin either during or within 20 days of the winter season.

Throughout the winter season, the active, soil-disturbed area of the project site shall be not more than 1.9 hectares. The Engineer may approve, on a case-by-case basis, expansions of the active, soil-disturbed area limit. The Contractor shall demonstrate the ability and preparedness to fully deploy soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures to protect soil-disturbed areas on the project site before the onset of precipitation. A quantity of soil stabilization and sediment control materials shall be maintained on site equal to 100 percent of that sufficient to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site. A detailed plan for the mobilization of sufficient labor and equipment shall be maintained to fully deploy control measures required to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site prior to the onset of precipitation. A current inventory of control measure materials and the detailed mobilization plan shall be included as part of the WPCP.

Throughout the winter season, soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be considered to be nonactive whenever soil disturbing activities are expected to be discontinued for a period of 20 or more days and the areas are fully protected. Areas that will become nonactive either during the winter season or within 20 days thereof shall be fully protected with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures within 10 days of the discontinuance of soil disturbing activities or prior to the onset of precipitation, whichever is first to occur.

Throughout the winter season, active soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be fully protected at the end of each day with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures unless fair weather is predicted through the following work day. The weather forecast shall be monitored by the Contractor on a daily basis. The National Weather Service forecast shall be used. An alternative weather forecast proposed by the Contractor may be used if approved by the Engineer. If precipitation is predicted prior to the end of the following work day, construction scheduling shall be modified, as required, and functioning control measures shall be deployed prior to the onset of the precipitation.

The Contractor shall implement, year-round and throughout the duration of the project, control measures included in the WPCP for sediment tracking, wind erosion, nonstorm water management, and waste management and disposal.

The Engineer may order the suspension of construction operations which create water pollution if the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

MAINTENANCE

To ensure the proper implementation and functioning of control measures, the Contractor shall regularly inspect and maintain the construction site for the control measures identified in the WPCP. The Contractor shall identify corrective actions and time needed to address any deficient measures or reinstate any measures that have been discontinued.

The construction site inspection checklist provided in the Handbook shall be used to ensure that the necessary measures are being properly implemented, and to ensure that the control measures are functioning adequately. One copy of each site inspection record shall be submitted to the Engineer.

During the winter season, inspections of the construction site shall be conducted by the Contractor to identify deficient measures, as follows:

- A. Prior to a forecast storm;
- B. After all precipitation which causes runoff capable of carrying sediment from the construction site;
- C. At 24-hour intervals during extended precipitation events; and
- D. Routinely, at a minimum of once every 2 weeks.

If the Contractor or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the deployment or functioning of an identified control measure, the deficiency shall be corrected immediately. The deficiency may be corrected at a later date and time if requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer in writing, but not later than the onset of subsequent precipitation events. The correction of deficiencies shall be at no additional cost to the State.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Those control measures which are shown on the plans and for which there is a contract item of work will be measured and paid for as that contract item of work.

The Engineer will retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed during estimate periods in which the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

Retentions for failure to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall be in addition to the other retentions provided for in the contract. The amounts retained for failure of the Contractor to conform to the provisions in this section will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date that a WPCP has been implemented and maintained and water pollution is adequately controlled, as determined by the Engineer.

10-1.03 TEMPORARY FENCE

Temporary fence shall be furnished, constructed, maintained, and later removed as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions and as directed by the Engineer.

Except as otherwise specified in this section, temporary fence shall conform to the plan details and the specifications for permanent fence of similar character as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

Used materials may be installed provided the used materials are good, sound and are suitable for the purpose intended, as determined by the Engineer.

Materials may be commercial quality provided the dimensions and sizes of the materials are equal to, or greater than, the dimensions and sizes shown on the plans or specified herein.

Posts shall be either metal or wood at the Contractor's option.

Galvanizing and painting of steel items will not be required.

Treating wood with a wood preservative will not be required.

Concrete footings for metal posts will not be required.

Temporary fence that is damaged during the progress of the work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

When no longer required for the work, as determined by the Engineer, temporary fence shall be removed. Removed facilities shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work, except as otherwise provided in this section.

Removed temporary fence materials that are not damaged may be constructed in the permanent work provided the materials conform to the requirements specified for the permanent work and such materials are new when used for the temporary fence.

Holes caused by the removal of temporary fence shall be backfilled in conformance with the provisions in the second paragraph of Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

The various types and kinds of temporary fence will be measured and paid for in the same manner specified for permanent fence of similar character as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for maintaining, removing, and disposing of temporary fence shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid per meter for the various types of temporary fence and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.04 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Existing trees, shrubs and other plants, that are not to be removed as shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, and are injured or damaged by reason of the Contractor's operations, shall be replaced by the Contractor. Tree roots greater than 50 mm in diameter shall be protected during removal and construction work. The minimum size of tree replacement shall be 640 mm box and the minimum size of shrub replacement shall be No. 15 container. Replacement ground cover plants shall be from flats and shall be planted 300 mm on center. Replacement of *Carpobrotus* ground cover plants shall be from cuttings and shall be planted 300 mm on center. Replacement planting shall conform to the requirements in Section 20-4.07, "Replacement," of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall water replacement plants in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.06, "Watering," of the Standard Specifications.

Damaged or injured plants shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications. At the option of the Contractor, removed trees and shrubs may be reduced to chips. The chipped material shall be spread within the highway right of way at locations designated by the Engineer.

Replacement planting of injured or damaged trees, shrubs, and other plants shall be completed prior to the start of the plant establishment period. Replacement planting shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4.05, "Planting," of the Standard Specifications. Replacement plants shall be maintained in accordance with 20-4.08, "Plant Establishment" of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

10-1.05 DAMAGE REPAIR

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and Section 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

When as a result of freezing conditions (as defined herein) during the plant establishment period, plants have died or, in the opinion of the Engineer, have deteriorated to a point beyond which the plants will not mature as typical examples of their species, the Engineer may direct replacement of the affected plants. The total cost of ordered plant replacement work will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. A freezing condition, for the purpose of this specification, occurs when the temperature at or near the affected area has been officially recorded below 0°C and plants have been killed or damaged to the degree described above.

When the provisions in Section 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications are applicable, the provisions above for payment of costs for repair of damage due to rain, freezing conditions and drought shall not apply.

10-1.06 RELIEF FROM MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY

The Contractor may be relieved of the duty of maintenance and protection for those items not directly connected with plant establishment work, except highway planting and irrigation systems in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.15, "Relief From Maintenance and Responsibility," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.07 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

Progress schedules are required for this contract and shall be submitted in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.08 DUST CONTROL

Dust control shall conform to the provisions in Section 10, "Dust Control," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.09 CONSTRUCTION AREA TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

Flagging, signs, and all other traffic control devices furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Category 1 traffic control devices are defined as those devices that are small and lightweight (less than 45 kg), and have been in common use for many years. The devices shall be known to be crashworthy by crash testing, crash testing of similar devices, or years of demonstrable safe performance. Category 1 traffic control devices include traffic cones, plastic drums, portable delineators, and channelizers.

If requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide written self-certification for crashworthiness of Category 1 traffic control devices. Self-certification shall be provided by the manufacturer or Contractor and shall include the following: date, Federal Aid number (if applicable), expenditure authorization, district, county, route and kilometer post of project limits; company name of certifying vendor, street address, city, state and zip code; printed name, signature and title of certifying person; and an indication of which Category 1 traffic control devices will be used on the project. The Contractor may obtain a standard form for self-certification from the Engineer.

Category 2 traffic control devices are defined as those items that are small and lightweight (less than 45 kg), that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change, but may otherwise be potentially hazardous. Category 2 traffic control devices include: barricades and portable sign supports.

Category 2 devices purchased on or after October 1, 2000 shall be on the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Acceptable Crashworthy Category 2 Hardware for Work Zones list. This list is maintained by FHWA and can be located at the following internet address: <http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/fourthlevel/hardware/listing.cfm?code=workzone>. The Department maintains a secondary list at the following internet address: <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/traffops/signtech/signdel/pdf/files.htm>.

Category 2 devices that have not received FHWA acceptance, and were purchased before October 1, 2000, may continue to be used until they complete their useful service life or until January 1, 2003, whichever comes first. Category 2 devices in use that have received FHWA acceptance shall be labeled with the FHWA acceptance letter number and the name of the manufacturer by the start of the project. The label shall be readable. After January 1, 2003, all Category 2 devices without a label shall not be used on the project.

Full compensation for providing self-certification for crashworthiness of Category 1 traffic control devices and labeling Category 2 devices as specified shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work requiring the use of the Category 1 or Category 2 traffic control devices and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.10 CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS

Construction area signs shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required in conformance with the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions. Type II retroreflective sheeting shall not be used on construction area sign panels.

Attention is directed to "Construction Project Information Signs" of these special provisions regarding the number and type of construction project information signs to be furnished, erected, maintained, and removed and disposed of.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

| Notification Center | Telephone Number |
|---|------------------|
| Underground Service Alert-Northern California (USA) | 1-800-642-2444 |
| | 1-800-227-2600 |
| Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA) | 1-800-422-4133 |
| | 1-800-227-2600 |

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes.

Sign substrates for stationary mounted construction area signs may be fabricated from fiberglass reinforced plastic as specified under "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions.

10-1.11 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.08, "Public Convenience," 7-1.09, "Public Safety," and 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and to the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions and these special provisions. Nothing in these special provisions shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from the responsibilities specified in Section 7-1.09.

Lane closures shall conform to the provisions in section "Traffic Control System for Lane Closure" of these special provisions.

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees shall not be parked on the traveled way or shoulders including any section closed to public traffic.

Whenever vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within 1.8 m of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed as shown on the plans.

Lanes shall be closed only during the hours shown on the charts included in this section "Maintaining Traffic." Except work required under Sections 7-1.08 and 7-1.09, work that interferes with public traffic shall be performed only during the hours shown for lane closures.

Lanes shall be open for use by public traffic on December 24th, December 26th, December 31st, January 2nd, July 3rd, July 5th, the Friday's preceding Easter, Memorial Day, and Labor Day, the Wednesday preceding Thanksgiving Day, and the Tuesday following Memorial Day and Labor Day. When December 24th, December 31st and July 3rd fall on a Saturday or Sunday, lanes shall be open for use by public traffic on the preceding Friday. When December 26th, January 2nd or July 5th fall on a Saturday or Sunday, lanes shall be open for use by public traffic on the following Monday.

Designated legal holidays are: January 1st, the third Monday in February, the last Monday in May, July 4th, the first Monday in September, November 11th, Thanksgiving Day, and December 25th. When a designated legal holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be a designated legal holiday. When November 11th falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a designated legal holiday.

Minor deviations from the requirements of this section concerning hours of work which do not significantly change the cost of the work may be permitted upon the written request of the Contractor, if in the opinion of the Engineer, public traffic will be better served and the work expedited. These deviations shall not be adopted by the Contractor until the Engineer has approved the deviations in writing. All other modifications will be made by contract change order.

| Chart No. 1 Multilane Lane Requirements | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| Location: SB-101 KP 75.5/R82.2 – Northbound and Southbound | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FROM HOUR TO HOUR | a.m. | | | | | | | | | | | | p.m. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Mondays through Thursdays | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fridays | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Saturdays | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sundays | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Day before designated legal holiday | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated legal holidays | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legend: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 One lane open in direction of travel <input type="checkbox"/> No lane closure allowed | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REMARKS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

10-1.12 CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

Lane closures shall conform to the provisions in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions and these special provisions.

The term closure, as used herein, is defined as the closure of a traffic lane or lanes, including ramp or connector lanes, within a single traffic control system.

CLOSURE SCHEDULE

By noon Monday, the Contractor shall submit a written schedule of planned closures for the following week period, defined as Friday noon through the following Friday noon.

The Closure Schedule shall show the locations and times when the proposed closures are to be in effect. The Contractor shall use the Closure Schedule request forms furnished by the Engineer. Closure Schedules submitted to the Engineer with incomplete, unintelligible or inaccurate information will be returned for correction and resubmittal. The Contractor will be notified of disapproved closures or closures that require coordination with other parties as a condition of approval.

Amendments to the Closure Schedule, including adding additional closures, shall be submitted to the Engineer, in writing, at least 3 working days in advance of a planned closure. Approval of amendments to the Closure Schedule will be at the discretion of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall confirm, in writing, all scheduled closures by no later than 8:00 a.m. 3 working days prior to the date on which the closure is to be made. Approval or denial of scheduled closures will be made no later than 4:00 p.m. 2 working days prior to the date on which the closure is to be made. Closures not confirmed or approved will not be allowed.

Confirmed closures that are cancelled due to unsuitable weather may be rescheduled at the discretion of the Engineer for the following working day.

CONTINGENCY PLAN

The Contractor shall prepare a contingency plan for reopening closures to public traffic. The Contractor shall submit the contingency plan for a given operation to the Engineer within one working day of the Engineer's request.

LATE REOPENING OF CLOSURES

If a closure is not reopened to public traffic by the specified time, work shall be suspended in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall not make any further closures until the Engineer has accepted a work plan, submitted by the Contractor, that will insure that future closures will be reopened to public traffic at the specified time. The Engineer will have 2 working days to accept or reject the Contractor's proposed work plan. The Contractor will not be entitled to any compensation for the suspension of work resulting from the late reopening of closures.

COMPENSATION

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any delay in the Contractor's operations due to the following conditions, and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of those conditions, and the Contractor's loss due to that delay could not have been avoided by rescheduling the affected closure or by judicious handling of forces, equipment and plant, the delay will be considered a right of way delay within the meaning of Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," and compensation for the delay will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09:

- A. The Contractor's proposed Closure Schedule is denied and his planned closures are within the time frame allowed for closures in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions, except that the Contractor will not be entitled to any compensation for amendments to the Closure Schedule that are not approved.
- B. The Contractor is denied a confirmed closure.

Should the Engineer direct the Contractor to remove a closure prior to the time designated in the approved Closure Schedule, any delay to the Contractor's schedule due to removal of the closure will be considered a right of way delay within the meaning of Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," and compensation for the delay will be determined in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09.

10-1.13 TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM FOR LANE CLOSURE

A traffic control system shall consist of closing traffic lanes and ramps in conformance with the details shown on the plans, the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications, the provisions under "Maintaining Traffic" and "Construction Area Signs" of these special provisions, and these special provisions.

The provisions in this section will not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility to provide additional devices or take measures as may be necessary to comply with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications.

Each vehicle used to place, maintain and remove components of a traffic control system on multilane highways shall be equipped with a Type II flashing arrow sign which shall be in operation when the vehicle is being used for placing, maintaining or removing components. Vehicles equipped with Type II flashing arrow sign not involved in placing, maintaining or removing components when operated within a stationary lane closure shall only display the caution display mode. The sign shall be controllable by the operator of the vehicle while the vehicle is in motion. The flashing arrow sign shown on the plans shall not be used on vehicles which are being used to place, maintain and remove components of a traffic control system and shall be in place before a lane closure requiring its use is completed.

The traffic cones shown to be placed transversely across closed traffic lanes and shoulders on the plans entitled "Traffic Control System for Lane Closures on Freeways and Expressways" and "Traffic Control System for Lane and Complete Closures on Freeways and Expressways" shall not be placed.

If components in the traffic control system are displaced or cease to operate or function as specified, from any cause, during the progress of the work, the Contractor shall immediately repair the components to the original condition or replace the components and shall restore the components to the original location.

When lane and ramp closures are made for work periods only, at the end of each work period, components of the traffic control system, except portable delineators placed along open trenches or excavation adjacent to the traveled way, shall be removed from the traveled way and shoulder. If the Contractor so elects, the components may be stored at selected central locations designated by the Engineer within the limits of the highway right of way.

The contract lump sum price paid for traffic control system shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (including signs), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in placing, removing, storing, maintaining, moving to new locations, replacing, and disposing of the components of the traffic control system shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The adjustment provisions in Section 4-1.03, "Changes," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to the item of traffic control system. Adjustments in compensation for traffic control system will be made only for increased or decreased traffic control system required by changes ordered by the Engineer and will be made on the basis of the cost of the increased or decreased traffic control necessary. The adjustment will be made on a force account basis as provided in Section 9-1.03, "Force Account Payment," of the Standard Specifications for increased work and estimated on the same basis in the case of decreased work.

Traffic control system required by work which is classed as extra work, as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications, will be paid for as a part of the extra work.

10-1.14 BARRICADE

Barricades shall be furnished, placed and maintained at the locations shown on the plans, specified in the Standard Specifications or in these special provisions or where designated by the Engineer. Barricades shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions regarding retroreflective sheeting for barricades.

Construction area signs conforming to the provisions in Section 12-3.06, "Construction Area Signs," of the Standard Specifications shall be installed on barricades in a manner determined by the Engineer at the locations shown on the plans.

Sign panels for construction area signs installed on barricades shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.06A, "Stationary Mounted Signs," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing construction area signs on barricades shall be considered as included in the contract unit price paid for the type of barricade involved and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Barricades shown on the plans as part of a traffic control system will be paid for as provided in "Traffic Control System for Lane Closure" of these special provisions and will not be included in the count for payment of barricades.

10-1.15 TEMPORARY RAILING CONNECTION

Temporary railing (Type K) connection shall be placed as shown on the plans or where ordered by the Engineer.

Attention is directed to "Temporary Railing" of these special provisions.

Full compensation for placing temporary railing (Type K) connection shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per meter for temporary railing (Type K) and no separate payment will be made therefor.

10-1.16 TEMPORARY RAILING

Temporary railing (Type K) shall be placed as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications or these special provisions or where ordered by the Engineer and shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Reflectors on temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions.

Temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the details shown on Standard Plan T3. Temporary railing (Type K) fabricated prior to January 1, 1993, and conforming to 1988 Standard Plan B11-30 may be used, provided the fabrication date is printed on the required Certificate of Compliance.

Attention is directed to "Public Safety" and "Order of Work" of these special provisions.

Temporary railing (Type K) placed in conformance with the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions will be neither measured nor paid for.

10-1.17 CHANNELIZER

Channelizers shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Channelizers shall conform to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions.

When no longer required for the work as determined by the Engineer, channelizers and underlying adhesive used to cement the channelizer bases to the pavement shall be removed. Removed channelizers and adhesive shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of work.

10-1.18 TEMPORARY CRASH CUSHION MODULE

This work shall consist of furnishing, installing, and maintaining sand filled temporary crash cushion modules in groupings or arrays at each location shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions or where designated by the Engineer. The grouping or array of sand filled modules shall form a complete sand filled temporary crash cushion in conformance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Public Safety", "Order of Work", and "Temporary Railing" of these special provisions.

GENERAL

Whenever the work or the Contractor's operations establishes a fixed obstacle, the exposed fixed obstacle shall be protected with a sand filled temporary crash cushion. The sand filled temporary crash cushion shall be in place prior to opening the lanes adjacent to the fixed obstacle to public traffic.

Sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be maintained in place at each location, including times when work is not actively in progress. Sand filled temporary crash cushions may be removed during a work period for access to the work

provided that the exposed fixed obstacle is 4.6 m or more from a lane carrying public traffic and the temporary crash cushion is reset to protect the obstacle prior to the end of the work period in which the fixed obstacle was exposed. When no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be removed from the site of the work.

MATERIALS

At the Contractor's option, the modules for use in sand filled temporary crash cushions shall be either Energite III Inertial Modules, Fitch Inertial Modules or Traffix Sand Barrels manufactured after March 31, 1997, or equal:

- A. Energite III Inertial Modules, manufactured by Energy Absorption Systems, Inc., One East Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60601-2076, Telephone 1-312-467-6750, FAX 1-800-770-6755.
 - 1. Distributor (Northern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 8585 Thys Court, Sacramento, CA 95828, Telephone 1-800-884-8274, FAX 1-916-387-9734
 - 2. Distributor (Southern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 1881 Betmor Lane, Anaheim, CA 92805, Telephone 1-800-222-8274, FAX 1-714-937-1070.
- B. Fitch Inertial Modules, manufactured by Roadway Safety Service, Inc., 1050 North Rand Road, Wauconda, IL 60084, Telephone 1-800-426-0839, FAX 1-847-487-9820.
 - 1. Distributor (Northern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 8585 Thys Court, Sacramento, CA 95828, Telephone 1-800-884-8274, FAX 1-916-387-9734
 - 2. Distributor (Southern): Traffic Control Service, Inc., 1881 Betmor Lane, Anaheim, CA 92805, Telephone 1-800-222-8274, FAX 1-714-937-1070.
- C. Traffix Sand Barrels, manufactured by Traffix Devices, Inc., 220 Calle Pintoresco, San Clemente, CA 92672, Telephone 1-949-361-5663, FAX 1-949-361-9205.
 - 1. Russ Enterprises, Inc., 1533 Berger Drive, San Jose, CA 95112, Telephone 1-408-287-4303, FAX 1-408-287-1929.
 - 2. Statewide Safety, P.O. Box 1440, Pismo Beach, CA 93448, Telephone 1-800-559-7080, FAX 1-805-929-5786.

Modules contained in each temporary crash cushion shall be of the same type at each location. The color of the modules shall be the standard yellow color, as furnished by the vendor, with black lids. The modules shall exhibit good workmanship free from structural flaws and objectionable surface defects. The modules need not be new. Good used undamaged modules conforming to color and quality of the types specified herein may be utilized. If used Fitch modules requiring a seal are furnished, the top edge of the seal shall be securely fastened to the wall of the module by a continuous strip of heavy duty tape.

Modules shall be filled with sand in conformance with the manufacturer's directions, and to the sand capacity in kilograms for each module shown on the plans. Sand for filling the modules shall be clean washed concrete sand of commercial quality. At the time of placing in the modules, the sand shall contain not more than 7 percent water as determined by California Test 226.

Modules damaged due to the Contractor's operations shall be repaired immediately by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense. Modules damaged beyond repair, as determined by the Engineer, due to the Contractor's operations shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

INSTALLATION

Temporary crash cushion modules shall be placed on movable pallets or frames conforming to the dimensions shown on the plans. The pallets or frames shall provide a full bearing base beneath the modules. The modules and supporting pallets or frames shall not be moved by sliding or skidding along the pavement or bridge deck.

A Type R or P marker panel shall be attached to the front of the crash cushion as shown on the plans, when the closest point of the crash cushion array is within 3.6 m of the traveled way. The marker panel, when required, shall be firmly fastened to the crash cushion with commercial quality hardware or by other methods determined by the Engineer.

At the completion of the project, temporary crash cushion modules, sand filling, pallets or frames, and marker panels shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work. Temporary crash cushion modules shall not be installed in the permanent work.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Temporary crash cushion modules placed in conformance with the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions will not be measured nor paid for.

10-1.19 EXISTING HIGHWAY FACILITIES

The work performed in connection with various existing highway facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

RELOCATE LANDMARK MONUMENT

The existing landmark monument shall be relocated to the new location shown on the plans.

Concrete for relocate landmark monument shall be constructed of Class 2 concrete conforming to the provisions in Section 51, "Concrete Structures," of the Standard Specifications.

The contract unit price paid for relocate landmark monument shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in relocating landmark monument, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

REMOVE EXISTING FACILITIES

Removal of existing facilities as shown on the plans to be removed conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Improvements within the safety roadside rest areas, including, but not limited to, kiosks, exterior light fixtures, bollard, grates and spigots, signs, plaques, irrigation systems, fencing, turf, shrubs, and tree stump, shall be removed as part of the work included under remove existing facilities. Concrete walks, picnic tables and benches, and building, water, and wastewater facilities shall be removed as described elsewhere in these special provisions. Existing phone equipment will be removed by others.

The State reserves the right to salvage materials from the improvements prior to the date set for opening of bids.

Existing irrigation backflow preventer assemblies shall remain in place. Backflow preventer assemblies that are damaged by the Contractor's operation shall be reported immediately to the Engineer. After disconnecting the existing irrigation facilities to be removed from the backflow preventer assemblies to remain, the remaining facility shall be capped or plugged, or shall be connected to a new irrigation facility.

Existing chain link fence including fabric, posts, post footings and fittings, at the locations shown on the plans, shall be removed and existing post holes shall be backfilled and compacted.

Facilities to be removed, shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall not dispose of the improvements or materials therefrom by sale, gift or in any manner whatsoever to the general public at the site, provided however, that this provision shall not be construed as limiting or prohibiting the sale or disposal of the improvements or materials at the site to duly licensed contractors or material vendors, and provided that the materials are removed from the improvement by the State's Contractor.

The contract lump sum price paid for remove existing facilities shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in demolition, removal, and disposal of the existing facilities, complete in place, including backfilling and compacting fence post holes and irrigation trenches, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

REMOVE PICNIC TABLE AND BENCHES

Existing picnic tables, where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed and disposed of in accordance with these special provisions. The existing paint on the wood picnic table and bench tops include layers of lead based paint. The Contractors attention is directed to the following report that is available for inspection at the Department of Transportation, 50 Higuera Street, San Luis Obispo, CA (805) 549-3111. Asbestos and Lead-Based paint Surveys, Safety Roadside Rest Area at Gaviota, Santa Barbara County, California (July 2000). Any work that disturbs the existing paint system will expose workers to health hazards and will (1) produce debris containing heavy metal in amounts that exceed the thresholds established in Titles 8 and 22 of the California Code of Regulations or (2) produce toxic chips, dust or fumes when disturbed or heated. All debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed shall be collected and contained.

The wood table and bench tops shall be removed from their concrete base. Table and bench tops shall be stabilized by removing loose paint chips followed by scraping and wet wiping. The Contractor shall not saw, burn, dry scrape, dry sand, abrasively blast, ground into mulch or reuse the picnic table and bench tops. The table and bench tops should be disposed in a properly licensed landfill.

DEBRIS CONTAINMENT AND COLLECTION PROGRAM

All debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed shall be contained. Prior to starting paint removal work on the table and bench tops, the Contractor shall submit a debris containment and collection program to the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications, for debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed. The program shall identify materials, equipment, and methods to be used when the existing paint system is disturbed and shall include provisions for worker safety.

If the measures being taken by the Contractor are inadequate to provide for the containment and collection of debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed, the Engineer will direct the Contractor to revise the operations and the debris containment and collection program. The directions will be in writing and will specify the items of work for which the Contractor's debris containment and collection program are inadequate. No further work shall be performed on the items until the debris containment and collection programs are adequate and, if required, a revised program has been approved for the containment and collection of debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed.

The Engineer will notify the Contractor of the approval or rejection of any submitted or revised debris containment and collection program within 2 weeks of submittal of the Contractor's program or revised program.

The State will not be liable to the Contractor for failure to approve all or any portion of an originally submitted or revised debris containment and collection program, nor for any delays to the work due to the Contractor's failure to submit acceptable programs.

SAFETY AND HEALTH PROVISIONS

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.06, "Safety and Health Provisions," of the Standard Specifications. Work practices and worker health and safety shall conform to the Construction Safety Orders Title 8, of the California Code of Regulations including Section 1532.1, "Lead."

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a written Code of Safe Practices and shall have an Injury and Illness Prevention Program and a Hazard Communication Program in conformance with the provisions of Construction Safety Orders 1509 and 1510.

Prior to starting work that disturbs the existing paint system and at such times when revisions to the program are required by Section 1532.1, "Lead," the Contractor shall submit the compliance program required in subsection (e)(2), "Compliance Program," of Section 1532.1, "Lead," of the Construction Safety Orders to the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications. The compliance program shall include the items specified in subsections (e)(2)(B) and (e)(2)(C) of Section 1532.1, "Lead." Approval of the compliance program by the Engineer will not be required. The compliance program shall be reviewed and signed by a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH) who is certified in comprehensive practice by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene (ABIH). Copies of all air monitoring or jobsite inspection reports made by or under the direction of the CIH in conformance with Section 1532.1, "Lead," shall be furnished to the Engineer within 5 days after date of monitoring or inspection.

DEBRIS HANDLING

Debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed shall not be temporarily stored on the ground. Debris accumulated from removing the loose paint chips from the wood table and bench top and from removing the table and bench top from the concrete base shall be removed before the end of each work shift. Debris shall be stored in approved leak proof containers and shall be handled in such a manner that no spillage will occur.

Disposal of debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed shall be performed in conformance with all applicable Federal, State and Local hazardous waste laws. Laws that govern this work include:

- A. Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.5 (California Hazardous Waste Control Act).
- B. Title 22; California Code of Regulations, Chapter 30 (Minimum Standard for Management of Hazardous and Extremely Hazardous Materials).
- C. Title 8, California Code of Regulations.

Except as otherwise provided herein, debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed shall be disposed of by the Contractor at an approved Class 1 disposal facility in conformance with the requirements of the disposal facility operator. The debris shall be hauled by a transporter currently registered with the California Department of Toxic Substances Control using correct manifesting procedures and vehicles displaying current certification of compliance. The Contractor shall make all arrangements with the operator of the disposal facility and perform any testing of the debris required by the operator.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for the containment system, and handling of debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed, including testing, hauling, treatment, disposal fees, disposal of table and bench tops, and local taxes, shall be

considered as included in the contract price paid for the item of work requiring the disposal of the debris produced when the existing paint system is disturbed and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

REMOVE TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKING

Traffic stripes and pavement markings to be removed shall be removed at the locations shown on the plans and at the locations designated by the Engineer.

REMOVE ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE

Existing asphalt concrete dike, where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed.

The dike shall be removed in such a manner that the surfacing which is to remain in place is not damaged.

The dike shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

REMOVE ASPHALT CONCRETE

Existing asphalt concrete shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed along with underlying base to a depth of at least 150 mm below the grade of the existing surface. Resulting holes and depressions shall be backfilled with earthy material to the lines and grade established by the Engineer.

The material removed shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-2.03, "Disposal," of the Standard Specifications.

Remove asphalt concrete will be measured by the square meter.

The contract unit price paid per square meter for remove asphalt concrete shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in removing asphalt concrete and underlying base as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

RELAY ENTRANCE TAPER

Entrance tapers shown on the plans to be relayed shall be relayed in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-2.05, "Reconstruction," of the Standard Specifications.

REMOVE CONCRETE

Concrete, where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed. Broken concrete resulting from removal of concrete may be used to construct slope protection in conformance with the provisions in "Broken Concrete Slope Protection" of these special provisions.

Remove concrete will be paid for on a lump sum basis

Concrete removed shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.20 EARTHWORK

Earthwork shall conform to the provisions in Section 19, "Earthwork," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The "0.2-m" dimensions in the fifth paragraph of Section 19-3.08, "Payment," of the Standard Specifications are increased to "0.3-m" on this project.

10-1.21 EROSION CONTROL (BLANKET)

Erosion control (blanket) shall conform to the details shown on the plans, the provisions in Section 20-3, "Erosion Control," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Erosion control (blanket) (Type 1) work shall consist of applying seed and commercial fertilizer and installing erosion control blanket to excavation slopes as shown on the plans and other areas designated by the Engineer. Erosion control (blanket) (Type 2) work shall consist of installing erosion control blanket to excavation slopes as shown on the plans and other areas designated by the Engineer.

MATERIALS

Materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Seed

Seed shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.10, "Seed," of the Standard Specifications. Individual seed species shall be measured and mixed in the presence of the Engineer.

Seed not required to be labeled under the California Food and Agricultural Code shall be tested for purity and germination by a seed laboratory certified by the Association of Official Seed Analysts or by a seed technologist certified by the Society of Commercial Seed Technologists.

Seed shall have been tested for purity and germination not more than one year prior to application of seed.

Results from testing seed for purity and germination shall be furnished to the Engineer prior to applying seed.

Seed shall be delivered to the job site in unopened separate containers with the seed tag attached. Containers without a seed tag will not be accepted.

A sample of approximately 30 g of seed will be taken from each seed container by the Engineer.

Legume Seed

Legume seed shall be pellet-inoculated or industrial-inoculated and shall conform to the following:

- A. Pellet-inoculated seed shall be inoculated in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-2.10, "Seed," of the Standard Specifications.
- B. Inoculated seed shall have a calcium carbonate coating.
- C. Pellet-inoculated seed shall be sown within 90 days after inoculation.
- D. Industrial-inoculated seed shall be inoculated with Rhizobia and coated using an industrial process by a manufacturer whose principal business is seed coating and seed inoculation.
- E. Industrial-inoculated seed shall be sown within 180 calendar days after inoculation.
- F. Legume seed shall consist of the following:

LEGUME SEED (Type 1)

| Botanical Name (Common Name) | Percent Germination (Minimum) | Kilograms Pure Live Seed Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Lupinus bicolor (Pygmy-leaved Lupine) | 70 | 4 |

Non-Legume Seed

Non-legume seed shall consist of the following:

NON-LEGUME SEED (Type 1)

| Botanical Name (Common Name) | Percent Germination (Minimum) | Kilograms Pure Live Seed Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Eschscholzia californica (California Poppy) | 55 | 4 |
| Vulpia microstachys (Small California Fescue) | 50 | 22 |

Commercial Fertilizer

Commercial fertilizer shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.02, "Commercial Fertilizer," of the Standard Specifications and shall have a guaranteed chemical analysis of 23 percent nitrogen, 5 percent phosphoric acid and 10 percent water soluble potash.

Erosion Control Blanket

Erosion control blanket (Type 1 and Type 2) shall consist of straw mats secured in place with wire staples and shall conform to the following:

- A. Straw blanket shall be machine produced mats of straw with a lightweight photo-degradable netting on top. The straw shall be adhered to the netting with biodegradable thread or glue strip. The straw erosion control blanket shall be of consistent thickness and the straw shall be evenly distributed over the entire area of the blanket. Straw erosion control blanket shall be furnished in rolled strips with a minimum width of 2 m, minimum length of 25 m ± one m and a minimum mass of 0.27-kg/m².
- B. Staples for erosion control blankets shall be made of 11-gage minimum steel wire and shall be U-shaped with 200-mm legs and 50-mm crown.

APPLICATION

Erosion control (blanket) (Type 1 and Type 2) materials shall be placed in separate applications as follows:

- A. The first application of (Type 1) shall consist of applying seed and commercial fertilizer at the following rates and in the following sequence:
 - 1. Seed and commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rates indicated in the following table. If hydro-seeding equipment is used to apply seed and commercial fertilizer, the mixture shall be applied within 60 minutes after the seed has been added to the mixture.

| Material | Kilograms Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|-----------------------|--|
| Non-Legume Seed | 4 |
| Legume Seed | 26 |
| Commercial Fertilizer | 200 |

- B. Prior to placing erosion control blanket (Type 1) and (Type 2), the surface upon which blanket is to be placed shall be free of loose or extraneous material and sharp objects that may damage the blanket during installation or prevent intimate contact with the soil. The second application of (Type 1) shall consist of installing the erosion control blanket over the seed and commercial fertilizer application. The application of (Type 2) shall consist of installing the erosion control blanket.
- C. Erosion control blanket strips shall be placed loosely on the slope with the longitudinal joints perpendicular to the slope contour lines. Longitudinal and transverse joints of blankets shall be butted snugly against adjacent strips or overlapped according to the manufacturer's recommendations and stapled. Staples shall be driven perpendicular to the slopes, and shall be located and spaced in conformance with the manufacturer's instructions. Ends of the blankets shall be secured in place in conformance with the manufacturer's instructions. A slit shall be made in the erosion control blanket (Type 2) parallel to the fall of the slope, at each plant location sufficient to receive the rootball. Erosion control blanket (Type 2) shall be placed so that the blanket does not come in contact with the plant stem. Edges of each slit shall be secured with a minimum of two staples.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The quantity of erosion control blanket (Type 1) will be determined by the square meter from actual slope measurement of the area covered by the erosion control blanket.

The quantity of erosion control blanket (Type 2) will be determined by the square meter from actual slope measurement of the area covered by the erosion control blanket.

The contract price paid per square meter for erosion control blanket (Type 1) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing erosion control blanket, complete in place, including furnishing and applying pure live seed, commercial fertilizer, and the materials for the erosion control blanket, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract price paid per square meter for erosion control blanket (Type 2) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing erosion control blanket, complete in place, including furnishing and applying the materials for the erosion control blanket, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.22 EROSION CONTROL (TYPE D)

Erosion control (Type D) shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-3, "Erosion Control," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Erosion control (Type D) work shall consist of applying erosion control materials to slopes as shown on the plans and other areas disturbed by construction activities. Erosion control (Type D) shall be applied after irrigation has been installed.

Prior to installing erosion control materials, soil surface preparation shall conform to the provisions in Section 19-2.05, "Slopes," of the Standard Specifications, except that rills and gullies exceeding 50 mm in depth or width shall be leveled. Vegetative growth, temporary erosion control materials and other debris shall be removed from areas to receive erosion control.

MATERIALS

Materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Seed

Seed shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.10, "Seed," of the Standard Specifications. Individual seed species shall be measured and mixed in the presence of the Engineer.

Seed shall be delivered to the project site in unopened separate containers with the seed tag attached. Containers without a seed tag attached will not be accepted.

A sample of approximately 30 g of seed will be taken from each seed container by the Engineer.

Seed

Seed shall consist of the following:

| NON-LEGUME SEED | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Botanical Name (Common Name) | Percent Germination (Minimum) | Kilograms Pure Live Seed Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
| Ceanothus impressus (Santa Barbara Ceanothus) (mechanically scarified) | 35 | 4 |
| Nassella pulchra (Purple Needlegrass) | 35 | 26 |

Commercial Fertilizer

Commercial fertilizer for erosion control (Type D) shall conform to the provisions specified for commercial fertilizer in "Erosion Control (Blanket)" of these special provisions.

Stabilizing Emulsion

Stabilizing emulsion shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.11, "Stabilizing Emulsion," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions. Stabilizing emulsion shall be nonflammable and shall have an effective life of at least one year.

Stabilizing emulsion shall be in a dry powder form, may be reemulsifiable, and shall be a processed organic adhesive used as a soil tackifier.

APPLICATION

Erosion control materials shall be applied in 2 separate applications in the following sequence:

- A. The following mixture in the proportions indicated shall be applied with hydro-seeding equipment within 60 minutes after the seed has been added to the mixture:

| Material | Kilograms Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|----------|--|
| Fiber | 600 |
| Seed | 30 |

- B.. The following mixture in the proportions indicated shall be applied with hydro-seeding equipment:

| Material | Kilograms Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Fiber | 1400 |
| Commercial Fertilizer | 200 |
| Stabilizing Emulsion (Solids) | 150 |

- C.. The ratio of total water to total stabilizing emulsion in the mixture shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

Once work is started in an area, stabilizing emulsion applications shall be completed in that area on the same working day.

The proportions of erosion control materials may be changed by the Engineer to meet field conditions.

10-1.23 EROSION CONTROL (DRILL SEED)

Erosion control (drill seed) shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-3, "Erosion Control," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Erosion control (drill seed) work shall consist of drilling seed into areas that are 1:3 (vertical:horizontal) or flatter as shown on the plans and other areas designated by the Engineer. A strip 1 m wide adjacent to the edge of pavement shall not be seeded. Erosion control (drill seed) shall be applied after irrigation has been installed and before plants are installed.

MATERIALS

Materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Seed

Seed shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.10, "Seed," of the Standard Specifications. Individual seed species shall be measured and mixed in the presence of the Engineer.

Seed shall be delivered to the project site in unopened separate containers with the seed tag attached. Containers without a seed tag attached will not be accepted.

A sample of approximately 30 g of seed will be taken from each seed container by the Engineer.

Legume Seed

Legume seed shall be pellet-inoculated or industrial-inoculated and shall conform to the following:

- A. Inoculated seed shall be inoculated in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-2.10, "Seed," of the Standard Specifications.
- B. Inoculated seed shall have a calcium carbonate coating.
- C. Industrial-inoculated seed shall be inoculated with Rhizobia and coated using an industrial process by a manufacturer whose principal business is seed coating and seed inoculation.
- D. Industrial-inoculated seed shall be sown within 180 calendar days after inoculation.
- E. Legume seed shall consist of the following:

LEGUME SEED

| Botanical Name (Common Name) | Percent Germination (Minimum) | Kilograms Pure Live Seed Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Lupinus bicolor (Pygmy-leaved Lupine) | 70 | 4 |

Note: Pure live seed shall be determined by multiplying the percentage of purity by the percentage of germination.

Non-Legume Seed

Non-legume seed shall consist of the following:

NON-LEGUME SEED

| Botanical Name (Common Name) | Percent Germination (Minimum) | Kilograms Pure Live Seed Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Achillea millefolium (White Yarrow) | 60 | 8 |
| Achillea millefolium (Rosy Red Yarrow) | 60 | 4 |
| Achillea millefolium (Cerise Queen Yarrow) | 60 | 4 |
| Eriogonum fasciculatum (California Buckwheat 'Theodore Payne') | 10 | 2 |
| Eriogonum latifolia (Coast Buckwheat) | 30 | 2 |
| Eriogonum parvifolium (Sea Cliff Buckwheat) | 30 | 2 |
| Eschscholzia californica (California Poppy) | 55 | 4 |

Note: Pure live seed shall be determined by multiplying the percentage of purity by the percentage of germination.

Commercial Fertilizer

Commercial fertilizer for erosion control (drill seed) shall conform to the provisions specified for commercial fertilizer in "Erosion Control (Blanket)" of these special provisions.

Stabilizing Emulsion

Stabilizing emulsion (solids) shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.11, "Stabilizing Emulsion," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions. Stabilizing emulsion shall be nonflammable and shall have an effective life of at least one year. Stabilizing emulsion shall be in a dry powder form, may be reemulsifiable, and shall be a processed organic adhesive used as a soil tackifier.

EQUIPMENT

Seeding equipment shall be a range land drill seeder. The seeder shall be equipped with a fluffy seed box with agitators to prevent bridging and clogging. The seed box shall have metal row dividers and individual box adjustment to meter seed flow.

APPLICATION

Erosion control materials shall be applied in 2 separate applications as follows:

- A. Seed shall be drilled in rows at a maximum distance of 200 mm apart. Seed shall be drilled to a depth of 5 mm.
- B. A minimum of 3 passes in different directions with seeding equipment shall be required to distribute the seed and reduce the uniform row appearance.
- C. The following mixture in the proportions indicated shall be applied with hydro-seeding equipment:

| Material | Kilograms Per Hectare (Slope Measurement) |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Fiber | 600 |
| Commercial Fertilizer | 200 |
| Stabilizing Emulsion (Solids) | 150 |

- D. The ratio of total water to total stabilizing emulsion in the mixture shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

The proportions of erosion control materials may be changed by the Engineer to meet field conditions.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Erosion Control (Drill Seed) will be measured by the square meter as shown in the Engineer's Estimate, calculated on the basis of actual measurements.

The contract unit price paid per square meter for erosion control (drill seed) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in drilling seed for erosion control, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.24 WILLOW CUTTINGS (PLANT GROUP W)

Willow cutting work shall consist of obtaining, transporting and planting willow cuttings in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4, "Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Willow cuttings shall not be planted until the soil is moist to a minimum depth of 200 mm, unless otherwise permitted, in writing, by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, at least 10 working days prior to gathering willow cuttings. The cuttings shall be taken only from the areas designated by the Engineer.

Willow cuttings shall be taken at random from healthy, vigorous plants. Not more than 50 percent of the plants in a designated area shall be cut. Not more than 25 percent of each individual plant shall be cut. Cuts shall be made with sharp, clean tools.

Willow cuttings shall be reasonably straight, 400 mm to 500 mm in length, and 20 mm to 40 mm in diameter at the base of the cutting. The top of each willow cutting shall be cut square above a leaf bud, and the base of each willow cutting shall be cut below a leaf bud at an angle of approximately 45 degrees. Willow cuttings shall have leaves and branches trimmed off flush with the stem. Pruned branches and trimmings shall be spread in the designated willow cutting areas so that no areas are left unsightly.

Willow cuttings shall be planted within 48 hours after cutting and shall be kept wet until planted. Willow cuttings not planted within 48 hours after cutting, or allowed to dry out, shall not be used. Willow cuttings not used shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

A root stimulant shall be applied to the willow cuttings immediately prior to planting. The stimulant shall be applied in conformance with the printed instructions of the root stimulant manufacturer. A copy of the instructions shall be furnished to the Engineer prior to applying the stimulant.

Planting holes shall be made perpendicular to the ground line and shall be formed with a steel bar or excavated by use of an auger, post hole digger or similar tools. Plant holes shall be large enough to receive the willow cuttings in order that the willow cuttings may be planted to the proper depths without damage to the bark. Where rock or other hard material prohibits holes from being excavated as specified, new holes shall be excavated and the abandoned holes backfilled.

If the soil in and around the plant hole is not wet prior to planting, the soil shall be watered and maintained in a wet state until the willow cuttings are planted.

The base of willow cuttings shall be planted from 300 mm to 400 mm deep (approximately one-half the willow cutting's length) and shall have from 3 to 5 bud scars exposed above the plant hole. Cuttings with more than 5 bud scars exposed shall have excess scars removed by pruning. After planting, the plant holes shall be backfilled with excavated material. The excavated material shall be distributed evenly within the hole without clods, lumps or air pockets and compacted without damage to the willow cutting's bark. Compaction shall be adequate to prevent the willow cutting from being easily removed from the soil.

Cuttings shall be watered and maintained in a healthy condition from the time the cuttings are planted until acceptance of the contract. Cuttings that die shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense. The method of planting replacement cuttings shall be as specified in this section for willow cuttings.

The quantity of willow cuttings will be measured as units determined from actual count in place, excluding additional willow cuttings required for replacement cuttings.

Full compensation for obtaining and transporting willow cuttings, preparing planting holes, furnishing and placing fertilizer tablets, applying root stimulant, and for watering and maintaining willow cuttings shall be considered as included in the contract unit price paid for plant (Group W) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.25 AGGREGATE BASE

Aggregate base shall be Class 2 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 26, "Aggregate Bases," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The restriction that the amount of reclaimed material included in Class 2 aggregate base not exceed 50 percent of the total volume of the aggregate used shall not apply. Aggregate for Class 2 aggregate base may include reclaimed glass. Aggregate base incorporating reclaimed glass shall not be placed at locations where surfacing will not be placed over the aggregate base.

10-1.26 ASPHALT CONCRETE

Asphalt concrete shall be Type B and shall conform to the provisions in Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The amount of asphalt binder used in asphalt concrete placed in dikes, gutters, gutter flares, overside drains and aprons at the ends of drainage structures shall be increased one percent by mass of the aggregate over the amount of asphalt binder determined for use in asphalt concrete placed on the traveled way.

The miscellaneous areas to be paid for at the contract price per square meter for place asphalt concrete (miscellaneous area), in addition to the prices paid for the materials involved, shall be limited to the areas listed on the plans.

Aggregate for asphalt concrete dikes shall be in conformance with the provisions for 9.5-mm Maximum grading in Section 39-2.02, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.27 CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Portland cement concrete structures shall conform to the provisions in Section 51, "Concrete Structures," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Entry Sign Wall (Northbound), Entry Sign Wall (Southbound), Interpretive Display Wall (Northbound), and Seat Wall with Timeline (Northbound) shall conform to the provisions in Section 51, "Concrete Structures," of the Standard Specifications, shall be constructed as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Walls shall be constructed of Class 2 concrete and shall conform to the requirements in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications.

Epoxy shall conform to the requirements in Section 95, "Epoxy," of the Standard Specifications.

Cap for seat wall shall be constructed from precast concrete sections. Finish of cap shall be smooth, color shall be medium gray similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595.

Cast metal letters shall be commercially available, and designed for outdoor installation. Letters shall be cast brass with a polished finish. Letters shall be Times Bold font, 100 millimeters in height, 90 millimeters in width, 10 millimeters in depth. Cast metal letters shall be installed according to manufacturer's recommendations, as shown on the plans, and as directed by the Engineer.

Support brackets for bronze plaques shall and commercial quality as approved by the Engineer and installed as shown on the plans.

Interpretive display signs shall be relocated from existing locations as shown on the plans. Brackets shall be furnished and installed and shall be burgundy color, similar in hue to color number 10076 of the Federal Standard Book 595.

Bronze plaques shall be solid bronze casting with light oxide background and sealed with a clear heavy lacquer finish coat. Lacquer shall be commercially available and shall be the best quality grade coatings of the specified types as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

Bronze plaques shall be furnished and installed as shown on the plans.

The timeline shall be solid bronze bar and sealed with a clear heavy lacquer finish coat. Timeline shall be inlaid in concrete band with bronze date indicator mark at each date location. Eight dates shall be sandblasted or set in concrete timeline. Each date shall be a four number year. At the Contractor's option, the dates may be sandblasted or pre-set in concrete band with Styrofoam letters.

The Engineer will provide the Contractor with artwork for interpretive displays, and with size, style and layout of text for fabrication of each bronze plaque, and specific dates for the timeline. A material sample and manufacturer's specifications showing font style, dimensions, materials, finish, installation and spacing recommendations for cast metal lettering, and for bronze plaques, shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least 14 days prior to intended use. Exact placement location of interpretive displays and bronze plaques shall be approved by the Engineer prior to installation.

Stone veneer shall be Sydney Peak Regular flagstone selected to match existing stone work. Grout shall be colored to match existing grout. Samples of stone veneer and colored grout shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least 14 days prior to intended use. New stone veneer shall be installed as specified elsewhere in these special provisions. Existing stone veneer shall be repointed as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

The contract lump sum price paid for Entry Sign Wall (Northbound) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing Entry Sign Wall (Northbound), including re-pointing and lettering, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract lump sum price paid for Entry Sign Wall (Southbound) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing Entry Sign Wall

(Southbound), including reinforcement, lettering, and stone veneer and grout, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract lump sum price paid for Interpretive Display Wall (Northbound) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing Interpretive Display Wall (Northbound), including reinforcement, lettering, signs, plaques, concrete cap, and stone veneer and grout, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract lump sum price paid for Seat Wall with Timeline (Northbound) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing Seat Wall with Timeline (Northbound), including reinforcement, lettering, signs, plaques, concrete cap, and stone veneer and grout, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.28 ROADSIDE SIGNS

Roadside signs shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans or where designated by the Engineer and in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-2, "Roadside Signs," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Wood posts shall be pressure treated after fabrication in conformance with the provisions in Section 58, "Preservative Treatment of Lumber, Timber and Piling," of the Standard Specifications with creosote, creosote coal tar solution, creosote petroleum solution (50-50), pentachlorophenol in hydrocarbon solvent, copper naphthenate, ammoniacal copper arsenate, or ammoniacal copper zinc arsenate. In addition to the preservatives listed above, Southern yellow pine may also be pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate. When other than one of the creosote processes is used, blocks shall have a minimum retention of 6.4 kg/m³, and need not be incised.

Type N, Type P, and Type R marker panels mounted on a post with a roadside sign shall be considered to be sign panels and will not be paid for as markers.

10-1.29 INSTALL ROADSIDE SIGN PANEL ON EXISTING POST

Roadside sign panels shall be installed on existing posts at the locations shown on the plans or where designated by the Engineer and in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-2.04, "Sign Panel Installation," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Cutting the ends of wood posts in the field and field application of wood preservatives shall conform to the provisions in the sixth paragraph in Section 56-2.02B, "Wood Posts," of the Standard Specifications.

Two holes shall be drilled in each existing post as required to provide a breakaway feature as shown on the plans.

Installing roadside sign panels on existing posts will be paid for by the unit as determined from actual count in place.

The contract unit price paid for install roadside sign panel on existing post shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (except State-furnished sign panels), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing roadside sign panels on existing posts (including drilling holes in existing posts), complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.30 CORRUGATED METAL PIPE

Corrugated steel pipe culverts shall conform to the provisions in Section 66, "Corrugated Metal Pipe," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Corrugated steel pipe shall be fabricated from zinc-coated steel sheet.

10-1.31 OVERSIDE DRAIN

Asphalt concrete overside drains shall conform to the provisions in Section 69, "Overside Drains," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.32 DECOMPOSED GRANITE

Decomposed granite shall be placed at the locations shown on the plans and in accordance with these special provisions.

Decomposed granite shall be gold in color, and shall be obtained from a single source, and a sample shall be approved by the Engineer.

Decomposed granite shall be free from vegetable matter and other deleterious substances, and shall be of such nature that it can be compacted readily under watering and rolling to form a firm and stable base. Decomposed granite shall be any igneous rock which has been weathered in place, or any sedimentary principally derived from igneous rock.

An organically powered decomposed granite binder specifically manufactured to harden decomposed granite or soil shall be thoroughly mixed with the decomposed granite at the rate of 4.54 kg per 0.91 tonnes of decomposed granite prior to placement. Binder material shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to mixing.

The areas to receive the decomposed granite shall be cleared as specified under "Roadside Clearing" elsewhere in these special provisions.

After clearing, the areas to receive decomposed granite shall be graded to a smooth surface and compacted to 90 percent relative compaction. After compaction, the areas shall be treated with dichlobenil. The treatment shall be applied at the maximum label rate unless otherwise directed by the Engineer and shall not be applied more than 300 mm beyond the decomposed granite limits.

Soil treatment shall conform to provisions in Section 20-4.026, "Pesticides," of the Standard Specifications, except recommendations from a licensed Pest Control Advisor will not be required.

Decomposed granite shall be placed in two 25 mm layers compacted to a depth of 100 mm as shown on the plans.

The first layer of decomposed granite shall be placed, watered, rolled and compacted to not less than 90 percent relative compaction. Following approval by the Engineer of the compacted layer of decomposed granite, the second layer of decomposed granite shall be placed, watered, rolled and compacted to not less than 90 percent relative compaction.

After rough spreading and final grading operations of each decomposed granite layer, the decomposed granite shall be raked to evenly blend the different gradation sizes and graded to form a smooth uniform surface. The decomposed granite shall be saturated with water to the full depth of the decomposed granite area. The Engineer will determine the amount of water necessary to aid in the compaction.

Equipment operations for compacting decomposed granite areas after water has been applied shall be done in a manner that uniformly maximizes the equipment size and weight to form a smooth uniform surface at 90 percent re

Edgings will not be required between the decomposed granite areas and the adjacent edge of pavement.

Decomposed granite will be measured by the cubic meter as determined from actual measurements made parallel to the ground slope.

The contract price paid per cubic meter for decomposed granite shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in placing decomposed granite, complete in place, including grading, raking and compacting the areas to receive the decomposed granite and furnishing and applying soil sterilant, and decomposed granite binder material, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.33 SLOPE PROTECTION

Slope protection shall be placed or constructed in conformance with the provisions in Section 72, "Slope Protection," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.34 BROKEN CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION

Broken concrete may be placed as slope protection at the locations and to the details and dimensions shown on the plans and in conformance with these special provisions.

Broken concrete resulting from concrete removal, as provided in "Remove Concrete" of these special provisions, used to construct the slope protection shall conform to the grading requirements for rock slope protection facing specified in Section 72-2.02 "Materials," of the Standard Specifications..

Prior to placing, exposed reinforcing steel projecting from the broken concrete shall be cut off flush with the surface of the concrete.

Broken concrete shall be placed in conformance with the provisions for Method B placement specified in Section 72-2.03, "Placing," of the Standard Specifications.

Broken concrete slope protection will be measured and paid for by the cubic meter as rock slope protection (Facing, Method B).

10-1.35 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION

Minor concrete for walkway, and concrete mow strip shall conform to the provisions in Section 73, "Concrete Curbs and Sidewalks," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Aggregate for minor concrete (walkways and concrete mow strip) shall conform to the grading specified for fine aggregate in Section 90-3.03, "Fine Aggregate Grading," of the Standard Specifications. Aggregate for grout shall conform to the following grading:

| Sieve Sizes | Percentage Passing |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 4.75-mm | 100 |
| 2.36-mm | 90 - 100 |
| 1.18-mm | 60 - 100 |
| 600-µm | 35 - 70 |
| 300-µm | 15 - 35 |
| 150-µm | 2 - 15 |

Bar reinforcement, of the size and type shown on the plans and conforming to the provisions in Section 52, "Reinforcement," of the Standard Specifications, shall be placed in the concrete as shown on the plans.

Aggregate base shall be Class 2 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 26, "Aggregate Bases," of the Standard Specifications.

The concrete shall be placed at the locations shown on the plans, struck off and compacted until a layer of mortar is brought to the surface. The concrete shall be screeded to the required grade and cross section and floated to a uniform surface.

Concrete shall be cured by the curing compound method. The curing compound shall be curing compound (6) conforming to the provisions in Section 90-7.01B, "Curing Compound Method," of the Standard Specifications.

Curing seal and other deleterious substances shall be removed from the impressions to receive the grout, before the grout is placed. Cleaning and removal methods shall not stain or discolor those portions to remain exposed after grouting. Methods of cleaning the impressions to be grouted shall be approved by the Engineer.

For payment purposes, the area in square meters of minor concrete (walkways) and the meters of minor concrete (concrete mow strip) will be determined from horizontal measurements.

The contract unit price paid per square meter of minor concrete (walkways) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (including reinforcing steel), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing concrete walkways, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The contract unit price paid per meter of minor concrete (concrete mow strip) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing concrete mow strip, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Constructing concrete pads for phone pedestals will be measured and paid for at the contract price paid per square meter for minor concrete (walkways) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.36 CHAIN LINK FENCE

Chain link fence shall be Type CL 1.2, and shall be Type CL 1.8 with slats, as shown on the plans and shall conform to the provisions in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions. The slats shall be UV-resistant vinyl and shall be redwood color. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with a material sample and manufacturer's product data catalog sheet.

Full compensation for providing and installing UV-resistant vinyl slats shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per meter for chain link fence (Type 1.8, vinyl slats) and no additional compensation will be allowed.

10-1.37 CHAIN LINK GATE

Chain link walk gates shall be Type CL-1.2 conforming to the provisions in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Gates shall be installed in new fences at the locations shown on the plans. The exact location of the gate will be determined by the Engineer. Gate installations shall be complete with gate post, latch post, concrete footings, braces, truss rods, and hardware. Gate and latch posts shall be braced to the next existing line post as shown on the plans.

Gate mounting and latching hardware shall not contain open-end slots for the fastening bolts.

Chain link fabric for gates shall be of the same mesh size as the fence in which the gates are installed.

Full compensation for new posts, footings, hardware, braces, and truss rods shall be considered as included in the contract unit price paid for 1.2-m chain link gate (Type CL-1.2) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.38 PAINT TRAFFIC STRIPE (2-COAT)

Painted traffic stripes (traffic lines) shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 84, "Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

At the option of the Contractor, permanent traffic striping tape conforming to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions may be placed instead of the painted traffic stripes specified

herein. Permanent tape, if used, shall be installed in conformance with the manufacturer's specifications. If permanent tape is placed instead of painted traffic stripes, the tape will be measured and paid for by the meter as paint traffic stripe of the number of coats designated in the Engineer's Estimate.

10-1.39 PARKING BUMPER

Parking bumpers shall be furnished and installed at the locations and in the manner shown on the plans.

Parking bumpers shall be precast concrete, reinforced as shown on the plans, and shall be constructed from commercial quality concrete containing not less than 280 kg of cement per cubic meter and reinforcing steel or shall be commercially available precast concrete bumpers conforming to the details shown on the plans. Minor variations in cross section dimensions will be acceptable in commercially available units.

Dowels shall be commercial quality reinforcing steel or mild steel rods. Parking bumpers will be measured by the unit as determined from actual count in place.

The contract unit price paid for parking bumper (precast concrete) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing precast concrete parking bumpers, including painting, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions and as directed by the Engineer.

SECTION 10-2 HIGHWAY PLANTING AND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

10-2.01 GENERAL

The work performed in connection with highway planting and irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20, "Erosion Control and Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Full compensation for watering plants outside normal working hours shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum prices paid for highway planting and plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

PROGRESS INSPECTIONS

Progress inspections will be performed by the Engineer for completed highway planting and irrigation system work at designated stages during the life of the contract.

Progress inspections will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for installation in conformance with the special provisions, plans and Standard Specifications. Work within an area shall not progress beyond each stage until the inspection has been completed, corrective work has been performed, and the work is approved, unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

The requirements for progress inspections will not preclude additional inspections of work by the Engineer at other times during the life of the contract.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, at least 4 working days prior to completion of the work for each stage of an area and shall allow a minimum of 3 working days for the inspection.

Progress inspections will be performed at the following stages of work:

- A. During pressure testing of the pipelines on the supply side of control valves.
- B. During testing of low voltage conductors.
- C. During placement and installation of concrete walks, mow strips and walls.
- D. During placement and installation of site facilities and exterior light fixtures.
- E. Before planting begins and after completion of the work specified for planting in Section 20-4.03, "Preparing Planting Areas," of the Standard Specifications.
- F. Before plant establishment work begins and after completion of the work specified for planting in Section 20-4.05, "Planting," of the Standard Specifications.
- G. At intervals of one month during the plant establishment period.

COST BREAK-DOWN

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a cost break-down for the contract lump sum items of highway planting and irrigation system.

Cost break-downs shall be completed and furnished in the format shown in the samples of the cost break-downs included in this section. Unit descriptions of work shown in the samples are the minimum to be submitted. Additional unit descriptions of work may be designated by the Contractor. If the Contractor elects to designate additional unit descriptions of work, the quantity, value and amount for those units shall be completed in the same manner as for the unit descriptions shown in the samples. The units and quantities given in the samples are to show the manner of preparing the cost break-downs to be furnished by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall determine the quantities required to complete the work shown on the plans. The quantities and their values shall be included in the cost break-downs submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the quantities and values used in the cost break-downs submitted for approval.

No adjustment in compensation will be made in the contract lump sum prices paid for highway planting and irrigation system due to differences between the quantities shown in the cost break-downs furnished by the Contractor and the quantities required to complete the work as shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions.

The sum of the amounts for the units of work listed in each cost break-down for highway planting and irrigation system work shall be equal to the contract lump sum price bid for the work. Overhead and profit shall be included in each individual unit listed in each cost break-down. Cost break-downs shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval within 15 working days after the contract has been approved. Cost break-downs shall be approved, in writing, by the Engineer before a partial payment for the items of highway planting and irrigation system will be made.

Approved cost break-downs will be used to determine partial payments during the progress of the work and as the basis of calculating the adjustment in compensation for the items of highway planting and irrigation system due to changes ordered by the Engineer. When an ordered change increases or decreases the quantities of an approved cost break-down, the adjustment in compensation will be determined in the same manner specified for increases and decreases in the quantity of a contract item of work in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

HIGHWAY PLANTING COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 05-462204

| UNIT DESCRIPTION | UNIT | APPROXIMATE QUANTITY | VALUE | AMOUNT |
|----------------------------------|------|----------------------|-------|--------|
| ROADSIDE CLEARING | LS | LUMP SUM | | |
| PRUNE EXISTING PLANTS | EA | 2 | | |
| MULCH | M3 | 198 | | |
| CULTIVATE | M2 | 3350 | | |
| COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER (GRANULAR) | KG | 584 | | |
| COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER (TABLET) | TAB | 1900 | | |
| PLANT GROUP (A) | EA | 1514 | | |
| PLANT GROUP (B) | EA | 136 | | |
| PLANT GROUP (K) | EA | 2 | | |
| PLANT GROUP (T) | M2 | 1460 | | |
| PLANT GROUP (U) | EA | 36 | | |

TOTAL _____

IRRIGATION SYSTEM COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 05-462204

| UNIT DESCRIPTION | UNIT | APPROXIMATE QUANTITY | VALUE | AMOUNT |
|---|------|----------------------|-------|--------|
| CONTROL AND NEUTRAL CONDUCTORS | LS | LUMP SUM | | |
| 25mm ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE | EA | 7 | | |
| 32mm ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE | EA | 10 | | |
| 40mm ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE | EA | 7 | | |
| 25 MM PLASTIC PIPE (PR200)(SUPPLY LINE) | M | 1034 | | |
| 32 MM PLASTIC PIPE (PR200)(SUPPLY LINE) | M | 210 | | |
| 40 MM PLASTIC PIPE (PR200)(SUPPLY LINE) | M | 290 | | |
| 80 MM PLASTIC PIPE (SCHEDULE 40) (IRRIGATION SLEEVE) | M | 110 | | |
| SPRINKLER (TYPE A-5) | EA | 47 | | |
| SPRINKLER (TYPE A-6) | EA | 8 | | |
| SPRINKLER (TYPE B-2) | EA | 183 | | |
| SPRINKLER (TYPE C-2) | EA | 16 | | |
| 16 STATION IRRIGATION CONTROLLER (WALL MOUNTED) | EA | 2 | | |
| REMOTE CONTROL VALVE ACTUATOR | EA | 1 | | |

TOTAL _____

10-2.02 EXISTING HIGHWAY PLANTING

In addition to the provisions in Section 20 of the Standard Specifications, work performed in connection with existing highway planting shall be in conformance with the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Replacement planting shall conform to the requirements specified under "Preservation of Property" of these special provisions.

MAINTAIN EXISTING PLANTED AREAS

Existing planted areas shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract in conformance with these special provisions.

Existing plants shall be watered in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.06, "Watering," of the Standard Specifications.

If the Engineer determines that existing plants show signs of failure to grow, or are so injured or damaged as to render the plants unsuitable for the purpose intended, the existing plants shall be replaced. Removal, disposal and replacement of the existing plants shall be in conformance with the provisions in "Preservation of Property" of these special provisions.

Except as otherwise provided herein for payment by extra work, maintain existing planted areas will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for maintain existing plants.

PRUNE EXISTING PLANTS

Existing plants shown on the plans to be pruned shall be pruned in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.055, "Pruning," of the Standard Specifications.

Pruning shall include removal of deadwood, suckers, and broken or bruised branches 25 mm or larger in diameter. Tree seal compounds shall not be used to cover pruning cuts.

Removed pruned materials shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance to the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. At the Contractor's option, prunings may be reduced to chips. Chipped materials shall be spread within the highway right of way where designated by the Engineer.

10-2.03 EXISTING HIGHWAY IRRIGATION FACILITIES

The work performed in connection with the various existing highway irrigation system facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Water shall be maintained in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.025, "Maintain Existing Water Supply," of the Standard Specifications.

10-2.04 HIGHWAY PLANTING

The work performed in connection with highway planting shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4, "Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

HIGHWAY PLANTING MATERIALS

Mulch

Mulch shall consist of either wood chips or tree bark or a combination of both.

Commercial Fertilizer

Commercial fertilizer (granular) shall be a granular form and shall fall within the following guaranteed chemical analysis range:

| Ingredient | Percentage |
|----------------------|------------|
| Nitrogen | 16 |
| Phosphoric Acid | 6 |
| Water Soluble Potash | 8 |

Commercial Fertilizer

Commercial fertilizer (tablet) shall be slow release and shall be in tablet or packet form. Each tablet, as shown in the Plant List of the plans, shall have a mass of 21 g ± 1 g, and shall have the following guaranteed chemical analysis:

| Ingredient | Percentage |
|----------------------|------------|
| Nitrogen | 20 |
| Phosphoric Acid | 10 |
| Water Soluble Potash | 5 |

At the option of the Contractor, two 10.5-g tablets or two 10-g or packets may be used in place of each 21-g tablet designated on the plans or specified in these special provisions. Regardless of the tablet or packet size used, each tablet or packet shall be the slow release type and shall have the same guaranteed chemical analysis as specified for the 21-g tablets. Each 10.5-g tablet shall have a mass of 10.5 g ± 0.5-g or each 10-g packet shall have a mass of 10 g ± 0.5-g.

ROADSIDE CLEARING

Prior to preparing planting areas and mulch areas, or commencing irrigation trenching operations for planting areas, trash and debris shall be removed from the entire highway right of way within the project limits.

In addition to removing trash and debris, the project area shall be cleared as specified herein:

- A. Weeds shall be killed and removed within the entire highway right of way, within the project limits, except for median areas, and including new and existing pavement, curb, sidewalk and other surfaced areas.
- B. Disposal of weeds killed during the initial roadside clearing shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

After the initial roadside clearing is complete, additional roadside clearing work shall be performed as necessary to maintain the areas, as specified above, in a neat appearance until the start of the plant establishment period. This work shall include the following:

- A. Trash and debris shall be removed.
- B. Rodents shall be controlled.
- C. Weed growth shall be killed before the weeds reach the seed stage of growth or exceed 150 mm in length.
- E. Weeds in plant basins, including basin walls, shall be removed by hand pulling, after the plants have been planted.
- F.

Weed Control

Weed control shall also conform to the following:

- A. Stolon type weeds shall be killed with glyphosate.
- B. Removed weeds shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Roadside clearing work shall not include work required to be performed as remove existing facilities and as specified in Section 16, "Clearing and Grubbing," of the Standard Specifications.

PESTICIDES

Pesticides used to control weeds shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4.026, "Pesticides," of the Standard Specifications. Except as otherwise provided in these special provisions, pesticide use shall be limited to the following materials:

- Glyphosate
- Oxadiazon - 50 percent WP (Preemergent)
- Oryzalin (Preemergent)
- Pendimethalin (Preemergent)
- Trifluralin (Preemergent)

Granular preemergents may be used when applied to areas that will be covered with mulch, excluding plant basins. Granular preemergents shall be limited to the following materials:

Dichlobenil (Preemergent)
Oxadiazon (Preemergent)

Granular preemergents shall be applied prior to the application of mulch. Mulch applications shall be completed in these areas on the same working day. Photosensitive dye will not be required.

Glyphosate shall be used to kill stolon type weeds.

Oxadiazon shall be of the emulsifiable concentration or wettable powder type, except when Oxadiazon is used under mulch in conformance with these special provisions.

Prior to the application of preemergents, ground cover plants shall have been planted a minimum of 3 days and shall have been thoroughly watered.

A minimum of 100 days shall elapse between applications of preemergents.

If the Contractor elects to request the use of other pesticides on this project, the request shall be submitted, in writing, to the Engineer not less than 15 days prior to the intended use of the other pesticides. Except for the pesticides listed in these special provisions, no pesticides shall be used or applied without prior written approval of the Engineer.

Pesticides shall not be applied within the limits of the plant basins. Pesticides shall not be applied in a manner that allows the pesticides to come in contact with the foliage and woody parts of the plants. Pesticides shall be manufactured for use near water.

PREPARING PLANTING AREAS

Plants adjacent to drainage ditches shall be located so that after construction of the basins, no portion of the basin walls shall be less than the minimum distance shown on the plans for each plant involved

PREPARE HOLES

Holes for plants shall be excavated to the minimum dimensions shown on the plans.

Holes for plants in areas to receive erosion control (drill seed) or erosion control blanket (type 2) shall be excavated prior to the application of erosion control (drill seed) or erosion control blanket (type 2).

CULTIVATE

Areas to be planted shall be cultivated.

Immediately prior to cultivation, commercial fertilizer shall be added to the areas to be cultivated. Commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rate shown on the plans. Fertilizer shall be thoroughly mixed with the soil.

After cultivation is complete and the irrigation systems have been installed and the plant holes have been excavated and backfilled, no further planting work shall be done in the cultivated areas for a period of 20 days, except the soil shall be kept sufficiently moist to germinate weeds. Weeds that germinate shall be killed.

Unless payment is made separately in these special provisions, full compensation for performing cultivation, weed germination, killing of weeds that germinate, and for furnishing fertilizer shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices paid for the plants involved and no separate payment will be made therefor.

PLANTING

Commercial fertilizer shall be applied or placed at the time of planting and at the rates shown on the plans.

Mulch will not be required in the plant basins as shown on the Plant List for the plants to be planted in areas with erosion control blanket.

A granular preemergent shall be applied to areas to be covered with mulch outside of plant basins in conformance with the provisions in "Pesticides" of these special provisions.

Mulch placed in areas outside of plant basins shall be spread to a depth of not less than 100mm.

Attention is directed to "Irrigation Systems Functional Test" of these special provisions regarding functional tests of the irrigation systems. Planting shall not be performed in an area until the functional test has been completed for the irrigation system serving that area.

Quantities of commercial fertilizer tablets will be measured by the tablet as determined from actual count in place. Each 21-g tablet will be counted as one tablet. Each 10.5-g tablet or 10-g packet will be counted as a half tablet.

TURF (SOD)

Turf (sod) shall be placed on the areas shown on the plans as "Turf."

Sod shall be the species as shown on the plan, and shall be healthy field grown sod containing not more than 12 mm thick thatch. The age of the sod shall be not less than 8 months or more than 16 months.

Sod shall be grown in conformance with California agricultural codes. The sod shall be free from disease, weeds, insects, and undesirable types of grasses and clovers. Soil upon which the sod has been grown shall contain less than 50 percent silt and clay.

Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 16 mm \pm 6 mm, not including top growth and thatch.

A Certificate of Compliance for the sod shall be furnished to the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Sod shall be protected with tarps or other protective covers during delivery and shall not be allowed to dry out during delivery or prior to placement.

Areas to be planted to sod shall be cultivated in conformance with the provisions in "Cultivate" of these special provisions.

Weeds and debris shall be removed before cultivation and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rates shown on the plans and in conformance with the provisions in "Cultivate" of these special provisions.

After cultivation, installation of irrigation systems, and excavation and backfilling of plant holes are completed, areas to be planted to sod shall be fine graded and rolled. Areas to be planted to sod shall be graded to drain and shall be smooth and uniform prior to placing sod. Areas to be planted to sod adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas shall be 40 mm \pm 6 mm below the top grade of the facilities, after fine grading, rolling, and settlement of the soil.

Sod shall be placed so that the ends of adjacent strips of sod are staggered a minimum of 0.6-m. Edges and ends of sod shall be placed firmly against adjacent sod and against sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas.

After placement of the sod, the entire sodded area shall be lightly rolled to eliminate air pockets and to ensure close contact with the soil. After rolling, the sodded areas shall be watered so that the soil is moistened to a minimum depth of 100 mm. Sod shall not be allowed to dry out.

If irregular or uneven areas appear before or during the plant establishment period, these areas shall be restored to a smooth and even appearance.

When the turf (sod) has reached a height of 75 mm the turf shall be mowed to a height of 30 mm. Turf (sod) edges, including edges adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas, shall be trimmed to a uniform edge not extending beyond the edge of turf or the facilities. Mowed and trimmed growth shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. Trimming shall be repeated whenever the edge of turf exceeds 25 mm.

PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK

The plant establishment period shall be Type 2 and shall be not less than 60 working days.

Attention is directed to "Relief From Maintenance and Responsibility" in these special provisions regarding relief from maintenance and protection.

Commercial fertilizer (granular) shall be applied to turf during the last week of plant establishment. Commercial fertilizer shall be applied at the rates shown on the plans and shall be spread with a mechanical spreader wherever possible.

Prior to the plant establishment period, a watering schedule shall be submitted in writing to the Engineer for use during the plant establishment period.

Weeds within plant basins, including basin walls and ground cover, shall be controlled by hand pulling.

Weeds within mulched areas and outside of plant basins shall be controlled by killing.

Weeds within median areas, pavement, curbs, sidewalk, and other surfaced areas shall be controlled by killing.

Vines shall be trained onto fences.

At the option of the Contractor, plants of a larger container size than those originally specified may be used for replacement plants during the first 125 working days of the plant establishment period. The use of plants of a larger container size than those originally specified for replacement plants shall be at the Contractor's expense.

When ordered by the Engineer, one application of a preemergent pesticide conforming to the provisions in "Pesticides" of these special provisions, shall be applied between 40 and 50 working days prior to completion of the plant establishment period. This work will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Wye strainers shall be cleaned at least 15 days prior to the completion of the plant establishment period.

The final inspection shall be performed in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.13, "Final Inspection," of the Standard Specifications and shall be completed a minimum of 20 working days before the estimated completion of the contract.

Turf areas shall be mowed in conformance with the provisions in "Turf (Sod)" of these special provisions.

Full compensation for mowing and trimming turf (sod) and disposing of mowed and trimmed material during the plant establishment period shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-2.05 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Irrigation systems shall be furnished and installed in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5, "Irrigation Systems," of the Standard Specifications, except materials containing asbestos fibers shall not be used.

Attention is directed to the provisions in "Obstructions" of these special provisions, regarding work over or adjacent to existing underground facilities. Excavation for proposed irrigation facilities shall not be started until the existing underground facilities have been located.

Pipe supply lines shall be pressure tested in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03H, "Pressure Testing," of the Standard Specifications, except the pipe (supply line) on the discharge side of the control valve shall be tested by Method B as specified in Section 20-5.03H(2), "Method B," of the Standard Specifications.

VALVE BOXES

Valve boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.24, "Valve Boxes," of the Standard Specifications, except as otherwise provided herein.

Covers for concrete valve boxes shall be glass fiber reinforced plastic, plastic, concrete, cast iron or steel. Cast iron and steel covers shall be hinged with brass hinge pins for valve boxes containing valves smaller than 50 mm.

Covers for plastic valve boxes shall be glass fiber reinforced plastic or plastic. Covers shall be hinged and include a bolt to secure the cover to the box.

Valve boxes shall be identified on the top surface of the covers by labels containing the appropriate abbreviation for the irrigation facility contained in the valve box as shown on the plans. Valve boxes that contain remote control valves shall be identified by the appropriate letters and numbers (controller and station numbers). Labels for valve boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.03F, "Valves and Valve Boxes," of the Standard Specifications.

Label material shall be polyurethane.

ELECTRIC AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION COMPONENTS

Irrigation Controllers

Irrigation controllers shall be single, solid-state independent controllers conforming to the following:

- A. Irrigation controllers shall be fully automatic and shall operate a complete 14-day or longer irrigation program.
- B. A switch or switches shall be provided on the face of the control panel that will turn the irrigation controller "on" or "off" and provide for automatic or manual operation. Manual operation shall allow cycle start at the desired station and shall allow activation of a single station.
- C. The watering time of each station shall be displayed on the face of the control panel.
- D. The irrigation controller and the low voltage output source shall be protected by fuses or circuit breakers.
- E. The irrigation controller mechanism, panel and circuit board shall be connected to the low voltage control and neutral conductors by means of plug and receptacle connectors located in the irrigation controller enclosure.
- F. Each station shall have a variable or incremental timing adjustment with a range of 99 minutes to a minimum of one minute.
- G. Irrigation controllers shall be capable of a minimum of 2 program schedules.
- H. Irrigation controllers shall have an output that can energize a pump start circuit or a remote control valve (master).
- I. Irrigation controllers shall be manufactured by the same company.
- J. Where direct burial conductors are to be connected to the terminals strip, the conductors shall be connected with the proper size open-end crimp-on wire terminals. No exposed wire shall extend beyond the crimp of the terminal and the wires shall be parallel on the terminal strip.

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 10-3, "Signals, Lighting and Electrical Systems," of these special provisions, regarding electrical power for irrigation controllers.

Electric Remote Control Valves

Electric remote control valves shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.23, "Control Valves," of the Standard Specifications and the following:

- A. Valves shall be brass, or bronze construction.
- B. Valves shall be straight pattern (side inlet) as shown on the plans.

Pull Boxes

Pull box installations shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027I, "Conductors, Electrical Conduits and Pull Boxes," of the Standard Specifications.

Conductors

Low voltage, as used in this section "Conductors," shall mean 36 V or less.

Low voltage control and neutral conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes, at irrigation controller terminals, and at splices shall be marked as follows:

- A. Conductor terminations and splices shall be marked with adhesive backed paper markers or adhesive cloth wrap-around markers, with clear, heat-shrinkable sleeves sealed over the markers.
- B. Non-spliced conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes shall be marked with clip-on, "C" shaped, white extruded polyvinyl chloride sleeves. Marker sleeves shall have black, indented legends of uniform depth with transparent overlays over the legends and "chevron" cuts for alignment of 2 or more sleeves.

Markers for the control conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of irrigation controllers and station numbers. Markers for neutral conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of the irrigation controllers.

The color of low voltage neutral and control conductor insulation, except for the striped portions, shall be homogeneous throughout the entire thickness of the insulation.

Insulation for conductors may be UL listed polyethylene conforming to UL44 test standards with a minimum insulation thickness of 1.05 mm for wire sizes 10AWG and smaller.

At the option of the Contractor, other types of splice sealing materials and methods may be used provided other materials and methods have been approved in writing by the Engineer prior to installation of the connectors.

Prior to granting relief from maintenance and responsibility, as provided in these special provisions, the functional test, in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.027J, "Testing," of the Standard Specifications, shall be satisfactorily completed, and instruction shall be given to the Engineer on the use and adjustment of the installed irrigation controllers.

REMOTE CONTROL VALVE ACTUATOR SYSTEM

A remote control valve actuator system shall consist of a portable (hand held) receiver, a transmitter, a field carrying case, an AC power charging unit, and a receiver connector. The remote control valve actuator equipment shall be manufactured by the same manufacturer as the irrigation controller and shall be fully compatible with the irrigation controller. The receiver and transmitter shall comply with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules and Regulations, Part 15, as of the date of manufacture.

The receiver connector shall be attached directly to the terminal strip of each irrigation controller and continue out to the socket head mounted to the outside of the irrigation controller enclosure cabinet as shown on the plans. The connector shall have an 460-mm jacketed multi-conductor cable with a spade lug terminal and shall have a "D" subminiature connector with gold plated contacts which allows the receiver unit to be plugged directly into the connector. The connector housing shall be weather resistant thermoplastic with a hinged socket head cap with a screw to be used as a locking mechanism. The socket head cap screw shall be operated by means of a key which shall be provided by the manufacturer.

The receiver shall be plugged into the receiver connector and shall operate the stations of the irrigation controller on radio signals from the transmitter. The receiver shall receive radio signals at a minimum distance of 1.6 km. Receiver circuitry shall be protected from overload by a field replaceable fuse. The receiver shall operate on 24 V(ac).

The transmitter shall provide a 2-way FM, radio signal for a minimum range of 1.6 km to the receiver located at the irrigation controller enclosure cabinet. The transmitter shall have a digital key pad and instant actuation of the stations, master valves or pumps in random, numerical or reverse numerical sequences by pressing a single key for each function. The transmitter shall allow for remote data retrieval, manual control and programming. The transmitter shall operate a master valve or pump independently of the controller stations. The transmitter shall transmit a radio frequency of 27.250 MHz.

The power source for the portable units shall consist of an internal charged battery pack which shall be recharged by the charging unit. The charging unit shall have an input of 110 V(ac) and an output of 24 V(ac) at 1.5 A.

The field carrying case shall allow complete and convenient operation of the unit while in the case.

Before the irrigation system functional test begins, 1 complete remote control valve actuator systems, except for receiver connectors, shall be delivered to the Engineer.

IRRIGATION SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST

Functional tests for the irrigation controllers and associated automatic irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027J, "Testing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Tests shall demonstrate to the Engineer, through one complete cycle of the irrigation controllers in the automatic mode, that the associated automatic components of the irrigation systems operate properly. If automatic components of the irrigation systems fail a functional test, these components shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense and the testing repeated until satisfactory operation is obtained.

Associated automatic components shall include, but not be limited to, remote control valve actuator systems, and remote control valves.

Upon completion of work on an irrigation system, including correction of deficiencies and satisfactory functional tests for the systems involved, the plants to be planted in the area watered by the irrigation system may be planted provided the planting areas have been prepared as specified in these special provisions and erosion control blanket has been applied.

PIPE

Plastic Pipe

Plastic pipe supply lines shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) 1120 or 1220 pressure rated pipe with the minimum pressure rating (PR) shown on the plans.

Plastic pipe supply lines shall have solvent cemented type joints. Primers shall be used on the solvent cemented type joints.

Fittings for plastic pipe supply lines with a pressure rating (PR) of 315 shall be Schedule 80.

Irrigation sleeves under hard surfaces shall be schedule 40 PVC.

TESTING BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

Existing backflow preventers to remain in place shall be tested for proper operation in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03J, "Check and Test Backflow Preventers," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Existing backflow preventers shall be tested, and repaired if required, when existing irrigation facilities are checked.

Repair of existing backflow preventers will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications when ordered by the Engineer, except damage caused by the Contractor's operations.

Existing backflow preventers shall be retested one year after the satisfactory completion of the previous test or 10 days prior to completion of the plant establishment period, whichever occurs first.

Testing existing backflow preventers will be paid for in conformance with the provisions in "Checking and Testing Existing Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions.

SPRINKLERS

Sprinklers shall conform to the type, pattern, material, and operating characteristics listed in the "Sprinkler Schedule" shown on the plans.

FINAL IRRIGATION SYSTEM CHECK

A final check of existing and new irrigation facilities shall be performed not more than 20 working days prior to acceptance of the contract.

The length of watering cycles for the final check of irrigation facilities will be determined by the Engineer.

Remote control valves connected to new irrigation controllers shall be checked for automatic performance when the controllers are in automatic mode.

Unsatisfactory performance of irrigation facilities installed or modified by the Contractor shall be repaired and rechecked at the Contractor's expense until satisfactory performance is obtained, as determined by the Engineer.

Repair or replacement of existing irrigation facilities due to unsatisfactory performance shall conform to the provisions in "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions.

Nothing in this section "Final Irrigation System Check" shall relieve the Contractor of full responsibility for making good or repairing defective work or materials found before the formal written acceptance of the entire contract by the Director.

Full compensation for checking the irrigation systems prior to the acceptance of the contract shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 10-3. LIGHTING

10-3.01 DESCRIPTION

Lighting shall conform to the provisions in Section 86, "Signals, Lighting and Electrical Systems," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

10-3.02 EXTERIOR LIGHT FIXTURES

Exterior light fixtures shall consist of furnishing and installing lights as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer. Manufacturer's specifications showing light fixture style, dimensions, materials, texture, finish, color, installation recommendations and product guarantee shall be submitted to the Engineer for written approval. Electrical power for exterior light fixtures is specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

AREA LIGHTS

HOUSING

The fixture ballast housing shall consist of a die cast aluminum door frame and ring assembly. The hood ring assembly shall be fully sealed with a molded silicone gasket. The hoods shall be heavy gage spun aluminum with hemmed edges. The door frame shall be hinged to the ring and opened with captive fasteners. The lens shall be flat tempered glass held in the door frame with a molded silicone gasket. All internal and external hardware shall be stainless steel.

REFLECTOR OPTICAL ASSEMBLY

The reflector module shall be Type 3, composed of faceted, semi-specular anodized aluminum panels rigidly attached in an aluminum tray. The reflector tray shall be rotatable on 90 degree centers for orienting the light distribution. The reflectors shall meet ANSI-IES standards for full cutoff reflector systems.

ELECTRICAL

The ballast shall be multi-tap, wired for 277 volts, and mounted on a prewired tray with a quick disconnect plug. Sockets shall be medium base, pulse rated porcelain. Lamps shall be 100 watt high pressure sodium.

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING

The fixture shall be attached to the arm assembly with three stainless steel bolts. The connection shall be sealed with a silicone compression gasket. The arm shall slip over a 100 millimeter pole or tenon, and be secured with six stainless steel set screws.

POLE AND BASE

Pole base shall be cast A356 alloy aluminum free of any porosity, foreign materials, or cosmetic fillers. Pole shaft shall be seamless extruded 6061 T-6 aluminum, and shall contain a reinforced hand hole measuring 50 x 100 millimeters which shall be gasketed and secured with two vandal proof, stainless steel screws. Base cover shall be one piece heavy spun aluminum.

FINISH

Fixture finish shall consist of a polymer primer sealer, oven dried and top coated with a thermoset polyester powder coat finish, the color shall be dark bronze. The finish shall meet the AAMA 605.2 performance specification.

CERTIFICATION

The fixture shall be listed with ETL and U.L. for outdoor, wet location use, UL 1570 & 1572.

WALL MOUNTED LIGHTS

HOUSING

The fixture ballast housing shall consist of a die cast aluminum door frame and ring assembly. The hood ring assembly shall be fully sealed with a molded silicone gasket. The hoods shall be heavy gage spun aluminum with hemmed edges. The door frame shall be hinged to the ring and opened with captive fasteners. The lens shall be flat tempered glass held in the door frame with a molded silicone gasket. All internal and external hardware shall be stainless steel.

REFLECTOR OPTICAL ASSEMBLY

The reflector module shall be type 3 and composed of faceted, semi specular anodized aluminum panels rigidly attached in an aluminum tray. The reflector tray shall be rotatable on 90 degree centers for orienting the light distribution. The reflectors shall meet ANSI-IES standards for full cutoff reflector systems.

ELECTRICAL

The ballast shall be multi-tap, wired for 277 volts, and mounted on a prewired tray with a quick disconnect plug. Sockets shall be medium base, pulse rated porcelain. Lamps shall be 70 watt high pressure sodium.

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING

The fixture shall be welded to the arm assembly as recommended by the manufacturer.

FINISH

Fixture finish shall consist of a polymer primer sealer, oven dried and top coated with a thermoset polyester powder coat finish, the color shall be dark bronze. The finish shall meet the AAMA 605.2 performance specification.

CERTIFICATION

The fixture shall be listed with ETL and U.L. for outdoor, wet location use, UL 1570 & 1572.

SPOT LIGHTS

HOUSING

The fixture ballast housing shall consist of high temperature, compression molded, ultra violet and corrosion resistant fiberglass.

SPLICE COMPARTMENT

Splice compartment shall be supplied with two 19 millimeter NPT conduit entrances and shall connect to ballast compartment by way of anti-wicking device. Splice compartment shall be sealed with a gasketed cover plate and suitable for through wiring.

LENS

Lens shall be 11 millimeter clear tempered flat borosilicate glass with wall wash spread lens directional fitting, and shall be sealed to housing with high temperature extruded silicone gasket.

LENS FRAME

Lens frame shall consist of high temperature, compression molded, ultra violet and corrosion resistant fiberglass. Lens frame shall fasten to housing with stainless steel hardware. Lens shall be fitted with a cast aluminum rock guard.

REFLECTOR

Reflector shall be field adjustable up to 20 degree tilt and 360 degree horizontal rotation. Reflector shall be adjusted to illuminate entry sign wall.

LAMP

Lamp holder shall be porcelain 4kv pulse rated medium base. Lamp shall be type ED17, 100 watt high pressure sodium.

FINISH

Finish color shall be dark bronze.

CERTIFICATION

The fixture shall be listed with U.L. and CUL for outdoor, wet location use, and shall meet IP65 standards.

10-3.03 PAYMENT

Exterior light fixtures will be measured by the unit as determined from actual count in place .

The contract unit price paid for lighting fixture (area light), lighting fixture (wall mounted light), and lighting fixture (spot light) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing the lights, complete in place, including foundations and conduits and conductors to pull box adjacent to area lights and spot lights, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

SECTION 10-4. PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS

10-4.01 PRECAST PRODUCTS

Precast concrete products shall consist of furnishing, installing, and anchoring, precast accessible picnic table with benches, precast waste container, precast recycle container, precast newspaper rack holder, precast curved bench, and precast drinking fountain, as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer. Kiosks and plumbing for drinking fountains are specified elsewhere in the special provisions.

Precast products shall be commercially available, designed for outdoor installation. Precast products shall be constructed of a mixture of cement, aggregate, additives and natural integral color pigments, reinforced with steel. The mixture shall utilize a Type II or Type III cement conforming to ASTM C-150 standard specifications. Coloring for portland cement concrete shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type. Aggregate shall be 8 mm x 6 mm round river rock, earthtone color. Concrete surfaces shall be true, even and smooth, free of any honeycombing or voids. Rough corners or edges exposed to view or touch shall be stoned or ground smooth.

Each precast product shall be guaranteed by the manufacturer to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a minimum period of one year. Manufacturer's catalogue sheets and specifications showing product style, dimensions, materials, texture, finish, color, installation recommendations and product guarantee for each site facility shall be submitted to the Engineer for written approval. Site facilities shall be anchored and bonded to the concrete slab at the locations shown on the plans in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The exact placement location of site facilities shall be approved by the Engineer prior to installation.

Sealer gloss finish shall be the best quality grade as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Products for each coating system shall be by a single manufacturer and shall not contain lead type pigments.

Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

ACCESSIBLE PICNIC TABLE WITH BENCHES

Precast accessible picnic table with benches shall conform to the dimensions on the plans and meet all current disabled accessible standards, and shall be colored medium gray, similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Picnic table and bench tops shall have a dense smooth texture, and a gloss sealer finish. Picnic table legs shall have an exposed aggregate texture, and a gloss sealer finish. The contract unit price paid for precast accessible picnic table with benches shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing precast accessible picnic table with benches, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

WASTE CONTAINER AND RECYCLE CONTAINER

Precast waste container and precast recycle container shall conform to the dimensions on the plans and shall be colored medium gray, similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Waste container and recycle container shall have an exposed aggregate texture, and a gloss sealer finish. Waste container and recycle container lids shall be anodized aluminum. Waste container and recycle container lids shall be colored a burgundy color, similar in hue to color number 10076 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Recycle containers shall have a recycle logo inset and painted on opposite (2) sides. Precast waste container and precast recycle container shall come equipped with a removable metal liner. Liner shall be 24-gage galvanized metal with a continuous return lip, lift handle and 25 mm diameter drain hole.

Full compensation for constructing concrete pads for precast waste containers and recycle containers shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per square meter for minor concrete (walkways) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The contract unit price paid for precast waste container and precast recycle container shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing precast waste

container and precast recycle container, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

NEWSPAPER RACK HOLDER

Precast newspaper rack holders shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans and shall be colored medium gray, similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Newspaper rack holder shall have an exposed aggregate texture, and a clear gloss sealer finish.

The contract unit price paid for precast newspaper rack holder shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing precast newspaper rack holder, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

CURVED BENCH

Precast curved bench shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans. Precast curved bench shall be colored medium gray, similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Bench top shall have a smooth texture, and a gloss sealer finish. Bench legs shall have an exposed aggregate texture, and a gloss sealer finish.

The contract unit price paid for precast curved bench shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing precast curved bench, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

DRINKING FOUNTAIN

Precast drinking fountain shall have stainless steel bowl, and side self-closing faucet. Drinking fountain shall conform to the dimensions on the plans and shall be colored medium gray, similar in hue to color number 36306 of the Federal Standard Book 595. Drinking fountain shall have an exposed aggregate texture, and a gloss sealer finish. Gate valve for drinking fountain shall conform to the provisions for gate valves in Section 20, "Erosion Control and Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications.

Leach pit for drinking fountains shall conform to the provisions in Section 68, "Subsurface Drains," Section 88, "Engineering Fabrics," of the Standard Specifications, as shown on the plans, and these special provisions. Cast iron ADA accessible grate shall be commercial quality as approved by the Engineer.

Full compensation for constructing concrete pads for precast drinking fountains shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per square meter for minor concrete (walkways) and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. The contract unit price paid for precast drinking fountain shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing precast drinking fountain, complete in place, including installing gate valve and leach pit as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

SECTION 10-5. SITE SIGN

10-5.01 SITE SIGNS

Site signs shall conform to the provisions for roadside signs in Section 56-2, "Roadside Signs," of the Standard Specifications, as shown on the plans, and these special provisions.

Signs for pet area shall be in accordance with details shown on the plans and these special provisions. Wood for signs shall be construction heart redwood or better, graded in accordance with the provisions in Section 57-2.02 "Grading Rules and Requirements," of the Standard Specifications.

Support posts shall be in accordance with the provisions in Section 56-2.02 "Metal Posts" of the Standard Specifications.

The contract unit price paid for site signs shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals for doing all the work involved in installing site signs, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

SECTION 11. (BLANK)

SECTION 12. BUILDING WORK

SECTION 12-1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

12-1.01 SCOPE

Building work described herein and as shown on the plans shall conform to the requirements of these special provisions and Sections 1 through 9 of the Standard Specifications. Sections 10 through 95 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to the work in this Section 12 except when specific reference is made thereto.

The building work to be done consists, in general, of upgrading 2 existing Comfort Stations with new plumbing fixtures, toilet partitions and accessories, and metal roofing; constructing 2 kiosks; including related mechanical and electrical; and such other items or details, not mentioned above, that are required by the plans, Standard Specifications, or these special provisions shall be performed, placed, constructed or installed at the northbound and southbound Gaviota Safety Roadside Rest Areas.

12-1.02 ABBREVIATIONS

Section 1-1.02, "Abbreviations," of the Standard Specifications is amended by adding the following:

| | |
|--------|---|
| AAMA | American Architectural Manufacturers' Association |
| ACI | American Concrete Institute |
| AGA | American Gas Association |
| AITC | American Institute of Timber Construction |
| AMCA | Air Movement and Control Association |
| APA | American Plywood Association |
| ARI | American Refrigeration Institute |
| ASHRAE | American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers |
| CBC | California Building Code |
| CEC | California Electrical Code |
| CMC | California Mechanical Code |
| CS | Commercial Standards (US Department of Commerce) |
| ESO | Electrical Safety Orders |
| FGMA | Flat Glass Marketing Association |
| FM | Factory Mutual |
| FS | Federal Specification |
| ICBO | International Conference of Building Officials |
| NAAMM | National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers |
| NBFU | National Board Fire Underwriters |
| NEC | National Electrical Code |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association |
| PEI | Porcelain Enamel Institute |
| PS | Product Standard (US Department of Commerce) |
| RIS | Redwood Inspection Service |
| SCPI | Structural Clay Products Institute |
| SMACNA | Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association |
| SSPC | Steel Structures Paint Council |
| TCA | Tile Council of America |
| TPI | Truss Plate Institute |
| UBC | Uniform Building Code |
| UL | Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. |
| WCLIB | West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (stamped WCLB) |
| WCLB | Grade stamp for WCLIB |
| WIC | Woodwork Institute of California |
| WWPA | Western Wood Products' Association |

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

12-1.03 GUARANTEE

The Contractor hereby unconditionally guarantees that the building work will be done in accordance with the requirements of the contract, and further guarantees the building work of the contract to be and remain free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of acceptance of the contract, unless a longer guarantee period is required elsewhere in these special provisions. The Contractor hereby agrees to repair or replace any and all building work, together with any other adjacent work which may be displaced in so doing, that may prove to be not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or that may be defective in its workmanship or material within the guarantee period specified, without any expense whatsoever to the Department, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted.

The performance bond for contract price of the building work, shall remain in full force and effect during the guarantee period.

The Contractor further agrees, that within 10 calendar days after being notified in writing by the Department of any building work not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or any defects in the building work, he shall commence and prosecute with due diligence all work necessary to fulfill the terms of this guarantee, and shall complete the work within a reasonable period of time, and, in the event he fails to comply, he does hereby authorize the Department to proceed to have such work done at the Contractor's expense and he shall honor and pay the cost and charges therefor upon demand. The Department shall be entitled to all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, necessarily incurred upon the Contractor's refusal to honor and pay the above costs and charges.

12-1.04 SUBMITTALS

Working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples and other submittals specified in these special provisions shall be submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Engineer, all submittals required by these special provisions shall be submitted within 35 days after the contract has been approved.

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 5-1.01, "Authority of Engineer," of the Standard Specifications. The Engineer may request submittals for materials or products where submittals have not been specified in these special provisions, or may request that additional information be included in specified submittals, as necessary to determine the quality or acceptability of such materials or products.

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.05, "Trade Names and Alternatives," of the Standard Specifications. The second indented paragraph of the first paragraph of said Section 6-1.05 is amended to read:

Whenever the specifications permit the substitution of a similar or equivalent material or article, no test or action relating to the approval of such substituted material will be made until the request for substitution is made in writing by the Contractor accompanied by complete data as to the equality of the material or article proposed. Such request shall be made within 35 days after the date the contract has been approved and in ample time to permit approval without delaying the work, but need not be made in less than 35 days after award of the contract.

Work requiring the submittal of working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples, or other submittals shall not begin prior to approval of said submittal by the Engineer. Fifteen working days shall be allowed for approval or return for correction of each submittal or resubmittal. Should the Engineer fail to complete his review within the time specified and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in review, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted as provided in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications.

Submittals shall be delivered to the locations indicated in these special provisions. If a specific location is not indicated, the submittal shall be delivered to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Fourth Floor, Mail Station 9-4/4I, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, California 95816, telephone (916) 227-8252, or the submittals shall be mailed to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9-4/4I, P. O. Box 942874, Sacramento, California 94274-0001.

Each submission of drawings, material lists and descriptive data shall consist of at least 5 copies. Two copies will be returned to the Contractor either approved for use or returned for correction and resubmittal.

Each separate item submitted shall bear a descriptive title, the name of the project, district, county, and contract number. Plans and detailed drawings shall be not larger than 559 mm x 914 mm.

The material list shall be complete as to name of manufacturer, catalog number, size, capacity, finish, all pertinent ratings, and identification symbols used on the plans and in the special provisions for each unit.

Parts lists and service instructions packaged with or accompanying the equipment installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Required operating and maintenance instructions shall be submitted in triplicate.

Manufacturer's warranties for products installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

Unapproved samples and samples not incorporated in the work shall be removed from State property, when directed by the Engineer.

12-1.05 PROGRESS SCHEDULE

A progress schedule shall be submitted in duplicate for the building work in accordance with the requirements in Section 8-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of the Standard Specifications.

12-1.06 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer 2 copies of a Schedule of Values covering each lump sum item for building work. The Schedule of Values, showing the value of each kind of work, shall be acceptable to the Engineer before any partial payment estimate is prepared.

The sum of the items listed in the Schedule of Values shall equal the contract lump sum price for building work. Overhead, profit, bond premium, temporary construction facilities, and plant shall not be listed.

12-1.07 INSPECTION

All items covered or all stages of work that are not to remain observable must be inspected and approved before progress of work conceals portions to be inspected. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 72 hours in advance of when such inspection is needed.

12-1.08 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

Operations shall be conducted in such a manner that existing facilities, surfacing, installations, and utilities which are to remain in place will not be damaged. Temporary surfacing, facilities, utilities and installations shall also be protected until they are no longer required. The Contractor, at his expense shall furnish and install piling, sheet piling, cribbing, bulkheads, shores, or whatever means may be necessary to adequately support material carrying such facilities, or to support the facilities themselves and shall maintain such support until they are no longer needed.

12-1.09 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

The Contractor may obtain electrical power and water from existing State electrical power and water outlets within the contract limits free of charge for contract operations where such utilities exist, provided that such utility services are in service and are not required by the State for other purposes and subject to the provisions in the section "Cooperation" of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall make his own arrangements to obtain any additional electrical power and water or other utilities required for his operations and shall make and maintain the necessary service connections at his own expense.

When existing utility systems are being modified, periods of shutdown will be determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide adequate temporary lighting to perform the work and allow the Engineer to inspect the project as each portion is completed.

The Contractor shall provide and pay for telephone service he may require. State telephone facilities shall not be used.

12-1.10 REFERENCES

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

12-1.11 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for building work shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing the building work, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for any incidental materials and labor, not shown on the plans or specified, which are necessary to complete the buildings and appurtenances shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

12-1.12 FIELD ENGINEERING

This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for field engineering services to be performed by the Contractor.

Lines and grades.--Attention is directed to Section 5-1.07 "Lines and Grades," of the Standard Specifications.

Such stakes or marks will be set by the Engineer as he determines to be necessary to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions. In general, these will consist of the primary vertical and horizontal control points.

Stakes and marks set by the Engineer shall be carefully preserved by the Contractor. In case such stakes and marks are destroyed or damaged they will be replaced at the Engineer's earliest convenience. The Contractor will be charged for the cost of necessary replacement or restoration of such stakes and marks which in the judgment of the Engineer were carelessly or willfully destroyed or damaged by the Contractor's operations. This charge will be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.

All other stakes or marks required to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

Existing utilities and equipment.--The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, the Contractor shall investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction.

Prior to construction, the Contractor shall verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary and septic sewers, storm sewer, and water or fire service piping.

Surveys for layout and performance.--The Contractor shall perform all surveys for layout and performance, reduce field notes, and make all necessary calculations and drawings necessary to carry out the work.

The Contractor shall locate and layout site improvements, and other work requiring field engineering services, including pavements, stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes and invert elevations by instrumentation and similar appropriate means.

Batter boards shall be located and laid out for structures, building foundations, column grids and locations, floor levels and, control lines and levels required for mechanical and electrical work.

Survey accuracy and tolerances.--The tolerances generally applicable in setting survey stakes for foundations, slabs, and underground work shall not exceed the following:

| Survey Stakes or Markers | Tolerance |
|--|-----------|
| Rough grading or excavation | 30 mm |
| Trimming or preparation of subgrade for roadways | 15 mm |
| Roadway surfacing, steel or concrete pipe | 6 mm |
| Structures or building construction | 3 mm |

Such tolerance shall not supersede stricter tolerances required by the plans or special provisions, and shall not otherwise relieve the Contractor of responsibility for measurements in compliance therein.

12-1.13 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following requirements:

Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.

Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish all information necessary as required to the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision shall be final.

When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, a list of substitutions to be made shall be submitted for approval.

The following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

| SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325M | |
|--|--|
| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch | IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch |
| M16 x 2 | 5/8 |
| M20 x 2.5 | 3/4 |
| M22 x 2.5 | 7/8 |
| M24 x 3 | 1 |
| M27 x 3 | 1-1/8 |
| M30 x 3.5 | 1-1/4 |
| M36 x 4 | 1-1/2 |

| SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR REINFORCEMENT | |
|--|--|
| METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS | IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED |
| 10 | 3 |
| 13 | 4 |
| 16 | 5 |
| 19 | 6 |
| 22 | 7 |
| 25 | 8 |
| 29 | 9 |
| 32 | 10 |
| 36 | 11 |
| 43 | 14 |
| 57 | 18 |

| SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WELDED PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM DESIGNATION: A 185 | |
|---|--|
| | US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch ² x 100 |
| MW9 | W1.4 |
| MW10 | W1.6 |
| MW13 | W2.0 |
| MW15 | W2.3 |
| MW19 | W2.9 |
| MW20 | W3.1 |
| MW22 | W3.5 |
| MW25 | W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only |
| MW26 | W4.0 |
| MW30 | W4.7 |
| MW32 | W5.0 |
| MW35 | W5.4 |
| MW40 | W6.2 |
| MW45 | W6.5 |
| MW50 | W7.8 |
| MW55 | W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only |
| MW60 | W9.3 |
| MW70 | W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only |
| MW80 | W12.4 |
| MW90 | W14.0 |
| MW100 | W15.5 |

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF: (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| DIAMETER | |
| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch |
| 6, or 6.35 | 1/4 |
| 8 or 7.94 | 5/16 |
| 10, or 9.52 | 3/8 |
| 11, or 11.11 | 7/16 |
| 13 or 12.70 | 1/2 |
| 14, or 14.29 | 9/16 |
| 16, or 15.88 | 5/8 |
| 19, or 19.05 | 3/4 |
| 22, or 22.22 | 7/8 |
| 24, 25, or 25.40 | 1 |
| 29, or 28.58 | 1-1/8 |
| 32, or 31.75 | 1-1/4 |
| 35, or 34.93 | 1-3/8 |
| 38 or 38.10 | 1-1/2 |
| 44, or 44.45 | 1-3/4 |
| 51, or 50.80 | 2 |
| 57, or 57.15 | 2-1/4 |
| 64, or 63.50 | 2-1/2 |
| 70 or 69.85 | 2-3/4 |
| 76, or 76.20 | 3 |
| 83, or 82.55 | 3-1/4 |
| 89 or 88.90 | 3-1/2 |
| 95, or 95.25 | 3-3/4 |
| 102, or 101.60 | 4 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS | | HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED (GALVANIZED) SHEETS | |
| METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE inch | METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE inch |
| 7.94 | 0.3125 | | |
| 6.07 | 0.2391 | | |
| 5.69 | 0.2242 | | |
| 5.31 | 0.2092 | | |
| 4.94 | 0.1943 | | |
| 4.55 | 0.1793 | | |
| 4.18 | 0.1644 | 4.270 | 0.1681 |
| 3.80 | 0.1495 | 3.891 | 0.1532 |
| 3.42 | 0.1345 | 3.510 | 0.1382 |
| 3.04 | 0.1196 | 3.132 | 0.1233 |
| 2.66 | 0.1046 | 2.753 | 0.1084 |
| 2.28 | 0.0897 | 2.372 | 0.0934 |
| 1.90 | 0.0747 | 1.994 | 0.0785 |
| 1.71 | 0.0673 | 1.803 | 0.0710 |
| 1.52 | 0.0598 | 1.613 | 0.0635 |
| 1.37 | 0.0538 | 1.461 | 0.0575 |
| 1.21 | 0.0478 | 1.311 | 0.0516 |
| 1.06 | 0.0418 | 1.158 | 0.0456 |
| 0.91 | 0.0359 | 1.006 or 1.016 | 0.0396 |
| 0.84 | 0.0329 | 0.930 | 0.0366 |
| 0.76 | 0.0299 | 0.853 | 0.0336 |
| 0.68 | 0.0269 | 0.777 | 0.0306 |
| 0.61 | 0.0239 | 0.701 | 0.0276 |
| 0.53 | 0.0209 | 0.627 | 0.0247 |
| 0.45 | 0.0179 | 0.551 | 0.0217 |
| 0.42 | 0.0164 | 0.513 | 0.0202 |
| 0.38 | 0.0149 | 0.475 | 0.0187 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS | EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS | GAGE NO. |
| mm | inch | |
| 6.20 | 0.244 | 3 |
| 5.72 | 0.225 | 4 |
| 5.26 | 0.207 | 5 |
| 4.88 | 0.192 | 6 |
| 4.50 | 0.177 | 7 |
| 4.11 | 0.162 | 8 |
| 3.76 | 0.148 | 9 |
| 3.43 | 0.135 | 10 |
| 3.05 | 0.120 | 11 |
| 2.69 | 0.106 | 12 |
| 2.34 | 0.092 | 13 |
| 2.03 | 0.080 | 14 |
| 1.83 | 0.072 | 15 |
| 1.57 | 0.062 | 16 |
| 1.37 | 0.054 | 17 |
| 1.22 | 0.048 | 18 |
| 1.04 | 0.041 | 19 |
| 0.89 | 0.035 | 20 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR COMMON NAILS | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|
| NAIL SIZE | METRIC | | ENGLISH | |
| | mm | | inch | |
| | Length | Diameter | Length | Diameter |
| 8d | 63.5 | 3.33 | 2 1/2 | 0.131 |
| 10d | 76.2 | 3.76 | 3 | 0.148 |
| 16d | 88.9 | 4.11 | 3 1/2 | 0.162 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUMBER | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| METRIC NOMINAL SURFACE DRY SIZE | EQUIVALENT NOMINAL SURFACE DRY U S SIZE |
| mm | inch |
| 51 | 2 |
| 102 | 4 |
| 152 | 6 |
| 203 | 8 |
| 254 | 10 |
| 305 | 12 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR PLYWOOD | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| METRIC mm | ENGLISH inch |
| 6.4 | 1/4 |
| 7.9 | 5/16 |
| 9.5 | 3/8 |
| 11.1 | 7/16 |
| 11.9 | 15/32 |
| 12.7 | 1/2 |
| 15.1 | 19/32 |
| 15.9 | 5/8 |
| 18.3 | 23/32 |
| 19.1 | 3/4 |
| 22.2 | 7/8 |
| 25.4 | 1 |
| 28.6 | 1 1/8 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR INSULATION R-VALUE | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| METRIC (K m ² /W) | ENGLISH (HR FT ² F/BTU) |
| 0.5 | 3 |
| 0.7 | 4 |
| 1.4 | 8 |
| 1.9 | 11 |
| 2.3 | 13 |
| 2.5 | 14 |
| 3.3 | 19 |
| 5.3 | 30 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR VAPOR TRANSMISSION RATING | |
|---|------------------------|
| METRIC (Perm-m) | ENGLISH (perm-inch) |
| 0.29 | 0.02 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR LOW PRESSURE | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| METRIC (Pa) | ENGLISH (Inches of Water Column) |
| 30 | 0.125 |
| 60 | 0.25 |
| 90 | 0.375 |
| 120 | 0.50 |
| 150 | 0.60 |
| 155 | 0.625 |
| 175 | 0.70 |
| 185 | 0.75 |
| 200 | 0.80 |
| 250 | 1.00 |
| 310 | 1.25 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRESSURE | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| METRIC (kPa) | ENGLISH (psi) |
| 10 | 1.5 |
| 210 | 30 |
| 280 | 40 |
| 350 | 50 |
| 690 | 100 |
| 860 | 125 |
| 1040 | 150 |
| 1100 | 160 |
| 1210 | 175 |
| 1380 | 200 |
| 1730 | 250 |
| 2070 | 300 |
| 2170 | 315 |
| 2410 | 350 |
| 2590 | 375 |
| 2760 | 400 |
| 4830 | 700 |
| 5170 | 750 |
| 5520 | 800 |
| 13800 | 2000 |
| 17200 | 2500 |
| 20700 | 3000 |
| 27600 | 4000 |
| 34500 | 5000 |
| 137900 | 20000 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR MIL THICKNESS | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| METRIC (mm) | ENGLISH (inch/1000) |
| 0.10 | 4 |
| 0.13 | 5 |
| 0.15 | 6 |
| 0.50 | 20 |
| 0.75 | 30 |
| 1.00 | 40 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR HVAC DUCTING. | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| METRIC (mm) | ENGLISH (inch) |
| 100 | 4 |
| 125 | 5 |
| 150 | 6 |
| 175 | 7 |
| 200 | 8 |
| 225 | 9 |
| 250 | 10 |
| 300 | 12 |
| 360 | 14 |
| 410 | 16 |
| 460 | 18 |
| 510 | 20 |
| 560 | 22 |
| 610 | 24 |
| 660 | 26 |
| 710 | 28 |
| 760 | 30 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR MECHANICAL PIPING | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| METRIC (GSP, PVC, BSP, DUCTILE IRON) | METRIC (mm) | ENGLISH (inch) |
| NPS 1/2 | 15 | 1/2 |
| NPS 3/4 | 20 | 3/4 |
| NPS 1 | 25 | 1 |
| NPS 1 1/4 | 32 | 1 1/4 |
| NPS 1 1/2 | 40 | 1 1/2 |
| NPS 2 | 50 | 2 |
| NPS 2 1/2 | 65 | 2 1/2 |
| NPS 3 | 75 | 3 |
| NPS 4 | 100 | 4 |
| NPS 6 | 150 | 6 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUBRICATION PIPING TUBING WALL THICKNESS | |
|--|-------------------|
| METRIC (mm) | ENGLISH (inch) |
| 2.1 | 0.083 |
| 0.9 | 0.035 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR HOSE/TUBING SIZES O. D. | |
|---|-------------------|
| METRIC (mm) | ENGLISH (inch) |
| 6 | 1/4 |
| 10 | 3/8 |
| 13 | 1/2 |
| 16 | 5/8 |
| 19 | 3/4 |
| 22 | 7/8 |
| 25 | 1 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR DRUM SIZES | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------|--------|
| METRIC | | ENGLISH | |
| L | kg | gallons | pounds |
| 205 | 180 | 55 | 400 |
| 60 | 55 | 16 | 120 |
| 19 | 16 | 5 | 35 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR POWER | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| METRIC (kW) | ENGLISH (HP) |
| 0.037 | 1/20 |
| 0.075 | 1/10 |
| 0.18 | 1/4 |
| 0.25 | 1/3 |
| 0.37 | 1/2 |
| 0.55 | 3/4 |
| 0.75 | 1 |
| 1.1 | 1 1/2 |
| 1.5 | 2 |
| 2.2 | 3 |
| 3.7 | 5 |
| 5.5 | 7 1/2 |
| 7.5 | 10 |
| 11 | 15 |
| 15 | 20 |
| 18.5 | 25 |
| 22 | 30 |
| 30 | 40 |
| 37 | 50 |
| 45 | 60 |
| 55 | 75 |
| 75 | 100 |
| 90 | 120 |
| 110 | 150 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR IMPELLER BALANCE | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SYNCHRONOUS RPM | METRIC (g mm/kg) | ENGLISH (ounce- inch/pound) |
| 720 | 94 | 0.059 |
| 900 | 73 | 0.046 |
| 1200 | 54 | 0.034 |
| 1800 | 41 | 0.026 |
| 3600 | 17 | 0.011 |

| CONVERSION TABLE FOR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm | EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch |
| 16 | 1/2 |
| 21 | 3/4 |
| 27 | 1 |
| 35 | 1 1/4 |
| 41 | 1 1/2 |
| 53 | 2 |
| 103 | 4 |

SECTION 12-2. SITEWORK

12-2.01 REMOVING PORTIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of removing portions of the existing facilities, including removal of existing work to gain access to or for new work, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

General.--The limits of removal shall be located and identified. Items to be removed and the interface of items to be removed and items to remain intact shall be identified and marked.

Prior to removing concrete, a saw cut approximately 25 mm deep shall be made along the limits of removal on all faces that will be visible in the completed work.

At masonry walls, full depth saw cuts shall be made from both faces. Overcuts shall not be made at corners. Remaining material at corners shall be chipped out and the surfaces ground smooth.

REMOVAL.--

General.--Removal shall be to the limits shown on the plans. Removal shall be done carefully to minimize damage to the portions to remain. Remaining portions that are damaged by the Contractor's operation shall be restored to original condition at the Contractor's expense.

Assemblies to be salvaged which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

Existing apparatuses, devices, or accessories which would be functionally impaired by new construction or remodeling shall be moved, brought out to new surfaces, or provided with new access covers, as necessary to restore apparatuses, devices, or accessories to their original usefulness.

Conduits to be abandoned shall be capped or plugged.

Sewer piping to be abandoned shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in "Abandon Portions of Waste Disposal System", elsewhere in this Section 12-2.

Surfaces that are exposed to view at the limits of removal work shall be patched, bumps shall be removed and depressions filled, and the surface shall be finished to match the existing surrounding surfaces. Depressions in concrete less than 25 mm deep shall be deepened to 25 mm minimum depth before filling with cement mortar.

Anchor bolts and reinforcement shall be removed at least 25 mm below the surrounding surfaces, and the resulting hole shall be patched with cement mortar.

Existing reinforcement that is to be incorporated into the new work shall be protected from damage and thoroughly cleaned before being embedded in new concrete.

Sewage facilities.--Sewage facilities to be removed shall be first pumped out and the sewage and sediment removed from such facilities.

REPAIR.--

Roof deck and framing repair.--Existing roof decking or framing at the Comfort Stations and Pumphouse that are damaged by reason other than by the Contractor's operations shall be repaired when ordered by the Engineer. Such work shall be as directed by the Engineer, and will be paid for as extra work in accordance with the requirements in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Hole repair.--Holes in existing masonry walls resulting from the removal of the items shown on the plans shall be patched using a non-shrink, non-metallic cement based type rapid setting grout before new holes are cut or cored in the new locations. Patches shall be prepared and materials applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

DISPOSAL.--

General.--Materials that are to be removed, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the requirements in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

SALVAGE.--

General.--Materials or equipment shown on the plans to be salvaged shall remain the property of the State and shall be removed, cleaned and stockpiled at a location at the project site designated by the Engineer, except as otherwise specified.

The air compressors and related hardware, and wood storage tank staves, to be salvaged shall be delivered to the CALTRAN's Buellton Maintenance Station at 7201 Jonata Road, Buellton, CA 93427.

12-2.02 RELOCATING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of relocating existing materials and equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

RELOCATION.--

General.--Materials or equipment to be relocated shall be removed carefully to avoid damage to the materials or equipment or to the materials or equipment which are to remain. Assemblies to be relocated which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer prior to the relocation work in order that the materials or equipment may be inspected for existing damage.

Materials or equipment to be relocated shall have all adhering concrete, mastics, earth or other deleterious materials removed and shall have all exterior surfaces cleaned.

Materials or equipment which are damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be replaced or restored to match the condition of the materials or equipment prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations. Replacement or restoration of damaged materials or equipment shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Connections, anchorages and fasteners for relocated materials and equipment shall match existing and shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor. Assemblies which have been dismantled shall be reassembled to match the existing installation. Relocated materials and equipment shall be installed as required for new work.

Modifications to wiring and plumbing to accommodate relocated items shall be as shown on the plans. Ends of piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped.

Surfaces that are exposed to view upon removal or relocation of materials or equipment shall be patched. Bumps shall be removed and depressions filled, and the surface finished to match the existing surfaces. Depressions in concrete less than 25 mm deep shall be deepened to 25 mm minimum depth before filling with cement mortar.

DISPOSAL.--

General.--Materials from existing facilities to be reused in the work, in the opinion of the Engineer, is unsuitable for use shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of as provided in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way." of the Standard Specifications. The unsuitable material shall be replaced as ordered by the Engineer and will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

12-2.03 CORE MASONRY

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of coring holes through existing masonry surfaces in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

EXECUTION.--

Holes shall be cored by methods that will not shatter or damage the masonry adjacent to the holes.

The diameter of the cored holes shall be as shown on the plans.

Water for the core drilling operations shall be from the domestic water supply and shall not contain more than 1,000 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO₄, nor shall it contain any impurities in a sufficient amount to cause discoloration or etching of the surface.

Water from the core drilling operations shall not be permitted to flow into sewers or other drainage facilities.

12-2.04 ABANDON PORTIONS OF WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of abandoning portions of the existing waste disposal system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Codes and standards.--Attention is directed to Section 7-1.01, "Laws to be Observed," of the Standard Specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Staging of work.--Work that will curtail the use of the waste disposal system shall not be done until the facilities utilizing the system are closed and are no longer required.

Disposal.--Sewage facilities to be abandoned shall be pumped out and the sewage and sediment removed from such facilities shall be disposed of away from the premises. Disposal shall conform to the laws, rules and regulations of the agency having jurisdiction of the disposal site.

Abandoning facilities.--Each pipe entering or exiting the sewage disposal system to be abandoned shall be closed by a tight fitting plug or wall of concrete not less than 150 mm thick. Such concrete shall be commercial quality concrete and shall contain not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter of concrete.

Manhole frames and covers.--Manhole frames and covers which are to be removed shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of away from the premises. Such disposal shall conform to the laws, rules, and regulations of all agencies having jurisdiction at the disposal site.

12-2.05 EARTHWORK FOR BUILDING WORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing earthwork for building work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Earthwork for building work shall consist of structure excavation and structure backfill. Structure excavation shall include excavation for footings, foundations, slabs, tanks, and trenches. Structure backfill shall include backfilling under slabs; backfilling under and around footings; backfilling for pipes and conduits; backfilling holes resulting from removal of

existing facilities. In addition to structure excavation and structure backfill, earthwork for building work shall include any other earthwork, not mentioned, but necessary to complete the building work.

Attention is directed to the requirements of "Field Engineering" in Section 12-1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions.

Related work.--Leach lines shall be excavated and backfilled in accordance with the requirements specified under "Septic Sewage Disposal System" elsewhere in this Section 12-2.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Samples.--Samples of sand weighing not less than 11 kg, shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for approval.

SITE CONDITIONS.--

Existing underground piping and conduit.--The location of existing underground piping and conduit is based on the best records available. Before beginning work, the Contractor shall accurately locate the piping and conduit involved in the work. If the location of the existing piping or conduit deviates from the location shown on the plans by more than 1.5 meters, or, if no elevations are indicated and the piping or conduit is more than 0.9 meter below grade, the cost of the additional excavation, backfill, piping or conduit, and removal and replacement of concrete, if any, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Existing surfaced or planted areas.--Existing surfaced or planted areas that are removed, broken or damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be restored to their original condition except as otherwise shown on the plans or specified herein.

Restoration materials shall be equal to or better than the original materials. Surfacing shall be replaced to match the material thickness, grades, and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

BACKFILL MATERIALS.--

Structure backfill.--

Structure and trench backfill shall be free of organic and other deleterious material and shall be suitable for the required compaction. Gravel without sand matrix shall not be used except as free draining granular material beneath slabs and footings.

Sand.--

Sand shall be clean, washed sand, free from clay or organic material graded such that 100 percent passes the 6 mm sieve, 90 percent to 100 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve and not more than 5 percent passes the 75 µm sieve size.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION & RESTORATION.--

Sawcutting.--Prior to excavation or trenching, existing surfacing shall be removed to saw cut lines, or to existing wood dividers or expansion joints, if any. The saw cut shall be to a neat line and have a depth not less than 25 mm.

Restoration.--Surfacing shall be replaced to match the thickness, grades and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

STRUCTURE EXCAVATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, all excavation for building work shall be classified as structure excavation.

Footing excavation.--The bottom of excavation shall not be disturbed. The contractor shall excavate by hand to the final grade. The bottom of concrete footings shall be poured against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise noted,

compaction of the bottom of footing excavation is not required unless the material is disturbed. The footing depths shown on the plans shall be changed to suit field conditions when directed by the Engineer. Solid rock at or near required depths shall not be disturbed. Unsuitable material shall be excavated down to firm bearing as directed by the Engineer. Work and materials required because of excavation in excess of the depths shown on the plans, when such excavation has been ordered by the Engineer, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Excavate to the elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of ± 12 mm. Limits of the excavation shall allow for adequate working space for installing materials and as required for safety of personnel. Such working space excavation shall be replaced in kind and compacted at the Contractor's expense.

Overdepth excavation for footings shall be backfilled with concrete or such other material recommended by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Relative compaction shall be not less than 95 percent.

Excavation for pipes and conduits.--Pipes or conduits in the same trench shall have a minimum clear distance between pipes or conduits of 150 mm. Pipes or conduits shall have not less than 0.75 meter of cover from top of pipes or conduits to finished grade unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified.

Trenching shall be of sufficient depth to permit placing a minimum depth of 100 mm of compacted sand under all pipes and conduits.

Dewatering.--Excavations shall be kept clear of standing water. Water shall be removed by pumping if necessary. Water removed from excavation shall be carried away from the building site and disposed of in a manner that will not harm State or adjacent property.

STRUCTURE BACKFILLING.--

General.--Unless otherwise noted, all backfill for building work shall be classified as structure backfill. Backfill shall be placed and compacted in horizontal layers, not more than 150 mm thick prior to compaction, and to the lines and grades shown on the plans or to original ground.

Structure backfill.--After structures are in place and forms are removed, wood and other debris shall be removed from excavations before placing structure backfill.

Unless approved in writing by the Engineer, compaction of structure by jetting or ponding will not be permitted.

Backfilling pipes and conduits.--Backfill placed under pipe and conduits shall be compacted sand, 100 mm minimum depth. Backfill material placed to a level 150 mm above tops of pipes and conduits shall be sand. Backfill material placed higher than 150 mm above tops of pipes or conduits shall consist of material free of stones or lumps exceeding 100 mm in greatest dimension except:

- (a) The top 300 mm of backfill under roads, walks or paving shall consist of aggregate base material.
- (b) The top 150 mm of backfill in planted areas shall consist of topsoil.

COMPACTION.--

General.--Relative compaction shall be determined in accordance with California Test 216 or 231.

Unless otherwise noted below, all backfill shall be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent.

Compact original ground.--Original ground surface under fill with surfacing of concrete and asphalt concrete shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent for a minimum depth of 150 mm.

Structure backfill.--Structure backfill shall be compacted to not less than 95 percent relative compaction.

Trench backfill.--Trench backfill placed beneath slabs or paved areas shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent.

DISPOSAL.--

Surplus material.--Surplus material from the excavation shall be removed and disposed of outside the right-of-way in accordance with Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Inspection.--When the excavation is substantially completed to grade, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer. No concrete shall be placed until the foundation has been approved by the Engineer.

Testing.--The State will conduct compaction tests during the backfilling and compacting operations.

12-2.06 AGGREGATE BASE

PART 1.-GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing, spreading and compacting aggregate base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.-PRODUCTS

Aggregate base.--

Aggregate base shall be commercial quality aggregates consisting of broken stone; crushed gravel; natural, clean, rough-surfaced gravel and sand; or a combination thereof.

Aggregate base shall conform to the following grading as determined by California Test 202:

| Sieve or Screen Size | Percentage Passing |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 25 mm | 100 |
| 19 mm | 90 - 100 |
| 4.75 mm | 35 - 60 |
| 600 µm | 10 - 30 |
| 75 µm | 2 - 9 |

Aggregate base shall also conform to the following quality requirements:

| Tests | California Test No. | Test Requirements |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Durability Index | 229 | 35 Min. |
| Resistance (R-Value) | 301 | 78 Min. |
| Sand Equivalent | 217 | 22 Min. |

PART 3.-EXECUTION

SPREADING AND COMPACTING.--

Spreading.--Aggregate base shall be placed and compacted to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Spreading and compacting shall be performed by methods that will produce a uniform base, free from pockets of coarse or fine material.

Compaction.--Relative compaction of each layer of compacted base material shall be not less than 95 percent, as determined by California Test 216 or 231.

12-2.07 ASPHALT CONCRETE

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and placing asphalt concrete, and applying a paint binder, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Areas to be surfaced with asphalt concrete shall be as shown on the plans, and/or where existing bituminous surfacing has been removed to facilitate the required work.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Asphalt concrete.--

Asphalt concrete shall be commercial quality, 13 mm maximum grading, produced at a central mixing plant.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Mixing.--The aggregate and asphalt binder for asphalt concrete shall be heated and mixed thoroughly.

Placement.--A paint binder of asphaltic emulsion or paving asphalt shall be applied to all existing surfacing upon which asphalt concrete is to be placed, vertical surfaces against which asphalt concrete material is to be placed, and other surfaces designated by the Engineer.

Asphalt concrete shall be spread by methods that will produce an asphalt concrete surfacing of uniform smoothness and texture, and shall be thoroughly compacted by hand rollers, impactors or other methods approved by the Engineer.

12-2.08 PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

PART 1.- GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying paint for pavement markings at the disabled accessible parking stalls, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Pavement markings include, but are not limited to, word and symbol markings, and parking stall markings.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--

Paint.--

Paint shall be top commercial quality for pavement marking, formulated for the use intended, and manufactured by a nationally recognized manufacturer of paint and other coating products.

The kind of paint to be used (solvent or water borne) shall be determined by the Contractor, based on local air pollution control regulations and weather conditions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--

ALIGNMENT AND LAYOUT.--All necessary alignment and layout work shall be performed by the Contractor, in a manner that will not damage the pavement.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the width of parking stall markings shall be 105 mm.

EQUIPMENT AND OPERATION.--Mechanical means shall be used to paint pavement markings.

All equipment used in the application of paint shall produce pavement markings of uniform quality.

All spray equipment shall be the proper type and of adequate capacity for the work involved.

Air atomized spray equipment shall be equipped with oil and water extractors and pressure regulators, and shall have adequate air volume and compressor recovery capacity. Spray gun tip needle assemblies and orifices shall be the proper size.

Rapid dry paint shall be applied only with airless type equipment.

Stencils and hand spray equipment shall be used to paint word and symbol markings. Stencils shall be furnished by the Contractor. The stencil layout shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces which are to receive paint shall be cleaned of all dirt and loose material.

APPLICATION.--Paint shall be applied only on dry surfaces, and only during periods of favorable weather, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

On new surfacing, paint shall be applied in 2 coats. The first coat shall be dry before application of the second coat is applied.

On existing surfacing, paint shall be applied in one coat.

Completed pavement markings shall have clean and well-defined edges, and shall conform to the dimensions shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Drips, oversprays, improper markings, and paint material tracked by traffic shall be immediately removed from the pavement by methods approved by the Engineer. All such removal shall be at the Contractor's expense.

APPLICATION RATES.--Each application of paint shall be applied at the rates recommended by the paint manufacturer for the type of surface involved.

PROTECTION.--Newly placed pavement markings shall be protected from damage by traffic or other causes until the paint is thoroughly dry.

DISABLED ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALL SYMBOL.--Each parking space reserved for persons with physical disabilities shall have a minimum 0.9 m x 0.9 m surface identification with the international symbol of accessibility. The symbol and border shall be white and the background shall be blue conforming to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090.

12-2.09 WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a water supply system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The water supply system shall include all equipment, accessories and appurtenances necessary for the complete installation and operation of said system.

Earthwork, foundations, supports, painting, mechanical, electrical, and all other work incidental to and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the water supply system shall conform to the requirements for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--The material list, catalog cuts and descriptive data shall be complete as to name of manufacturer, catalog number, size, capacity, finish, coatings, all pertinent performance ratings, and identification symbols used on the plans and in the special provisions for each unit.

Manufacturer's descriptive data and catalog cuts to be submitted shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Storage Tank
- Solenoid Valve
- Float Switch

Parts lists and service instructions packaged with or accompanying the equipment installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

Before completion of the project, 3 copies of the operation and maintenance instructions and parts lists for the solenoid valve and float switch furnished shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for equipment and materials installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

PRODUCTS

Piping.--

Pipe, joints and fittings shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the requirements specified under "Pipe, Fittings and Valves" in Section 12-15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

Storage tank.--

Storage tank shall be an above ground steel bolted potable water storage tank. Tank dimensions shown on the plans are nominal and may be varied a maximum of 150 mm in diameter or height provided the tank capacity shown on the plans is maintained. The tank shall include steel sloped roof deck with screened hood vent and lockable access hatch; flat bottom; exterior ladder with lockable security door; water level gauge; side shell access hatch; flanged connections for all piping, as shown on the plans; and seismic tie down anchors.

Storage tank design shall conform to the requirements of AWWA Standard D 103-87.

Interior coating shall be glassed or thermoset epoxy and shall meet all NSF standards for use with potable water.

Exterior footing shall be a dual epoxy primer undercoat and acrylic urethane topcoat. Color shall be as shown on the plans.

Tank level gauge.--

The tank level gauge for the storage tank shall be the hydrostatic type calibrated in liters and shall include a built-in hand-pump, air line, and all fittings necessary for complete and successful operation. Gauge face diameter shall be at least 300 mm.

The exterior surfaces of the tank shall be prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified for steel and other ferrous metals under "Painting" in Section 12-9 "Finishes," of these special provisions.

Valves.--

Valves shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Pipe, Fittings and Valves" in Section 12-15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

Solenoid valve.--

Solenoid valve shall match the size shown on the plans and shall be NEMA Type 1, General Purpose, 120-volt, 60 hertz, seals and discs of polytetrafluorethulene, CSA certified, UL listed. The safe water operating pressure shall be 2070 kPa with a maximum operating differential of 860 kPa. The valve shall be continuous duty cycle rated. The valve shall be normally closed.

Float switch.--

Float switch shall be 120-volt, 10-ampere, AC, single-pole, double throw mercury switch in inert synthetic casing. Switch shall be leakproof, shockproof, and corrosion resistant. Cable shall be 3-conductor, No. 18 AWG with polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacket. Switch shall be installed as shown on the plans. The difference between the switch activation elevation and deactivation elevation shall be as shown on the plans.

EXECUTION.--

STORAGE TANK.--The storage tank shall be installed in accordance with the requirements in AWWA Standard D 103-87.

Prior to placing the storage tank into service, the storage tank shall be disinfected in accordance with AWWA Standard C652-92 Method 2.

After completion of the disinfection procedure, the Contractor shall sample the water and test for coliform organisms. The sample shall be placed in a sterile container, and sent to a State certified laboratory for analysis. If the laboratory reports a positive result for coliform presence, the disinfection procedure shall be repeated until a subsequent negative or absent result is obtained.

12-2.10 SEPTIC SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and constructing a septic sewage disposal system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Septic sewage disposal system shall include such other materials and appurtenances, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation and proper operation of the system.

Related work.--Sewer pipes in buildings and to the edge of the building sidewalk shall be as specified in Section 12-15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

Order of Work.--Work which will curtail the use of the existing sewage system shall not be done until the facilities utilizing the system are closed and are no longer required.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Material lists for materials to be used shall be submitted for approval and shall include the name of the manufacturer and the source, model number, description, and standard of manufacture.

Manufacturer's descriptive data and catalog cuts for the following shall be submitted for approval:

- Sewer pipe and fittings
- Leach line pipe and fittings
- Manhole frames and covers
- Cleanouts
- Valves
- Valve and meter boxes
- Filter fabric
- Diversion valve
- Monitor well caps
- Coatings
- Underground tracer tape

Samples.--A representative sample of leach line rock weighing approximately 11 kg shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All sanitary sewage work shall conform to the applicable portions of the 1997 Uniform Plumbing Code as amended by the latest edition of the California Building Standards Code.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for manhole frames and covers in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

IDENTIFICATION.--

Underground tracer tape.--

Underground tracer tape shall be permanent, bright colored, continuous printed plastic tape with integral metallic strip or wire intended for direct burial service; not less than 50 mm wide; lettering shall read "CAUTION SEWER BURIED BELOW".

PIPES AND PIPE FITTINGS.--

Sewer pipe.--

Sewer pipe and fittings shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) gravity sewer plastic pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 35, with integral bell and bell and spigot rubber gasketed joints or conforming to ASTM Designation: D2665 with solvent welded fittings. Rubber gaskets shall conform to ASTM Designation: F 477. Stainless steel clamps with rubber boots shall not be used.

Sewer pipe adapters.--

Sewer pipe adapters for PVC to cast iron soil or clay pipe shall be an appropriately sized PVC flexible coupling manufactured for connecting dissimilar pipes. Adapters shall be attached to piping with adjustable stainless steel band clamps with hex tightening screws. Rubber boots will not be allowed. Sewer pipe adapter shall be Indiana Seal; Fernco; or equal.

Leach line pipe.--

Leach line pipe shall be perforated PVC plastic sewer pipe and fittings, standard dimension ratio, (SDR) 35, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034; or perforated PVC drain, waste and vent pipe, (PVC-DWV), conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2665.

Perforations shall be 13 mm or 16 mm in diameter, located in 2 rows 120 degrees apart and spaced at intervals between 75 mm and 125 mm. Piping which is manufactured without the required drain holes shall have the holes drilled using approved drilling equipment and jigs. Burrs on the pipe surfaces resulting from the drilling operation shall be removed.

MANHOLES, METER AND VALVE BOXES.--

Manholes.--

Manhole sections and cones shall be precast, reinforced concrete conforming to ASTM Designation: C 478M or precast reinforced concrete pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: C 76.

Manhole frame and cover.--

Manhole frame and cover shall be gray cast iron, conforming to ASTM Designation: A 48, Class 30 or greater (traffic type). Cover shall be no bolt, gas tight, closed pick hole and shall be marked "SS," "SEWER," or "SANITARY SEWER." The side or bottom of the cover shall be machined grooved for an integral O-ring gasket. The frame seat for the bottom O-ring gasket shall be a minimum of 22 mm in width. The machine groove may be omitted and a flat gasket may be used, provided that the gasket is bonded to the frame seat with contact cement.

Meter box.--

Meter box shall be precast concrete with cast iron cover. Cover shall be factory marked "SEWER," "SS," or "SANITARY SEWER". Meter box shall be Bes, No. C9W with C15 cover; Christy, No. B9 with B9C cover; Cook Concrete Products, No. 14 with 14-T cover; or equal.

Valve box.--

Valve box and cover shall be precast concrete box with cast iron cover. Cover shall be factory marked "SEWER," "SS," or "SANITARY SEWER". Valve box shall be Cook Concrete Products, No. 10-T-12; Christy No. G-5C; Brooks, No. 3-RT; or equal with extensions as required.

CLEANOUTS AND VALVES.--**Cleanout to grade.--**

Cleanout piping shall terminate with an appropriately sized flexible PVC access cap and stainless steel band coupler with hex tightening screw. Rubber coupling or cap will not be allowed. Access cap shall be Indiana Seal; Fernco; or equal.

Diversion valve.--

Diversion valve shall be PVC, NPS 4 Schedule 40, 3-way female connections with 2 outlets 120 degrees from inlet, PVC riser and PVC watertight riser cap and adapter, concrete valve box with extensions as required, and valve key. Valve key shall operate from the surface. The valve shall be UPC listed and shall withstand a working pressure of 172 368 kPa.

MONITOR WELLS.--**Monitor wells.--**

Monitor wells shall be NPS 6 diameter PVC pipe and fittings, perforated as shown on the plans, and terminating with an appropriately sized flexible PVC access cap and stainless steel band coupler with hex tightening screw just below grade in a precast concrete valve box with cast iron cover; or terminating above grade as shown on the plans. PVC pipe and fittings shall be sewer pipe, SDR 35, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034; or plastic drain, waste, and vent pipe and fittings, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2665.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**Cement mortar.--**

Cement mortar shall be one part cement to 2 to 3 parts clean plaster or concrete sand mixed with just enough water for suitable consistency.

Epoxy adhesive.--

Epoxy adhesive shall be commercial quality low viscosity paste polysulfide extended epoxy formulated primarily for use in bonding new portland cement concrete to existing portland cement concrete.

Sand.--

Sand shall be clean, washed sand, free from clay or organic material graded such that 90 percent to 100 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve size and not more than 20 passes the 300 µm sieve size.

Leach line backfill.--

Leach line backfill shall be native material free of rocks greater than 50 mm in greatest dimension, vegetable matter, trash or other deleterious material.

Leach line rock.-- Leach line rock shall be washed, clean, graded gravel, rock, or crushed rock varying in size between 19 mm and 64 mm in greatest dimension. Rock shall have not more than 10 percent loss when tested in accordance with California Test 214. Tests may be waived if rock is from an approved supply or is accompanied by a Certificate of Compliance conforming to the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Pea gravel.--

Pea gravel shall be clean aggregate, free from clay or organic material and graded such that 90 percent to 100 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve size, and not more than 50 percent shall pass the 600 µm sieve size.

Filter fabric.--

Filter fabric shall be commercial quality, chemically stable, non-biodegradable, ultraviolet stabilized, 100 percent polyester, 100 percent polypropylene or 100 percent combined polyester and polypropylene, nonwoven, needle punched permeable geotextile.

Filter fabric shall be Mirafi, 140N; AMOCO Fabrics, 4506; or equal.

Filter fabric shall conform to the following requirements:

| Property | Value | Test Designation |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Average roll weight | 135 grams per square meter, min. | ASTM D 1117 |
| Grab tensile strength, Newtons | 504 N \pm 66 N XMD 490 N \pm 66 N | ASTM D 5034, 5035 25 mm grip |
| Grab elongation | MD 50 min. | ASTM D 5034, 5035 |
| Trapezoidal tear strength, Newtons | MD 223 N \pm 45 XMD 45 220 N \pm 45 | ASTM D 1117 |
| Water passage rate | 4000 liters per minute per square meter, min. | ASTM D 4491 (Constant head, 50 mm) |
| Thickness, mils | 0.06 mm | ASTM D 1777 |
| Permeability, cm per sec. | 0.3 cm per sec. \pm 0.1 cm pers sec. | ASTM D 4491 (Constant head, 50 mm) |
| AOS (Avg. opening size) | 0.21 mm, min. | ASTM D 4751 |

Epoxy mortar.--

Epoxy mortar shall be a commercial quality trowelable 3-component epoxy mortar consisting of 2 pourable epoxy components and a chemically resistant aggregate filler of silica quartz sand with a maximum water absorption of 0.1 percent. Epoxy shall have a pull-off strength of not less than 6895 MPa and a 90 percent cure in 24 hours. Epoxy mortar shall be the type that requires no primer as bonding agent.

COATINGS.--**Bituminous coating.--**

Bituminous coating shall conform to ASTM Designation: D 41.

Waterproof membrane.--

Waterproof membrane shall be a liquid, cold applied, seamless, single component, bitumen modified polyurethane formulated for airless spraying surfaces.

Properties shall be as follows:

| Property | Value | Test Designation |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Wet film thickness | 2.50 mm, min | |
| Shore A hardness | 10 min | ASTM D 2240 |
| Elongation, % | 350 min | ASTM D 412 |
| Tensile strength (kPa) | 550 kPa | ASTM D 412 |
| Application rate, approximate | 0.3 liters per square meters | |

Waterproof membrane shall be Rexnord Chemical Products, HLM 5000; Polycoat Products, Aquaseal-1; Select Products Company, Select Poly-Kote LM; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

Existing system.--Connections to the existing system shall be as approved by the Engineer.

INSTALLATION OF IDENTIFICATION.--

General.--Continuous underground tracer tape shall be installed directly above the buried line and 150 mm to 200 mm below finished grade during backfilling operations.

INSTALLATION OF SEWER PIPES AND FITTINGS.--

Pipe.--Sewer pipe shall be installed upgrade unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer. Damaged or misaligned pipe shall be corrected prior to use.

Sewers near water lines shall be installed below water line in the same trench, in parallel trenches less than 3 meters apart, or at any crossing.

When water line crosses above a sewer line, a vertical separation of not less than 305 mm shall be maintained between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water line.

When a sewer line crosses 610 mm or more below a water line, no extra protection is required. When a sewer line crosses less than 610 mm below a water line, the sewer pipe shall be cast iron pipe with leaded or mechanical joints or at least 1.83 meters in both directions from the crossing, or the sewer line shall be encased in concrete of 150 mm minimum thickness for the same distance.

When a water line must cross under a sewer line, a vertical separation of at least 460 mm between the bottom of the sewer line and the top of the water pipe shall be maintained with support provided for the sewer to prevent settling. The sewer shall be constructed of cast iron pipe with leaded or mechanical joints for at least 1.83 meters in both directions from the crossing, or the sewer shall be encased in concrete of 150 mm minimum thickness for the same distance.

Cleaning pipe.--Interior of pipes shall be cleaned of dirt and other materials as the work progresses. Lines between manholes shall be flushed as necessary to remove collected materials.

Joint adapters.--Joints between different types of pipes shall be made with sewer pipe adapters.

Interior inspection.--Interiors of pipes shall be inspected to determine displacement for damage during installation and backfilling.

INSTALLATION OF MANHOLES, METER AND VALVE BOXES.--

Sewer structures.--Manufactured sewer structures shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

All joints and penetrations of septic tank manholes and distribution boxes shall be sealed watertight, inside and outside, with epoxy mortar.

A concrete collar shall be cast in place around each manhole in accordance with the details shown on the plans. Forms shall be used for constructing concrete collars.

INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS AND VALVES.--

Cleanouts.--Cleanouts shall be installed 90 degrees to finished grade and shall terminate in a meter box. A concrete pad 460 mm long and 100 mm thick shall be provided full width of the trench under the wye branch. A concrete collar shall be cast-in-place around each cleanout meter box.

Cleanouts to grade shall be a combination of fittings as shown on the plans. Piping and fittings shall be sewer pipe. Cleanout piping shall terminate below grade in a valve box.

Collars shall be broom surface finished. Collars shall match existing/finished grade. Compaction prior to form work shall be as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

Diversion valve.--The diversion valve shall have an inner riser and riser cap which is connected to the valve body and shall be installed 90 degrees to near grade as shown on the plans. The outer valve box extensions shall rest on the cast-in-place concrete block and shall be installed 90 degrees to grade as shown on the plans. A cast-in-place concrete block shall be constructed to surround the valve body and fittings. A cast-in-place concrete collar shall be constructed around the valve box.

INSTALLATION OF LEACH LINES.--

Leach lines.--Leach line construction shall be performed in dry weather. The excavation for leach lines shall not commence until the soil moisture condition is dry to a depth of 50 mm as defined in the following definition from Table 3, "Criteria for Describing Moisture Condition," in ASTM Designation: D 2488: "Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch."

The trenches shall be prepared by carefully raking sidewalls and the bottom to remove any smeared or glazed soil surfaces. All loose material shall be removed from the trench. Sharp objects which may damage the filter fabric shall be removed during backfilling operations.

Leach line trenches shall not remain exposed to the elements for more than one day after excavation. Open trenches shall not, under any circumstances, be exposed to rainfall, or any other external source of moisture.

A single layer of filter fabric extending the full perimeter of the trench shall be placed immediately adjacent to the bottom and sides of the trench prior to placing leach line rock. All splices in the filter fabric shall have a 305 mm minimum overlap. Washed rock shall be placed in the center of the trench to minimize disturbance of the trench sidewalls.

Leach line pipe shall be installed on prepared rock layers to the invert elevations shown on the plans and to flat grades established by accurate survey methods. Pipes shall be within 6 mm of the required grade and installed with perforated sides down.

Washed rock fill material shall be placed evenly on both sides of the leach line pipe and above the pipe in such a manner as to prevent displacement or disturbance of the pipe system.

Leach line crossover inverts shall be placed by accurate survey methods and shall be within 3 mm of the required grade.

Sand and backfill placed above the leach line filter fabric shall be placed without adding water. The backfill material shall be placed in 150 mm maximum thickness lifts and, unless otherwise shown on the plans, mounded 150 mm above the trench. Backfill shall not be compacted.

Packaging shall protect filter fabric from ultraviolet radiation and abrasion during shipping and handling.

Monitor wells shall be wrapped with one layer of filter fabric to the limits shown on the plans.

APPLICATION OF COATINGS.--

General.--The interior surfaces of precast and cast-in-place sewer structures shall be coated with waterproofing membrane according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

The exterior surfaces of precast and cast-in-place concrete sewer structures, except the bottom of tanks, shall be completely coated with 2 applications of bituminous coating, applied at a rate of 2.4 square meters per liter.

The preparation of surfaces to receive coatings shall be in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations.

Concrete surfaces to be coated shall not be coated until 28 days after the last concrete for these structures has been poured.

The edge and bottom of manhole cover seat areas shall be coated with a uniform application of heavy duty, waterproof automotive or industrial grease.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

TESTING.--

Testing pipes.--All sewer pipes shall be tested for obstructions before covering the pipes by balling and flushing the pipes with an approved commercial sewer cleaning ball. The ball shall be moved slowly through the sewer with a tag line. NPS 4 sewer pipe shall be tested by pulling an appropriate sized inflatable plug through the pipe. Obstructions or irregularities shall be removed or repaired.

Sewer pipes shall be tested for leakage for a minimum period of 4 hours by filling with water to an elevation of 1.22 meters above the average invert of sewer, or to the top of the manholes where less than 1.22 meters deep. The system shall show no visible leaks, and the leakage rate shall not exceed 13.25 liters per 24 hours, per 25 mm diameter, per 30.5 meters of pipe. Sewers may be tested in sections with the test water progressively passed down the sewers if feasible. Water shall be released at a rate which will not create water hammer or surge in the plugged section of sewer.

In lieu of hydrostatic test with water, the air test method, as outlined in the Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC), "Low Pressure Air Test for Building Sewers," may be used.

Testing septic tank.--The septic tank shall be tested for leakage by filling the tank with water to the outlet flow line for a period of 24 hours. The tank shall remain watertight. Repairs, if necessary, shall be made at the Contractor's expense.

12-2.11 GUARD POSTS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing guard posts in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Steel posts.--

Steel posts for guard posts shall be standard weight, galvanized steel pipe conforming to the details shown on the plans.

Concrete.--

Concrete for guard posts shall be commercial quality concrete, proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use, with not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--The length and diameter of the guard posts shall conform to the details shown on the plans.

Guard posts shall be placed in holes excavated to the depth and cross section shown on the plans, and shall be installed plumb.

Guard posts shall be backfilled with concrete as shown on the plans.

Painting.--Guard posts shall be prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

12-2.12 PARKING BUMPERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing precast concrete parking bumpers at the disabled accessible parking stalls, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Parking bumpers.--

Parking bumpers shall be commercially available precast parking bumpers.

Parking bumpers shall be 1220 mm long, nominal 180 mm wide and 140 mm high with both top longitudinal corners continuously chamfered, and anchor holes 230 mm from each end.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Layout.--Arrangement of parking bumpers shall be coordinated with the layout of parking stalls and traffic aisles, providing the proper angle to engage wheels and proper location to prevent overtravel of vehicles.

Parking bumpers shall be anchored with two 19 mm diameter reinforcing bars 305 mm in length. The reinforcing bars shall be installed such that the top of the bars is flush with the top of the parking bumper.

12-2.13 ACCESSIBLE PARKING AND AUTHORIZATION SIGNS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing accessible parking and authorization signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and sign fastening details shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Accessible parking stall identification sign.--

Accessible parking stall identification sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbol, lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Van accessible sign.--

Van accessible sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish and the international symbol of accessibility. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Unauthorized vehicles parking sign.--

Unauthorized vehicles parking sign shall be a metal sign with baked enamel finish. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Lettering and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886. Lettering shall be not less than 25 mm in height and shall read as shown on the plans.

Support post.--

Support post shall be commercial quality, standard weight, galvanized steel pipe. Pipe diameter shall be 35 mm.

Fastening hardware.--

Fastening hardware shall be galvanized or cadmium plated.

Concrete.--

Concrete for support posts shall be commercial quality concrete, proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use, with not less than 300 kilograms of cement per cubic meter.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Installation.--Support posts shall be placed in holes excavated to the depth and cross-section shown on the plans. Posts shall be set vertical and shall be firmly embedded in concrete backfill. The top of the concrete backfill around the post shall be crowned to drain water.

Support posts shall be fitted with a rainproof top.

Sign shall be fastened rigidly and securely to the support post.

The Engineer will provide the Contractor with the necessary information for the disabled authorization sign.

12-2.14 CLEANING EXISTING MASONRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of cleaning the exterior wall surfaces of existing concrete masonry units and stone masonry veneer at the Comfort Stations, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)

PART 3.- EXECUTION

General.--The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 working days prior to beginning the cleaning work.

The cleaning shall be by water blasting with high pressure, low volume water stream for removing dirt and light scale. Water blasting equipment shall produce not less than a 13 800 MPa minimum output pressure when used. Heated water shall not exceed 66°C. A detergent solution shall be used and it shall be biodegradable and shall be removed from all surfaces with clean water.

Other surfaces dirtied by the water blasting operation shall be cleaned.

Water repellent coating.--Water repellent coating shall be applied to cleaned surfaces in accordance with the requirements specified under "Water Repellent Coating" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SECTION 12-3. CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT

12-3.01 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete facilities in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for admixtures shall be submitted for approval. Descriptive data shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for cement, reinforcement, admixtures in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONCRETE MIXES.--

Concrete (structural work).--

Commercial quality concrete shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 350 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

Concrete (minor work).--

Commercial quality concrete for concrete thrust blocks and collars shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 300 kg/m³ of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

Concrete (sewer structures).--

Commercial quality concrete for sewer structures, vehicle washracks and mudrinse slabs, shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 400 kg/m³ of a mixture of Type II cement and 15 percent by weight of a mineral admixture or Type IP (MS) Modified cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

CONCRETE MATERIALS.--

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Types II, or III portland cement; or Type IP (MS) Modified cement. Type IP (MS) Modified shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 595 and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II Modified cement and not more than 20 percent of a pozzolanic material.

Aggregates.--

Aggregates shall be free from deleterious coatings, clay balls and other extraneous materials.

Admixtures.--

Admixtures used in portland cement concrete shall be included on the Department's current list of approved admixtures, and shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, B, D, F or G for chemical admixtures; ASTM Designation: C 260 for air-entraining admixtures; and ASTM Designation: C 618 for mineral admixtures, except loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent. Properties of admixtures shall be uniform in each lot.

FORM MATERIALS.--

Forms for unexposed finish concrete.--

Forms for unexposed finish concrete surfaces shall be plywood, lumber, metal or other acceptable material.

Form oil.--

Form oil shall be commercial quality form oil which will permit the ready release of the forms and will not discolor the concrete.

REINFORCING MATERIALS.--

Bar reinforcement.--

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706M.

Bar supports.--

Bar supports for reinforcement shall be precast mortar blocks or ferrous metal chairs, spacers, metal hangers, supporting wires, and other approved devices of sufficient strength to resist crushing under applied loads.

RELATED MATERIALS.--

Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers.--

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M, with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Headed anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.
Exposed anchor bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized.

Expansion joint material.--

Expansion joint material shall be commercial quality asphalt impregnated pressed fiber sheets, 13 mm minimum thickness.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

Curing compound.--

Curing compound shall be a non-pigmented curing compound with fugitive dye conforming to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 309, Type 1-D, Class A.

ADMIXTURES.--

General.--Admixtures shall be used when specified or ordered by the Engineer and may be used at the Contractor's option to conserve cement or to facilitate any construction operation.

Calcium chloride shall not be used in any concrete.

Admixtures shall be combined with concrete materials by methods that produce uniform properties throughout the concrete.

If more than one admixture is used, said admixtures shall be compatible with each other so that the desirable effects of all admixtures will be realized.

Mineral admixtures may be used to replace up to 15 percent of Type II portland cement provided the weight of mineral admixture used is not less than the weight of cement replaced. Mineral admixtures shall not be used to replace Type IP (MS) Modified or Type III cements. Chemical admixtures may be used to reduce up to 5 percent of the portland cement except that the cement content shall not be less than 300 kg/m³. When both chemical and mineral admixtures are used with Type II cement, the weight of cement replaced by mineral admixture may be considered as cement in determining the resulting cement content.

Mineral admixtures will be required in the manufacture of concrete containing aggregates that are determined to be "deleterious" or "potentially deleterious" when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 289. The use of mineral admixture in such concrete shall conform to the requirements in this section except that the use of set retarding admixtures will not be permitted.

When the use of a chemical admixture is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the admixture shall be used at the rate specified or ordered. If no rate is specified or ordered, or if the Contractor uses a chemical admixture for his own convenience, the admixture shall be used at the dosage normally recommended by the admixture manufacturer.

When air-entrainment is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the air-entraining admixture shall be used in amounts to produce concrete having the specified or ordered air content as determined by California Test 504. If the Contractor uses air-entrainment for his own convenience, the average air content shall not exceed 4 percent and no single test shall exceed 5 1/2 percent.

Chemical admixtures and air-entraining admixtures shall be dispensed in liquid form. Dispensers shall have sufficient capacity to measure at one time the total quantity required for each batch. If more than one liquid admixture is used in the concrete, a separate measuring unit shall be provided for each liquid admixture and dispensing shall be such that the admixtures are not mixed at high concentrations. When air-entraining admixtures are used with other liquid admixtures, the air-entraining admixtures shall be the first to be incorporated into the mix. Unless liquid admixtures are added to

premeasured water for the batch, they shall be discharged to flow into the stream of water so that the admixtures are well dispersed throughout the batch.

BAR REINFORCING STEEL.--

Bending.--Reinforcing steel bars shall accurately conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bars shall be bent or straightened in a manner that will not crack or break the material. Bars with kinks or improper bends shall not be used.

Hooks, bends and splices shall conform to the provisions of the Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete of the American Concrete Institute.

MIXING AND TRANSPORTING CONCRETE.--

General.--When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within 1 1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of cement to the aggregates.

Truck mixers or agitator shall be equipped with electrically or mechanically actuated revolution counters by which the number of revolutions of the drum or blades may readily be verified. The counters shall be of the continuous-registering type, which accurately register the number of revolutions and shall be mounted on the truck so that the Engineer may safely and conveniently inspect them from alongside the truck. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C or above, a time less than 1 1/2 hours may be required.

When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within one hour after the introduction of cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.

Each load of concrete for the work shall be accompanied by a trip ticket, a copy of which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The trip ticket shall show volume of concrete, weight of cement and aggregates, quantity of each admixture, quantity of water including water added at the jobsite, time of day the concrete is batched, and revolution counter readings on transit mix trucks at the times the truck is charged and unloaded.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--

Existing concrete construction.--Where fresh concrete joins existing or previously placed concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of the existing or previously placed material shall be roughened, cleaned, flushed with water and allowed to dry to a surface dry condition immediately prior to placing the fresh concrete. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood trowelled surface. Cleaning of the contact surfaces shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and such other substances or materials which would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Abrasive blast methods shall be used to clean horizontal construction joints to the extent that clean aggregate is exposed.

Exposed reinforcing steel located at the contact surfaces which is to be encased in the fresh concrete shall be cleaned to remove any substance or material that would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Forms.--Forms shall be mortar tight, true to the dimensions, lines, and grades shown on the plans, securely fastened and supported, and of adequate rigidity to prevent distortion during placing of concrete.

The inside surfaces of forms shall be cleaned of all dirt, mortar and foreign material. Forms shall be thoroughly coated with form oil prior to use.

Forms shall not be stripped until at least 40 hours after placing concrete.

Anchorage and embedded items shall be placed and rigidly secured at their planned locations prior to placing concrete.

Placing reinforcing steel.--Reinforcing steel bars shall be accurately placed to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bar reinforcement conforming to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 420, or A 706//A 706M shall be lapped at least 45 diameters.

Bars shall be firmly and securely held in position by means of wiring and approved bar supports. The spacing of supports and ties shall prevent displacement of the reinforcing or crushing of supports.

Tie wire shall be clear of concrete formwork and concrete surfaces.

All reinforcing steel shall be in place and inspected before concrete placement begins. Placing of bars on fresh layers of concrete will not be permitted.

PLACING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall be placed and consolidated by means of internal vibrators to form dense, homogeneous concrete free of voids and rock pockets.

Forms and subgrade shall be thoroughly moistened with water immediately before placing concrete.

Concrete shall be placed as nearly as possible to its final location and the use of vibrators for extensive shifting of the concrete will not be permitted.

Concrete shall be deposited and consolidated in a continuous operation within limits of construction joints, until the placing of the panel or section is completed.

When concrete is to be placed in large areas requiring more than two pours, concrete shall be placed in alternate long strips between construction joints and the final slab infilled.

FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES.--

Finishing unformed surfaces.--Slabs shall be placed full thickness to finish elevation and leveled to screeds by use of long straightedges. The screeds shall be set to grade at approximately 1.8 meter centers. After leveling, screeds shall be removed and the surface shall be floated with wooden floats.

The floated surface shall be trowelled with steel trowels. Troweling shall form a dense, smooth and true finish. Walkways, pedestrian ramps, stairs and outdoor slabs for pedestrian traffic shall be given a non-slip broom finish unless a different finish is called for on the plans or in these special provisions.

The application of cement dust coat will not be permitted.

Finished surfaces of floor slabs shall not deviate more than 3 mm from the lower edge of a 3-meter long straight edge.

Finishing formed surfaces.--Formed concrete surfaces shall be finished by filling holes or depressions in the surface, repairing all rock pockets, and removing fins. All surfaces of formed concrete exposed to view shall have stains and discolorations removed, unsightly bulges removed, and all areas which do not exhibit the required smooth, even surface of uniform texture and appearance shall be sanded with power sanders or other approved abrasive means until smooth, even surfaces of uniform texture and appearance are obtained.

Cement mortar, patching and finishing materials used to finish exposed surfaces of concrete shall closely match the color of surrounding surfaces.

CURING CONCRETE.--

General.--Freshly placed concrete shall be protected from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Initial curing of floor slabs shall start as soon as free water has disappeared from the concrete surface. The concrete shall be kept continuously moist for not less than 7 days after the concrete has been placed.

Cotton mats, rugs, carpets, or sand blankets may be used as a curing medium to retain the moisture during the curing period. Curing materials that will stain or discolor concrete shall not be used on surfaces exposed to view.

Prior to placing the curing medium, the entire surface of the concrete shall be kept damp by applying water with a nozzle that so atomizes the flow that a mist and not a spray is formed, until the surface of the concrete is covered with the curing medium. At the expiration of the curing period, the concrete surfaces shall be cleared of all curing mediums.

Concrete surfaces, other than floor slabs, shall be kept moist for a period of at least 5 days by leaving the forms in place or by covering the exposed surfaces using moist rugs, cotton mats or other curing materials approved by the Engineer.

Concrete collars may be cured with a curing compound.

PROTECTING CONCRETE.--

General.--Concrete shall not be placed on frozen or frost covered surfaces.

Concrete shall be protected from damage due to rain, freezing or inclement weather, and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 4°C for 72 hours. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide a written outline of his proposed methods of protecting concrete.

Vehicles, equipment, or concentrated loads weighing more than 140 kg individually and material stockpiles weighing more than 240 kg/m² will not be permitted on the concrete within 10 calendar days after placing.

SECTION 12-4. MASONRY

12-4.01 STONE MASONRY VENEER

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of constructing stone masonry veneer and repairing and re-pointing existing stone masonry in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Repair and re-pointing.--At existing stone masonry veneer grout joints of the 2 existing Comfort Station Buildings, all loose grout materials shall be removed, raked out, cleaned, and repaired with new grout. Cracks 3 mm or wider shall be raked out, cleaned, and repaired with new grout. All grout joints shall be re-pointed to achieve a complete seal and a uniform color and texture.

SUBMITTALS.--

Samples.--Five samples, approximately 75 mm x 75 mm, of each type of masonry veneer shall be submitted for approval of color and architectural finish.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for masonry veneer in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

PRODUCT HANDLING.--

Storage of Materials.--Materials for masonry work shall be stored off the ground and under cover as recommended by the product manufacturers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Stone veneer.--

Stone veneer shall be clean and washed natural stone. Size shall vary from 80 mm to 300 mm with a maximum nominal thickness of 38 mm.

Cement.--

Cement for mortar shall be Type II, low alkali portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 150.

Aggregate.--

Aggregate for mortar shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 144, except not more than 10 percent shall pass the 150 µm sieve.

Coloring for mortar.--

Coloring for mortar shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type.

Lime.--

Lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

Premixed mortar.--

A premixed packaged blend of cement, lime, and sand, with or without color, that requires only water to prepare for use as masonry mortar may be furnished. Packages of premix shall bear the manufacturer's name, brand, contents, weight, and color identification.

Anchor slots, dovetail ties, and wire.--

Anchor slots for dovetail ties, dovetail ties, and wire shall be commercial quality, and shall be galvanized.

PROPORTIONING MORTAR.--

General.--Mortar shall be proportioned by loose volume and shall have one part cement, 1/4 to 1/2 part of hydrated lime and 2 1/4 to 3 parts aggregate. Mortar shall be tinted with coloring to match the masonry units. Aggregate shall be measured in a damp loose condition.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

CONSTRUCTION.--

General.--Masonry units shall be laid in uncoarsed fashion as shown on the plans.

Surfaces of metal, glass, wood, completed masonry, and other such materials exposed to view shall be protected from spillage, splatters and other deposits of cementitious materials from masonry construction. All such deposits shall be removed without damage to the materials or exposed surfaces.

Where fresh masonry joins concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of existing material shall be roughened, cleaned and lightly wetted. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood trowelled surface. Cleaning shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and any substance which decreases bond to the fresh masonry.

Masonry shall not be erected when the ambient air temperature is below 5°C.

Surfaces of masonry erected when the ambient air temperature exceeds 38°C. shall be kept moist with water for a period of not less than 24 hours. Water shall be uniformly applied with a fog spray at the intervals required to keep the surfaces moist but not to exceed 3 hours unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Anchoring veneer units.--Wall ties shall be corrosion resistant, and if made of metal, shall have a minimum thickness of 0.76 mm (22-gage) by 19.1 mm or, if of wire, shall have a minimum diameter of 0.76 mm (22-gage). Wall ties shall be spaced as to support not more than 0.19 mm² of wall area but shall not be more than 610 on center horizontally. Wall ties shall have a lip or hook on the extended leg that will engage or enclose a horizontal joint reinforcement wire having a minimum diameter of 3.76 mm (9-gage) or equivalent. The joint reinforcement shall be continuous with splices between ties permitted.

Adhering veneer units.--Masonry veneer units shall be laid dry.

A paste of neat portland cement shall be brushed on the backing and the back of the veneer unit. Mortar shall then be applied to the backing and the veneer unit. Sufficient mortar shall be used to create a slight excess to be forced out the edges of the units. The units shall be tapped into place so as to completely fill the space between units and the backing. The resulting thickness shall of mortar in back of the units shall be not less than 13 mm or more than 32 mm.

Where masonry unit cutting is necessary, all cuts shall be made with a masonry saw to neat and true lines. Units with excessive cracking or chipping of the finished surfaces exposed to view will not be acceptable.

Mortar joints.--Mortar joints shall be approximately 10 mm wide to a maximum of 40 mm wide. Units shall be laid with all head and bed joints filled solidly with mortar for the full width of veneer unit. Exposed joints shall be concave, tooled smooth, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Mortar that has been mixed more than one hour shall not be retempered.

CLEANING AND PROTECTING MASONRY.--

General.--Splashes, stains or spots on the faces of the masonry exposed to view shall be removed. Completed masonry shall be protected from freezing for a period of at least 5 days.

Water repellent coating.--Water repellent coating shall be applied in accordance with the requirements specified under "Water Repellent Coating" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SECTION 12-5. METALS

12-5.01 STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR BUILDINGS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, assembling, furnishing and erecting structural steel in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Structural steel consists of:

Kiosk pipe support structure.

Source quality control.--Materials and fabrication procedures are subject to inspection and tests in mill, shop and field, conducted by the Engineer or a qualified inspection agency. The Contractor or fabricator shall provide access to the Engineer or testing agency to places where the structural steel work is being fabricated or produced so that the required inspection and testing can be accomplished. Such inspections and tests will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing materials and fabrication procedures in compliance with specified requirements. The testing agency may inspect the structural steel at the plant before shipment; however, the Engineer reserves the right, at any time before final acceptance to reject the material that does not conform to the contract requirements.

REFERENCES.--

General.--Structural steel shall be fabricated, assembled and erected in accordance with American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), "Specifications for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings."

Welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

Dimensional details and workmanship for welded joints in tubular and pipe connections shall conform to Part C, Structural Details; Part D, Special Provision for Welding Tubular Joints; and Part E, Workmanship, in Section 10 of AWS D1.1.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Product data for items to be incorporated into the work, including structural steel, high strength bolts, nuts and washers and alternative connectors, shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings.--Working drawings and calculations shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show any changes proposed in the work, details of connections and joints exposed to the weather, details for connections not dimensioned on the plans, the sequence of shop and field assembly and erection, welding sequences and procedures. If required, the location of butt welded splices on a layout drawing of the entire structure, and the location and details of any temporary supports that are to be used.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Final drawings.--At the completion of each building on the contract, one set of reduced prints on 27 kg (minimum) bond paper, 280 mm x 432 mm in size, of the corrected original tracings of all approved drawings for each building shall be furnished to the Engineer. An index prepared specifically for the drawings for each building containing sheet numbers and titles shall be included on the first reduced print in the set for each building. Reduced prints for each building shall be arranged in the order of drawing numbers shown in the index.

The edge of the corrected original tracing image shall be clearly visible and visually parallel with the edges of the page. A clear, legible symbol shall be provided on the upper left side of each page to show the amount of reduction and a horizontal and vertical scale shall be provided on each reduced print to facilitate enlargement to original scale.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Qualifications for welding.--A certified copy of qualification test record for welders shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite. Descriptive data for equipment for field welding structural steel, including type and electric power requirements, shall be submitted for approval.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for structural steel products in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. Certificate of Compliance shall include mill test certificates for each heat number used in the work.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Structural materials shall be loaded, transported, unloaded and stored so that it is kept clean and undamaged. Material shall be stored above ground on platforms, skids, or other supports. Covers and protection shall be provided to protect the materials from corrosion.

Anchorage and anchor bolts, which are to be embedded in concrete or masonry, shall be delivered in ample time to not delay the work.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Steel bars, plates and shapes.--

Steel bars, plates and shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M or A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345].

Pipe.--

Pipe shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 53, double-extra strong.

Steel tubing.--

Steel tubing shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 500, Grade B.

Stud connectors.--

Stud connectors shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 108, Grades 1018 through 1020, cold drawn, either semi- or fully killed.

Machine bolts, nuts and washers.--

Machine bolts and nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Washers for machine bolts shall be commercial quality.

Mortar.--

Mortar shall consist of one part cement, measured by volume, to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

FABRICATION.--

Shop fabrication and assembly.--Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops. Cuts shall not deviate more than 2 mm from the intended line. Roughness, notches or gouges shall be removed. Finished members shall be true to line, shall have square corners and smooth bends and shall be free from twists, kinks, warps, dents and open joints.

Exposed edges and ends of metal shall be dressed smooth, with no sharp edges and with corners slightly rounded.

Stud connectors.--Steel surfaces shall be prepared as recommended by the manufacturer of the stud connectors. Stud connectors shall be welded to the flanges of beams or girders as shown on the plans. Automatic end welding of headed stud connectors shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Connections.--Abutting surfaces at connections shall be clean.

Cutting and welding at the jobsite will not be allowed except as shown on the approved drawings or specifically approved by the Engineer.

Finished holes for bolts shall be cylindrical and perpendicular to the plane of the connection. Subpunched and subdrilled holes shall be 6 mm smaller in diameter than the diameter specified for the finished hole.

Holes for other work.--Holes for securing other work to structural steel and passage of other work through steel framing members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Threaded nuts or specialty items for securing other work to steel members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Holes shall be cut, drilled or punched perpendicular to metal surfaces. Holes shall not be flame cut or enlarged by burning. Holes are to be drilled in bearing plates.

SHOP PAINTING.--

General.--Structural steel members shall be painted.

Surface preparation.--Surfaces of structural steel to be painted shall be blast cleaned in accordance with Steel Structures Painting Council, SSPC-SP 6, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."

Painting.--Immediately after surface preparation, surfaces of structural steel shall receive an undercoat of red oxide primer designed for steel surfaces.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

ERECTION AND ASSEMBLY.--

Field splices.--Field splices shall be made only at the locations shown on approved working drawings.

The parts shall be accurately assembled in their final position as shown on the plans and in true alignment with related and adjoining work before final fastening.

All parts shall be supported adequately and at locations to provide a vibration free, rigid, and secure installation.

Setting bases and bearing plates.--Concrete surfaces shall be cleaned and roughened to improve bond. Bottom of base and bearing plates shall be clean.

Base plates and bearing plates for structural members shall be set on wedges or other adjusting devices.

Anchor bolts shall be wrench tightened after supported members have been positioned and plumbed.

Mortar shall be solidly packed between bearing surfaces and base or bearing plates to ensure that no voids remain. Exposed surfaces shall be finished and allowed to cure.

FIELD PAINTING.--

Touch-up painting.--After erection, the Contractor shall clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint and apply the same materials as applied for shop painting.

QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing and inspection.--Ultrasonic examination shall be performed by the Contractor on at least 50 percent of all full penetration butt-welded splices in accordance with the requirements of AWS D1.1 and these special provisions.

Welding procedures and methods shall be subject to inspection for conformance with AWS D1.1.

Butt welds shall be tested in accordance with AWS D1.1, Chapter 6, Part C, Ultrasonic Testing of Groove Welds.

Examination, reporting and disposition of tests shall be in accordance with the provisions of 6.12, AWS D1.1.

In addition to ultrasonic examinations by the Contractor, welds may be subject to inspection or non-destructive testing by the Engineer.

When additional inspection or non-destructive testing is required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide sufficient access facilities in the shop and at the jobsite to permit the Engineer or his agent to perform such inspection and testing.

The Contractor shall correct all deficiencies in the structural steel work which inspections and laboratory test reports have indicated to be not in compliance with these special provisions. Additional tests shall be performed by the Contractor at his expense to reconfirm any non-compliance of original work, and to show compliance of the corrected work.

12-5.02 BUILDING MISCELLANEOUS METAL

PART 1.- GENERAL

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing building miscellaneous metal in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Building miscellaneous metal shall consist of the following:

Miscellaneous bars, plates, and shapes

including all anchors, fastenings, hardware, accessories and other supplementary parts necessary to complete the work.

REFERENCES.--

Codes and standards.--Welding of steel shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D 1.1, "Structural Welding Code-Steel" and D 1.3, "Structural Welding Code-Sheet Steel."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Submit manufacturer's specifications, anchor details and installation instructions for products used in miscellaneous metal fabrications.

Working drawings.--Working drawings of fabricated items shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes.--

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M.

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, nuts and washers.--

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, and nuts for general application shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Washers shall be commercial quality.

Expansion anchors.--

Expansion anchors shall be ICBO approved for the purpose intended, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer.

FABRICATION.--

Workmanship and finish.--Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops.

Miscellaneous metal shall be clean and free from loose mill scale, flake rust and rust pitting, and shall be well formed and finished to shape and size with sharp lines and angles. Bends from shearing or punching shall be straightened.

The thickness of metal and details of assembly and support shall give ample strength and stiffness.

Built-up parts shall be true to line and without sharp bends, twists and kinks. Exposed ends and edges of metal shall be milled or ground smooth, with corners slightly rounded.

Joints exposed to the weather shall be made up to exclude water.

Galvanizing.--Items indicated on the plans to be galvanized shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. The weight of galvanized coating shall be at least 460 grams per square meter of surface area.

Painting.--Building miscellaneous metal items not galvanized shall be cleaned and prime painted prior to erection in accordance with the requirements specified for steel and other ferrous metals under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

GENERAL.--

Anchorage.--Anchorage devices and fasteners shall be provided for securing miscellaneous metal in-place construction; including threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag bolts, wood screws and other connectors.

Cutting, drilling and fitting shall be performed as required for installation of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Work is to set accurately in location, alignment and elevation, plumb, level, true and free of rack, measured from established lines and levels.

DAMAGED SURFACES.--

General.--Galvanized surfaces that are abraded or damaged at any time after the application of the zinc coating shall be repaired by thoroughly wire brushing the damaged areas and removing all loose and cracked coating, after which the clean areas shall be painted with 2 applications of unthinned zinc-rich primer (organic vehicle type). Aerosol cans shall not be used.

SECTION 12-6. WOOD AND PLASTICS

12-6.01 CARPENTRY

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing materials and performing carpentry work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and storage.--Materials shall be kept under cover and dry. All materials shall be protected from exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces with blocking and stickers. All lumber, plywood and other panels shall be stacked in such a manner to provide air circulation within and around the stacks.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

LUMBER.--

General.--Lumber shall be manufactured to comply with PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," and with applicable grading rules of inspection.

Softwood lumber shall be quality grade stamped or shall be accompanied by a certificate of inspection. Inspection certificates or grade stamps shall indicate compliance with the grading requirements of WWPA, WCLIB, RIS, or other approved lumber inspection agencies.

All lumber used shall be nominal sized and dressed S4S unless otherwise specified in these special provisions.

Framing lumber shall be solid stock lumber, Douglas Fir or Douglas Fir-Larch, and the grades indicated under WCLIB or WWPA rules. Moisture content shall not exceed 19 percent and shall be grade stamped "S-Dry."

DIMENSION LUMBER.--

Except as otherwise shown on the plans, lumber shall have the following grades.

Horizontal framing lumber.--

Horizontal framing lumber shall be No. 2 or better.

Vertical framing lumber.--

Vertical framing lumber shall be Construction Grade or better.

Miscellaneous lumber.--

Miscellaneous lumber for nailers, blocking, furring, and similar members shall be Construction Grade or better.

Lumber in contact with concrete or masonry construction shall be foundation grade Redwood, No. 2 or better.

Trim and fascia.--

Trim and fascia shall be paint-grade cedar, solid stock.

PLYWOOD.--

General.--Plywood panels shall comply with Voluntary Product Standard PS 1, "U. S. Product Standard for Construction and Industrial Plywood." or American Plywood Association (APA), "Performance Standards and Policies for Structural Use Panels."

Each panel shall be factory marked with APA or other trademark evidencing compliance with grade requirements.

Structural plywood roof sheathing.--

Structure plywood roof sheathing shall be APA plywood, Exterior. Span rating and thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

Structural plywood wall sheathing.--

Structural plywood wall sheathing shall be APA plywood, Exterior, Grade C-C. Thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

Plywood soffit sheathing.--

Plywood soffit sheathing shall be APA RATED SIDING 303-6-W, Exterior, rough sawn T1-11. Thickness shall be as shown on the plans.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Rough Carpentry Hardware.--

Nails, screws, bolts, nuts, washers shall be commercial quality. Exposed fasteners shall be hot-dip galvanized, aluminum or stainless steel.

Joist hangers, clips and other standard framing hardware shall be ICBO approved, commercial quality, galvanized sheet steel or hot-dip galvanized, of the size shown on the plans.

Expansion anchors and powder driven anchors shall be as specified under "Building Miscellaneous Metal," in Section 12-5, "Metals," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Wood framing.--Wood framing shall be accurately cut and assembled to provide closely fitted members. Framing shall be erected true to the lines and grades shown on the plans and shall be rigidly secured in place as shown and as required by recognized standards. Bracing shall be placed wherever necessary to support all loads on the structure during erection.

Nailing schedule shall be as shown on the plans.

Plywood panels.--Panels shall be nailed to the framing system as shown on the plans.

Roof and soffit sheathing shall be installed with the long dimension across the supports and shall be continuous over 2 or more supports. End joints shall be staggered 1.2 m.

Wall sheathing shall have all edges blocked.

Spacing between panels shall be 3 mm.

Trim.--Trim shall be attached with finish nails, countersunk and filled.

SECTION 12-7. THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

12-7.01 WATER REPELLENT COATING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying water repellent coating to masonry surfaces in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The water repellent coating shall be applied to all exterior existing cleaned masonry and existing cleaned masonry veneer surfaces, and to new masonry veneer surfaces.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, application instructions and general recommendations for water repellents shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Water repellent coatings shall comply with all rules and regulations concerning air pollution in the State of California.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished with each shipment of water repellent coating materials in accordance with Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Water repellent coating.--

Water repellent coating shall be clear, colorless, water-based sealer. Water repellent coating shall be Hydrozo Inc., Clear Double 7; Euclid Chemical Co., Architectural Seal VOX; Tamms Industries Co., Chemstop; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Preparation.--All surfaces to receive water repellent coating shall be dry and cleaned by removing contaminants that block pores of the surface. Cleaning methods shall be as recommended by the water repellent manufacturer.

Application.--The water repellent solution shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The time period between applications of water repellent coating shall be not less than 24 hours.

Protection.--Surfaces of other materials surrounding or near the surfaces to receive the water repellent coating shall be protected from overspray or spillage from the waterproofing operation. Water repellent coating applied to surfaces not intended to be waterproofed shall be removed and the surfaces restored to their original condition.

12-7.02 METAL ROOFING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing preformed metal roofing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal roofing system shall consist of underlayment, prefinished metal roof panels, concealed fasteners, sealants, and other accessories and components, not mentioned, which are required for a complete, securely fastened and weathertight installation.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--

Design Requirements.--The roofing system shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the California Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product Data.--Manufacturer's technical product data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each type of roofing material shall be submitted for approval.

Product data shall include the manufacturer's name and a complete material description of all components of the metal roofing system.

Samples.--Material samples shall include a 305 mm x 305 mm sample of the roofing panel for each color to be installed and a sample of each anchor clip and fastening device.

Working Drawings.--Working drawings showing the layout and details of the metal roofing shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show the shape, size, thickness, and method of attachment for each component used in the work; the layout and spacing of fasteners; details of connections and closures; and details for expansion joints and weathertight joints.

Design calculations for the fastening system with the substrate shown on the plans shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the metal roofing system in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

Delivery and handling.--Panels shall be protected against damage and discoloration.

Storage.-- Panels shall be stored above ground, with one end elevated for drainage and protected against standing water and condensation between adjacent surfaces.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

SHEET MATERIAL.--

Base metal.--

Base metal shall be cold formed, 0.71 mm (24-gage), galvanized sheet steel with G90 coating, conforming to ASTM Designation: A 446, Grade A except where a higher strength is required for performance, extra smooth, or cold formed aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, commercial quality, sheet steel with AZ55 coating conforming to ASTM Designation: A 792, Grade 40, extra smooth.

Configuration.--

Metal roofing system shall be a standing seam system with standing rib a minimum of 45 mm high and spaced not less than 305 mm nor more than 460 mm on center.

METAL FINISHES.--

General-- Coatings shall be applied before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required for maximum coating performance capability.

Colors or color matches shall be as shown on the plans or, if not otherwise shown, shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

Fluoropolymer coating.--

Finish shall be the manufacturer's standard Kynar coating with a baked on primer (0.005 mm) and a finish coat of 0.02 mm nominal for a total dry film thickness of approximately 0.025 mm nominal.

Interior finish shall consist of a 0.004 mm epoxy primer and a backer coat.

MISCELLANEOUS METAL SHAPES.--

Flashings.--

Flashings shall be formed from the same material, gage and in the same finish as the roofing panels.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS--

Fastener clips.--

Fastener clips shall be noncorrosive ferrous metal fasteners as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer to resist the design loads.

Fasteners.--

Fasteners shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Sheet metal screws shall not be used except to fasten trim and flashings.

Underlayment.--

Underlayment shall be a fiberglass-reinforced SBS (styrene-butadine-styrene) modified membrane not less than 16 kg per 9.3 m².. Underlayment shall be MBTechnology, Tamco, Bi-Tech, or equal.

Sealant and sealant tape.--

Sealant and sealant tape shall be as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Closures.--

Closures shall be rubber, neoprene, closed cell plastic or prefinished metal.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, or specified herein, roof panels shall be fabricated in continuous lengths for the length of the roof, from ridge or peak to eave, except such length shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum production length. Flashings shall be fabricated in the longest practical lengths.

Roofing panels shall be factory formed. Field formed panels are not acceptable.

PART 3.- EXECUTION.--**INSTALLATION.--**

Underlayment.--The roof panels shall be installed over underlayment. Underlayment shall be laid parallel to the eaves, shingle fashion with 152 mm edge laps and 305 mm end laps and shall be fastened as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels.--The roof system shall be installed and fastened in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the approved working drawings. Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through roof panels shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels shall be adjusted in place and properly aligned for the detailed conditions before fastening. Panels shall not be warped, bowed or twisted. The surface finish on the panels shall not be cracked, blemished or otherwise damaged.

Gaskets, joint fillers, sealants and sealing tape shall be installed where indicated on the approved drawings or as required for weatherproof performance of panel systems.

Fasteners shall not be driven through roof panels.

Miscellaneous metal shapes.--Trim, flashings, caps, and other prefinished metal work shall be positioned to the correct alignment for each detailed condition. Metal work shall be securely attached to backing using fasteners at the spacing shown on approved working drawings. Prefinished metal to be installed over concrete, masonry or plaster shall be back-coated with asphaltic paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels, trim, and other prefinished metal that are marred, punctured, incorrectly bent, or incorrectly installed will be considered damaged and shall be replaced with undamaged units.

The metal roofing system shall be installed weathertight. Closures shall be tight fitting and shall be provided at the ends of panels, at the boundary of the roof, and as indicated on the approved working drawings.

CLEAN UP AND CLOSE OUT.--

Clean up.--Adjacent surfaces shall be protected during the roofing system installation and sealant work. Excess sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses.

Roof panels, molding, trim, and other prefinished metal surfaces shall be cleaned after installation as recommended by the manufacturer. Exposed cuts shall be touched-up with a matching durable primer and paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Touch up.--Damaged paint surfaces shall be touched up by using an air dry touch up paint supplied by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Only a small brush shall be used for touching up. No spraying of touch up paint is to be performed.

Damaged units.--Panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair shall be removed and replaced.

12-7.03 BUILT-UP ASPHALT ROOFING SYSTEM

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a minimum 4-ply asphalt built-up roof covering system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Built-up roofing shall be an asphalt/glass-fiber felt roof system with a mineral surface (NAGM-BUR).

The built-up roofing shall have a Class A or Class B fire retardant rating.

Related work.--Wood cants, nailers, and curbs shall conform to the requirements under "Carpentry" in Section 12-6, "Wood and Plastics," of these special provisions.

Sheet metal flashing and counter-flashing shall conform to the requirements under "Sheet Metal Flashing" elsewhere in this Section 12-7.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and applicable roofing specifications shall be submitted for approval.

Descriptive data shall include flash point temperature and finish blowing temperature for bitumen.

Roofing specifications shall include materials to be used, details and methods of application of the various materials for the complete roofing system proposed for use by the roofing manufacturer.

Samples.--A color sample of roofing gravel, approximately 2.25 kilograms in weight, shall be submitted to the Engineer at the job site for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Manufacturer's qualifications.--Primary products, including each type of roofing felt, bitumen, composition flashing shall be from a single manufacturer, who has produced that type of product successfully for not less than 5 years. Secondary products shall only be used when recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

Field supervision.--The roofing installer shall provide full-time supervision at the jobsite when roofing work is in progress. The supervisor shall have not less than 5 years experience in roofing work similar in nature and scope to the roofing work specified.

Codes and standards.--Roofing materials shall conform to the rules for control of volatile organic emissions adopted by the air pollution control district that has jurisdiction.

Roofing products shall have been tested and listed by the Underwriters Laboratory, Factory Mutual, or other recognized testing agency, and shall bear those labels.

Certificates of Compliance.--Products or product containers shall be labeled to indicate compliance with ASTM specifications or shall be accompanied by Certificates of Compliance certifying that the materials comply with ASTM Designations or these special provisions. Certificates of Compliance shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Certificate of Compliance for bulk bituminous materials shall be submitted indicating that the materials comply with the required standards, and shall indicate flash point (FP), finished blowing temperature (FBT), softening point (SP), and equiviscous temperature (EVT).

Field samples.--Materials shall be delivered to the project in labeled containers or wrappings sufficiently ahead of their intended use to allow for sampling and testing by the State. Bitumen shall not be heated before sampling.

Pre-installation conference.--Approximately 2 weeks prior to the start of roofing work, the Contractor shall convene a pre-installation conference. The Contractor shall require attendance of all parties directly affecting the installation of the built-up roofing, including the roofing installer and materials supplier.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, not less than 5 working days prior to the pre-installation conference.

Agenda items shall include preparatory work by other trades, review roofing system requirements, construction schedule and tentative starting date, and procedures for unfavorable weather conditions, including temporary roofing.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Materials shall be delivered to the jobsite with labels in place.

Storage.--Stored or stockpiled roll roofing shall be set on end, stored on pallets or other raised surfaces, and shall be protected from the elements. Felt rolls compressed into an oval cross section shall not be used. Felts damaged from exposure to sunlight and felts that are torn or cut shall not be used.

Roofing products that are wet or have been wet will be considered damaged. Damaged products shall not be used.

PROJECT CONDITIONS.--

Weather condition limitations.--The Contractor shall proceed with the roofing work only when existing and forecasted weather conditions will permit work to be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and warranty requirements.

Built-up roofing shall not be applied in wet weather or when ambient air temperature is below 10°C. All drainage fixtures shall be set at the proper level to permit free flow of water.

Temporary roofing.--At the option of the Contractor and when adverse job conditions or weather conditions prevent permanent roofing from being installed in accordance with the contract requirements, a temporary roof may be installed and removed prior to proceeding with the permanent roofing work. Temporary roofing shall be furnished, applied, and removed at no cost to the State.

WARRANTY.--

Manufacturer's warranty.--The Contractor shall submit the roofing manufacturer's standard limited warranty.

Built-up bituminous roofing and related flashing installations, including related metal work, shall be guaranteed against defective materials and workmanship and against leakage due to faulty or inferior materials, inept or careless installation work, inadequate installation supervision, and inadequate protection of the completed work.

Any such defects or leakage occurring during the period of the warranty shall be promptly and completely corrected, including all affected work or damaged substrate, at no additional cost to the State. Bulging or wrinkling of built-up roofing shall be interpreted as defects requiring correction.

Such warranty shall be in effect for a period of not less than ten (10) years from the date of acceptance of the contract and shall be signed by an agent of the manufacturer and countersigned by the Contractor, and shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to the completion of the work.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

SHEET MATERIALS.--

Red rosin sheet.--

Red rosin sheet shall be commercial quality rosin-sized sheathing paper suitable for use on wood decks under base ply sheets.

Base sheet.--

Base sheet shall be heavy duty, asphalt coated, glass-fiber base sheet conforming to ASTM Designation: D 4601, Type II.

Venting base sheet.--

Venting base sheet shall be asphalt-coated, glass-fiber venting base sheet conforming to ASTM Designation: D4897, Type II, with coarse mineral aggregates or embossed venting channels in the bottom surface.

Ply felts.--

Ply felts shall be asphalt impregnated, glass-fiber roofing felts conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2178, Type IV.

SURFACING SHEETS.--**BITUMINOUS MATERIALS.--****Bitumen.--**

Bitumen shall be roofing asphalt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 312, type to be determined by the manufacturer of the roofing material.

Asphalt/cement primer.--

Asphalt/cement primer shall conform to ASTM Designation: D 41.

Asbestos-free cement.--

Asbestos-free cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: D 4586, type to be determined by the manufacturer of the roofing material.

FLASHING MATERIALS.--**Base flashing.--**

Base flashing shall be asphalt-impregnated glass fiber and coated with weathering grade asphalt and surfaced with inert non-combustible granules.

Flashing felt strips.--

Flashing felt strips shall be asphalt impregnated glass fiber felt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2178, Type IV.

ACCESSORIES.--**Roofing fasteners.--**

Roofing fasteners shall be hot-dip galvanized or non-ferrous type, size and spacing as recommended by the roofing material manufacturer.

Gravel.--

Gravel shall be dry, clean, dust free, opaque to ultraviolet light, hard (but not brittle), roofing gravel, sized to all pass the 19 mm sieve and no more than 15 percent to pass the 4.75 mm sieve. Limestone or non opaque rocks shall not be used. Maximum moisture content shall be 0.5 percent for gravel and 5 percent for slag as determined by California Tests 226 or 370 or by the test method ASTM Designation: D 1864.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**PREPARATION.--**

Protection.--Provide protection to the building, its contents, grounds, and landscape from damage, providing guards and coverings as necessary.

Bituminous materials, aggregates, and debris shall be prevented from entering and clogging drains and downspouts.

Surface preparation.--Surfaces to be covered shall be smooth, hard, and dry; and shall be free from high spots, depressions, frost or defects from frost, dust, loosened material and debris. Openings, holes or crevices shall be filled or covered before any roofing materials are applied.

Roofing material shall not be applied to wet or damp surfaces. Moisture transfer to colored toilet tissue or Kleenex brought in contact with roof surfaces shall indicate that the surfaces are too wet to apply roofing material. Foaming of a pint of bitumen heated to 205°C and applied to the deck surface shall indicate that the deck is not dry enough to roof. If the applied hot bitumen can be chipped clean from the deck after it cools, the deck is not dry enough for the roofing application.

Asphalt bitumen heating.--Bitumen shall be heated and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and as recommended by the National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA).

Bitumen shall be within -3.8°C of the equiviscous temperature at the point of application on the roof. Bitumen shall not be heated above the finished blowing temperature for extended periods of time. The temperature of bitumen shall be kept at least -3.8°C below its flash point temperature.

To insure good adhesion at lower air temperatures, care shall be taken to maintain bitumen temperatures at a minimum of 175°C at the point of application or at the roofing asphalt equiviscous temperature (EVT) when supplied by an asphalt supplier.

Roofing work pumping equipment.--Pumping equipment located on the ground shall be at a safe distance from the buildings. The location shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Operators shall be in attendance whenever pumping equipment is in use.

Pumping equipment to be set on roofs shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer regarding loading of structural elements and spillage. Pumping equipment shall not be set on building walkways or new roof coverings.

INSTALLATION.--

Wood nailers and curbs.--Wood nailers and curbs shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans.

Wood nailers and curbs shall be multiple thicknesses of solid stock lumber nailed together and attached to the deck with corrosion resistant fasteners.

Cants.--Nominal 100 mm minimum sized cants shall be installed at all intersections of the roof deck and vertical walls or curbs, except as otherwise shown on the plans. Cants shall be tight fitting and shall be rigidly and securely attached to the decking or insulation.

When insulating board cants are installed, the faces of the cant contiguous with the deck shall be buttered with bituminous plastic cement and firmly set in a full bed of bituminous plastic cement.

APPLICATION.--

General.--Built-up roofing materials shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, specifications, and these special provisions to provide a watertight, non-leaking roof covering.

Built-up roofing work and work of other trades shall be coordinated and scheduled to minimize interference and to eliminate traffic on the completed built-up roof.

Roofing material shall not be applied to wet or damp surfaces. Moisture transfer to colored toilet tissue or Kleenex brought in contact with roof surfaces shall indicate that the surfaces are too wet to apply roofing material. Foaming of a pint of bitumen heated to 205°C and applied to the deck surface shall indicate that the deck is not dry enough to roof. If the applied hot bitumen can be chipped clean from the deck after it cools, the deck is not dry enough for the roofing application.

Membrane application.--Base plies shall be rolled out in strips and allowed to flatten before placing.

Roofing membrane shall be applied in four plies with interply mopping of asphalt.

Felts shall be squeegeed during construction to minimize voids, fish mouths or wrinkles and to firmly embed the felts into the hot bitumen. Voids, fish mouths or wrinkles built into a ply shall be cut, remopped, and repaired with at least one ply of reinforcing material and hot bitumen before applying the next ply.

Roofing plies shall be solid mopped to cants and extended up vertical walls or curbs, without mopping, for a height not less than 75 mm above cants.

Two plies of felts shall be mopped and sealed around all penetrations.

Flashing application.--Flashing shall be installed in accordance with the details in the manufacturer's specifications.

All sheet metal accessories, pipes, expansion joints, area dividers, and any penetrations in the roofing shall be flashed weathertight.

Plastic cement shall be troweled to the top of flashing at the end of each day's operations to close joints and prevent water from entering behind flashing until counterflashing is placed.

Gravel or slag coating application.--A flood coat of hot bitumen shall be applied uniformly over the final ply of roofing felt at the rate of not less than 29 kilograms per 10 square meters.

While the flood coat is still hot, gravel shall be firmly embedded uniformly at the rate of at least 195 kilograms per 10 square meters.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--Upon completion, the Engineer may at his option, take at least one 305 mm x 305 mm sample including gravel, from each roof plane, not to exceed one sample per 100 square meters of roof plane.

Sample shall be cut as accurately as possible using metal template and knife.

The Contractor at his expense shall patch sample test areas with the same roofing materials as used for the rest of the roof to insure watertightness. The test cut panel shall be put back in place and readhered, and additional plies, equal to the original specification, shall be applied over the panel location before proceeding to install surfacing materials.

If any sample does not comply with these special provisions or the manufacturer's requirements, the entire roof or roofs shall be considered unacceptable and shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

CLEANING.--

General.--Upon completion of the roofing work, remove all tools and implements from the work area.

Bituminous markings shall be removed from surrounding surfaces. In areas where finished areas are soiled by roofing work, the manufacturer of the surfacing shall be consulted concerning removal of the asphalt products.

12-7.04 SHEET METAL FLASHING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing sheet metal flashing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Sheet metal shall include metal flashings, counterflashings, straps, gravel stops, and roof jacks.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Sheet metal work shall in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association "Standard Practice in Architectural Sheet Metal Work."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

Galvanized sheet steel.--

Galvanized sheet steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 361, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage), unless otherwise shown on the plans. Surfaces to be painted shall not have factory coatings on galvanizing that cannot be removed by paint thinner.

Hardware and fastenings.--

Hardware and fastening for premolded roof flashings shall be stainless steel.

Solder.--

Solder shall conform to ASTM Designation: B 32, Alloy Grade Sn50.

Soldering flux.--

Soldering flux shall be acid type, conforming to Federal Specification: O-F-506C, Type I, Form A.

Lap joint sealant.--

Lap joint sealant for concealed locations shall be a non-drying butyl.

Flashing cement.--

Flashing cement shall be a bituminous plastic cement, asbestos free, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 4586, Type II.

Sealant.--

Sealant for exposed locations shall be a silicone sealant conforming to ASTM Designation: C 920.

Primer.--

Primer shall be as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

FABRICATION.--

General.--Sheet metal shall be assembled to Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association Standards.

Sheet metal shall be formed to the sizes, shapes and dimensions shown on the plans or as specified herein with angles and lines straight, sharp and in true alignment. The number of joints shall be kept to a minimum.

Angle bends and folds for interlocking the metal shall be made with full regard for expansion and contraction to avoid buckling or fullness in the metal after it is installed.

Joints in sheet metal work shall be closed watertight unless slip joints are specifically required. Watertight joints shall be mechanically interlocked and then thoroughly soldered for metals other than aluminum. Watertight joints in aluminum or between aluminum and other metals shall be sealed with acrylic sealant.

Sheet metal joints to be soldered shall be cleaned with steel wool or other means, pre-tinned and soldered watertight.

All joints shall be wiped clean of flux after soldering. Acid flux shall be neutralized by washing the joints with sodium bicarbonate.

Flashings shall have a 45 degree drip return at bottom edges. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, counterflashing shall extend not less than 100 mm over roofing or other materials protected by the counterflashing and shall be arranged so that roofing or materials can be repaired without damage to the counterflashing. Where reglets are indicated, counterflashing shall be fastened by lead wedges or snap-in flashing.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

PREPARATION.--Surfaces to receive sheet metal shall be clean, smooth and free from defects.

INSTALLATION.--

Roof penetration flashings.--All pipes, ducts, vents and flues passing through roofs shall be made waterproof with flashings of storm collars or counterflashings.

Roof penetration flashings shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Shape shall be as shown on the plans.

Gravel stops.--Gravel stops shall have upstanding lip, an apron with drip edge and 100 mm minimum width roof flange. Joints between lengths shall be 13 mm wide sliding joints with 305 mm long internal sleeves set in plastic cement. Corners shall be mitered and soldered. Gravel stops shall be set in 6 mm thick bed of plastic cement and stagger nailed at 75 mm centers on the roof flange. Nails shall be 25 mm from the edge of the roof flange. Blind clips of galvanized steel shall be provided.

After metal work is completed and watertight, flashings and gravel stops shall be covered by one of the following methods:

1. The top of the stop flanges and inside the upstanding lip at the joints shall be cleaned with an acid etching detergent, rinsed and dried. A 13 mm thick coat of plastic cement shall be applied on the roof flange and onto the roofing at

least 100 mm. A 13 mm thick coat of plastic cement shall be applied 100 mm wide on the upstanding lip at the joints.

2. A hot mopping of roofing asphalt or a uniform coating of plastic cement shall be applied, over which shall be laid Type IV asphalt saturated felt strips, 255 mm and 330 mm wide, in 2 layers over the flange of the stops feathered out onto the roofing.

12-7.05 SEALANTS AND CAULKING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying sealants and caulking which are required for this project, but not specified elsewhere, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for the sealants and caulking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for all sealants shall be submitted for approval.

Samples.--Color samples of all sealants shall be submitted for approval. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, colors will be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

General.--All sealants, primers and accessories shall be non-staining to adjacent exposed surfaces. Products having similar applications and usage shall be of the same type and same manufacturer. Gun consistency compound shall be used unless otherwise required by the job conditions.

Acrylic sealant.--

Acrylic sealant shall be one component, solvent release acrylic sealant.

Butyl sealant.--

Butyl sealant shall be one component, skinning type.

Silicone sealant.--

Silicone sealant shall be one component, low modulus building sealant. Sealant shall be tack-free in one hour, shall not sag or flow, shall be ozone resistant and capable of 100 percent extension without failure.

Backer rod.--

Backer rod shall be round, open or closed cell polyurethane. Backer rod shall be sized such that it must be compressed between 25 and 75 percent of its uncompressed diameter during installation in the joint.

Neoprene.--

Neoprene shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 542.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

APPLICATION.--

General.--Unless otherwise shown on the plans, sealants shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Silicone sealants shall not be used in locations where painting is required.

Butyl sealants shall not be used in exterior applications, and acrylic sealants shall not be used in interior applications.

Sealants shall be applied in a continuous operation for the full length of the joint. Immediately following the application of the sealant, the sealant shall be tooled smooth using a tool similar to that used to produce concave masonry joints. Following tooling, the sealant shall remain undisturbed for not less than 48 hours.

SECTION 12-8. DOORS AND WINDOWS

12-8.01 HINGED DOORS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hinged doors and frames in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, and a door schedule shall be submitted for approval. The door schedule shall include a description of the type, location and size of each door and frame.

PRODUCTS.--

Metal door.--

Metal door shall be flush, seamless steel door factory prepared and reinforced to receive hardware and having cold rolled stretcher leveled sheet steel face sheets not less than 1.2 mm thick (18-gage). Face sheets shall be bonded with thermosetting adhesive to rigid board honeycomb or precured foam core; or face sheets shall be welded to all parts of an assembled grid of cold formed pressed metal stiffeners and framing members located around edges, ends, openings and at all locations necessary to prevent buckling of face sheets. Seams shall be tack welded, filled and ground smooth. Bottom edge and internal stiffeners of grid type core shall have moisture vents. Welds on exposed surfaces shall be ground smooth. Louvered or glazed openings shall be provided where shown on the plans.

Active leaf of double door shall have a full height astragal of 3 mm flat bar or folded sheet strip, not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage), welded on the outside of the active leaf.

Door shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Door louvers.--

Door louvers shall be inverted V-type factory primed, galvanized sheet steel louvers. Exterior door louvers shall not be removable from outside of the building. Louvers at exterior doors shall have inside mounted bronze insect screens.

Louvers shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Pressed metal frame.--

Pressed metal frame shall be not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage) sheet steel with integral stop, mitered corners, face welded and ground smooth corners. Frames shall be reinforced for all hardware and shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or an approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

Sealants.--

Sealants shall be ultraviolet and ozone resistant, gun grade polysulfide or polyurethane, multicomponent, Federal Specification: TT-S-227.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Doors and frames shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true and in such a manner that the doors operate freely without rubbing or binding. Clearance between frame and door shall be not more than 3 mm. The exterior frame shall be sealed weathertight.

Pressed metal frames shall be secured with clips and anchors as shown on the plans.

PAINTING.--Except for the primer application specified herein, doors and frames shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

12-8.02 WINDOWS**PART 1.- GENERAL**

SUMMARY.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing windows in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Windows shall be commercial (C) grade aluminum prime windows unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Windows shall meet the requirement of NAFS-1, "Voluntary Performance Specification for Windows, Skylights, and Glass Doors," and shall meet the C30 (Commercial) product designation unless otherwise shown on the plans. Windows shall be labeled with the AAMA label.

Finish for windows shall be Architectural Class I, colored anodized finish meeting American Architectural Manufacturer's Association Standard 611 unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Glazing for windows shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Glazing" in Section 12-8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for all windows in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and schedule shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall show window elevations, plan views, full size sections, anchoring details to all substrates, anchors and hardware.

Installation schedule shall show location, size and type for each window.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS**Fixed windows.--**

Fixed windows shall be non-operable glazed panel inserted into a frame to include muntins, glazing stops, and glazing accessories.

Projected windows.--

Projected windows shall be equipped with glazing accessories, replaceable weatherstripping, vent screens, operating handles and locks on bottom hinged vents.

One operating pole shall be provided for every 10 windows installed 1.8 m or more above the floor. The operating pole and window operating handle shall be compatible. The bottom of the pole to be within a maximum of 915 mm from finish floor.

Aluminum.--

Aluminum shall be extruded 6063-T5 aluminum alloy.

Screws, fasteners and window accessories.--

Screws, fasteners and window accessories shall be non-corrosive metals compatible with aluminum except guides may be vinyl and nylon respectively. Finish for locks, operators, strikes, keepers and other metal hardware shall match window finish.

Weatherstripping.--

Weatherstripping shall be continuous, replaceable type, wool pile mounted in metal or double runs of ultraviolet resistant neoprene or vinyl.

Vent screen.--

Vent screen shall be aluminum frame with 18 x 14 mesh aluminum screening and polyvinyl-chloride splines. Screen frames shall be removable from interior of building. Finish of screen frame shall match window finish.

Sealant.--

Sealant shall be single-component, solvent type acrylic, self-leveling, non-sag, conforming to Federal Specification: TT-S-230.

Tape.--

Tape shall be compatible with sealant; Pecora, "B-44 Extra-Seal;" Pittsburg Plate Glass, "Duribbon;" Protective Treatment, "PTU 606;" Tremco, "440 Tape;" or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

FABRICATION.--Frame and sash shall be accurately machined and fitted to hairline joinery that develops the members. Joints shall be factory sealed weathertight.

Outward opening vents without roto-type operators shall be provided with adjustable sliding friction type hold-open assemblies.

Sash shall be removable from the interior only. Sash shall have concealed condensation weeps to the outside.

DELIVERY AND STORAGE.--Windows shall be delivered in original, unopened, unbroken containers, wrappings, or bags with labels bearing the brand name, name of manufacturer or supplier, standard of manufacture, and product description.

Windows and accessories shall be stored off the ground, kept dry, fully protected from weather and damage

INSTALLATION.--Window units shall be set straight, level, plumb and in true alignment in prepared openings. Windows shall be centered in openings. Clearance between the window unit and the building framing shall be from 4 mm to 6 mm at the sides and 13 mm at the top. Ventilator sash shall be adjusted after glazing for easy, smooth and proper operation.

The installation shall be flashed and sealed weathertight.

All aluminum surfaces in contact with masonry, steel or other incompatible materials shall be isolated with pressure sensitive tape, zinc chromate primer, bituminous paint or such other material recommended by the window manufacturer and approved by the Engineer.

12-8.03 FINISH HARDWARE**PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hardware items for doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Hardware assemblies shall comply with the disabled accessibility requirements indicated on the plans and specified in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.—

Manufacturer's technical information and catalog cuts for each item of door hardware and a door hardware schedule shall be submitted for approval prior to installation.

Manufacturer's catalog cuts shall include catalog numbers, material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and finish of hardware.

The door hardware schedule shall indicate the location and size of door opening, the door and frame material, and the size, style, finish and quantity of the hardware components required.

FINISHES.—

Hardware shall be provided with standard US 26D metal plated finish.

KEYING INSTRUCTIONS.—

New locks shall be compatible with the master key system of the existing facility and shall be keyed to the existing lock system in use.

Locks and cylinders shall be provided with six pin "O" cylinders and blank keys. Cylinders and blank keys shall be delivered to the Engineer for combining of cylinders and cutting of keys.

The Contractor shall provide cylinders for use during construction. Construction cylinders shall remain in place until permanent cylinders are installed. Construction cylinders shall remain the property of the Contractor.

Key bows shall be stamped "State of California" and "Do Not Duplicate."

PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--

GENERAL.—

Door hardware equal in material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and manufacture to that specified herein may be submitted for approval.

Butt hinges.--

Butt hinges shall be steel, 1 1/2-pair per door unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans. Nonremovable pins shall be provided at outswing exterior doors. Hinge size shall be 114 mm x 114 mm unless otherwise noted.

Standard weight hinges shall be:

| | |
|-----------|---------|
| Hager | BB 1279 |
| McKinney | TB 2714 |
| Stanley | BB 179 |
| or equal. | |

Mortise locksets.--

Mortise locksets shall be steel case with 32 mm x 203 mm face plate and 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for mortise locksets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated lockset shall be:

| | |
|-----------|-------------|
| Best | 35H 6FW 15H |
| Falcon | LM521 DG |
| Schlage | L9453P x 06 |
| or equal. | |

Cylindrical dead locks.--

Cylindrical dead locks shall have 25 mm throw bolt with concealed hardened steel inserts and one inch diameter bolt housing, 70 mm backset.

Single cylinder dead lock with inside thumb turn shall be:

| | |
|-----------|--------|
| Best | 83T 7K |
| Falcon | D441 |
| Schlage | B460P |
| or equal. | |

Flush bolts.--

Flush bolts shall be installed at the top and bottom of the inactive leaf of pairs of doors. Provide automatic bolts on UL rated pairs of doors.

Flush bolts for manual operation shall be:

| | |
|----------------|------|
| Builders Brass | 5020 |
| Glynn Johnson | FB6 |
| H.B. Ives | 457 |
| or equal. | |

Door closers.--

Parallel arms for closers shall be installed at outswing exterior doors. Closers shall have sprayed finish to match other hardware on door.

Door closers shall be:

| | |
|-----------|-------|
| LCN | 4040 |
| Norton | 85001 |
| Dorma | 7800 |
| or equal. | |

Pushplates and pullplates.--

Pushplates and pullplates shall be 102 mm x 406 mm x 1.52 mm (16-gage). Grips shall be 25 mm diameter with 38 mm standoff and 203 mm center to center fastening, unless indicated otherwise.

Pushplates shall be:

| | |
|----------------|--------|
| Builders Brass | 47 |
| Quality | 40 |
| Trimco | 1001-3 |
| or equal. | |

Pullplates shall be:

| | |
|----------------|---------------|
| Builders Brass | 47x290-1 |
| Quality | 1515 |
| Trimco | 01-3 x 1193-2 |
| or equal. | |

Kickplates.--

Kickplates shall be 254 mm in height x 51 mm less than door width x 1.52 mm (16-gage).

Kickplates shall be:

| | |
|----------------|------|
| Builders Brass | 37 |
| Quality | 48 |
| Trimco | 6000 |
| or equal. | |

Wall mounted door stop and holder.--

Wall mounted door stop and holder shall be:

| | |
|----------------|-------------|
| Builders Brass | W140, W141X |
| Quality | 36, 136 |
| Trimco | 1202, 1207 |
| or equal. | |

Wall bumpers.--

Wall bumpers base diameter shall be 64 mm with a 25 mm projection.

Bumpers shall be:

| | |
|----------------|-----------|
| Builders Brass | WC9 |
| Quality | 302 |
| Trimco | 1270 CVWS |
| or equal. | |

Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes.--

Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes shall conform to the sizes and configurations shown on plans. Thresholds at door openings with accessibility requirements shall not exceed 13 mm in height.

Threshold, rain drip, door sweep and door shoe manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Threshold bedding sealant.--

Threshold bedding sealant shall conform to Federal Specification: SS-C-153.

Weatherstrip.--

Weatherstrip shall conform to the sizes and shapes shown on plans. Assemblies shall be UL listed and shall be provided where shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions. Weatherstrip manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

Door signs and name plates.--

Door signs and name plates shall be as specified under "Signs" in Section 12-10, "Specialties," of these special provisions.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

DOORS AND FRAMES.--Doors and frames shall be set square and plumb and be properly prepared before the installation of hardware.

INSTALLATION.--Hardware items shall be accurately fitted, securely applied, and adjusted and lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Installation shall provide proper operation without bind or excessive play.

Hinges shall be installed at equal spacing with the center of the end hinges not more than 244 mm from the top and bottom of the door. Pushplates and door pulls shall be centered 1118 mm from the finished floor. Locksets shall be 1024 mm from the finished floor. Kickplates shall be mounted on the push side of the doors, 25 mm clear of door edges.

Thresholds shall be set in a continuous bed of sealant material.

Hardware, except hinges, shall be removed from surfaces to be painted before painting.

DOOR HARDWARE GROUPS AND SCHEDULE.--Hardware groups shall be as specified herein:

GROUP 1 (Door No. 4)

3-pair butt hinges
1 each lever operated mortise lockset
1 each cylindrical dead lock
1 each astragal
1 each flush bolt
2 each threshold, rain drip, door shoe, door sweep
2each wall bumper
2 each kickplate
2 each weatherstrip

GROUP 2 (Door No. 3)

1 1/2-pair butt hinges
1 each lever operated mortise lockset
1 each cylindrical dead lock
1 each wall bumper
1 each door closer
1 each kickplate
1 each threshold, rain drip, door shoe, door sweep
1 each weatherstrip

GROUP 3 (Door Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6)

1 1/2 pair butt hinges
1 each cylindrical dead lock
1 each door closer
1 each wall mounted door stop with holder
1 each pushplate
1 each pullplate
1 each kickplate

GROUP 4 (Door at Pump House Building)

1 1/2 pair butt hinges
1 each lever operated mortise lockset
1 each cylindrical dead lock
1 each wall bumper
1 each threshold, rain drip, door shoe, door sweep

12-8.04 GLAZING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.---

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing glazing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Glazing shall consist of glass sheets for windows.

All glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1036 and the classifications specified herein and shall be clear glass except as noted.

SUBMITTALS.—

A detailed list of glazing materials including glass, sheet, sealants, tapes, setting blocks, shims, compression seals, and glazing channels shall be submitted for approval. The list shall include a schedule of the materials to be used at each location.

LABELS.—

Each individual pane of heat strengthened or fully tempered glass shall bear an identification label in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1048.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Safety glass.--

Safety glass shall conform to Consumer Product Safety Commission Safety Standard For Architectural Glazing Materials: 16 CFR 1201, and ANSI Standard Z97.1 and shall be the following:

Obscure tempered glass.--

Obscure tempered glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1048, Kind FT, Condition C, Type II, Class 1, Form 3, Quality q8, Finish f1, Pattern p1 or p2; flat figured glass, one surface smooth, other surface fine grid pattern.

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels.--

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels shall be top grade, commercial quality, as recommended by the glass or sheet manufacturer and shall conform to the requirements in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.—

Glazing shall conform to the general conditions and applicable details in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

Panes shall be bedded fully and evenly, set straight and square within panels in such a manner that the pane is entirely free of any contact with metal edges and surfaces.

For all panes on the exterior of the building, the glazing on both sides of window panes shall provide a watertight seal and watershed. Seals shall extend not more than 2 mm beyond the holding members. A void shall be left between the vertical edges of the panes and the glazing channel. Weep systems shall be provided to drain condensation to the outside.

Panes in assemblies using extruded gasket glazing shall be set in accordance with the assembly manufacturer's instructions using gaskets and stops supplied by the manufacturer.

Whenever welding or burning of metal is in progress within 4.6 m of glazing materials, a protective cover shall be provided over exposed surfaces.

REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING.—

All broken or cracked glass and glass with scratches which reduce the strength shall be replaced before completion of the project.

Panes shall be kept clean of cement and plaster products, cleansers, sealants, tapes and all other foreign material that may cause discoloration, etching, staining, or surface blemishes to the materials.

Excess sealant left on the surface of the glass or surrounding materials shall be removed during the work life of the sealant.

Solvents and cleaning compounds shall be chemically compatible with materials, coatings and glazing compounds to remain. Cleaners shall not have abrasives that scratch or mar the surfaces.

All panes shall be cleaned just before the final inspection. All stains and defects shall be removed. Paint, dirt, stains, labels (except etched labels), and surplus glazing compound shall be removed without scratching or marring the surface of the panes or metal work.

SECTION 12-9. FINISHES

12-9.01 CERAMIC TILE

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing ceramic tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Ceramic tile shall include glazed wall tile, matte porcelain tile, trim tile, setting materials, grouts and such other materials as maybe required for a complete installation.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a list of materials to be used, and installation instructions for all materials required for the work shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for each type of tile, mortar bed materials, bond coat materials and additives, and grout materials and additives.

Materials list and installation instructions shall include all products and materials to be incorporated into the work.

Friction reports shall be submitted for tile products to be used on floors and other pedestrian surfaces.

Samples.--Samples shall include 2 individual samples of each type and color of tile and trim to be installed and shall be of the same size, shape, pattern and finish as the tile and trim to be installed.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Single source responsibility.--Each type and color of tile, grout and setting materials shall be obtained from a single source.

Master Grade Certificates.--Each shipment of tile to the project site shall be accompanied by a Master Grade Certificate issued by the tile manufacturer.

Certificates of Compliance.--Certificates of compliance shall be furnished for bond coat materials, setting bed materials and grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--

Delivery.--Tile and packaged materials shall be delivered to the job site in sealed, unbroken, unopened containers with the labels intact. Tile containers shall bear the Standard Grade label.

Storage and handling.--Materials shall be stored and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage or contamination by water, freezing or foreign matter.

PROJECT CONDITIONS.--

Protection.--Tile work shall be protected and environmental conditions maintained during and after installation to comply with the reference standards and manufacturer's printed instructions.

Temperatures.--Unless otherwise specified in the manufacturer's installation instructions, the ambient temperature shall be maintained at not less than 10°C nor more than 38°C in tiled areas during installation and for 7 days after completion. Exterior work areas shall be shaded from direct sunlight during installation.

Tile shall not be installed when the temperature of the substrate is greater than 32°C or is frost covered.

Illumination.--Interior work areas shall be illuminated to provide the same level and angle of illumination as will be available during final inspection.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURERS.--

Available manufacture's.--Subject to compliance with the specifications, tile shall be American Olean Tile Co., Inc.; Summitville Tiles, Inc.; Dal-Tile Corp.; or equal.

GENERAL.--

Ceramic tile.--Ceramic tile shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A137.1, "American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile" for types and grades of tile indicated.

Ceramic tile shall conform to the "Standard Grade" requirements.

Tile installation materials.--Tile installation materials shall conform to the requirements in ANSI standard referenced with products and materials indicated for setting and grouting.

Tile color and size.--Tile color shall be as shown on the plans; tile size shall be as indicated in the Schedule elsewhere in this special provision.

Slip resistant tile.--Slip resistant tile shall have sufficient abrasives added such that the static coefficient of friction, wet or dry, shall be not less than 0.6 for walking surfaces and 0.8 for ramps when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1028.

TILE PRODUCTS.--

Glazed wall tile.--

Glazed wall tile shall be machine made, dust pressed white body clay, and shall have a glossy glaze finish, plain face, and cushion edges. Tile shall be 8 mm nominal thickness.

Ceramic tile trim shall match material, size and finish of field tile. Free edges of tiled areas of walls shall have bullnose type trim. Outside corners shall have bullnose type runner trim (not beads). Reentrant corners shall have cove type trim.

Matte porcelain tile.--

Matte porcelain tile shall be machine made, unpolished, dust pressed natural porcelain clay and shall have a plain face. Tile shall have a nominal thickness of 8 mm. Matte porcelain tile shall be slip resistant.

Matte porcelain trim tile shall include cove type base at walls and single piece intersecting cove base at corners.

SETTING MATERIALS.--

Portland cement mortar installation materials.--

Materials for portland cement mortar installation shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A108.1 as required for installation method designated, unless otherwise indicated.

Membrane.--Membrane shall be asphalt impregnated felt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 226, Type I, or polyethylene film conforming to ASTM Designation: C 171, Type 1.1.2. Polyethylene film shall not be less than 0.1 mm thick.

Tile bond coat.--

Tile bond coat shall be latex-portland cement bond coat.

Latex-portland cement mortar bond coat shall be a prepackaged mortar mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.4, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the job site. Mortar shall be suitable for exterior use and be labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

GROUTING MATERIALS.--

Tile grout.--

Tile grout shall be latex-portland cement grout.

Latex-portland cement grout shall be a prepackaged grout mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.6, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the jobsite. Epoxy grout shall be suitable for exterior use and labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

Grout pigment.--

Grout pigment shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type. Color shall be as shown on the plans.

SEALANTS.--

Sealant.--

Sealant for vertical expansion joints shall be a medium modulus silicone or polyurethane. Sealant for horizontal joints shall be a 2-part polyurethane type material with a Shore Hardness of 35 to 45.

Color of exposed sealants shall match color of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints.

MORTAR BEDS.--

Cement mortar bed.--

Cement mortar bed for walls shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/2 part hydrated lime, 6 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 20 mm in thickness.

Cement mortar bed for floors shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/10 parts hydrated lime, 5 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water added to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 32 mm in thickness.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Sand.--

Sand shall be a natural or manufactured sand conforming to ASTM Designation: C 144, except that no more than 10 percent shall pass the No. 150 µm sieve.

Sealers.--

Sealer for grout shall be a penetrating proprietary compound designed for sealing grout. Silicone sealers shall not be used.

Cement.--

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Type I.

Hydrated lime.--

Hydrated lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 206, Type S, or ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

Water.--

Water shall be clean and potable.

Cementitious tile backer board.--

Cementitious backer board shall be a backing and underlayment panel composed of a concrete core with glass mesh reinforcing on both faces and conforming to the requirements of ANSI Standard: A118.9.

MIXING MORTAR AND GROUT.--

Mixing.--Mortar and grout shall be mixed to comply with the requirements of referenced standards and manufacturers for accurately proportioning of materials, water or additive content, mixing equipment and mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures need to produce mortars and grout of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application intended.

PART 3.- EXECUTION**PREPARATION.--**

General.--Concrete, mortar, or masonry substrate surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall not vary more than 5 mm in 2.4 m from the required plane and shall be true, plumb at vertical surfaces, and square at intersection edges.

Surfaces to receive a mortar setting bed or a bond coat shall be cleaned adequately to assure a tight bond to the applied material. Such cleaning shall leave the surface thoroughly roughened and free from laitance, coatings, oil, sand, dust and loose particles.

The cleaned surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall be saturated with water just prior to placing mortar or the cleaned surfaces shall be coated with fresh neat cement slurry. If the surface is saturated with water, excess water shall be removed and the wetted surfaces uniformly dusted with portland cement. The slurry or wetted cement dust shall be broomed to completely coat the surface with a thin and uniform coating just prior to placing the mortar.

Substrates shall be inspected to insure that grounds, anchors, plugs, recessed frames, bucks, drains, electrical work, mechanical work, and similar items in or behind the tile have been installed before proceeding with installation of the tiles.

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Tile installation shall conform to applicable parts of ANSI 108 Series of the tile installation standards included under "American National Standard Specifications for the Installation of Ceramic Tile" and Tile Council of American, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

All tile shall be installed on a bond coat over a setting bed.

The back face of the tile shall be free of paper, adhesives, fiber mesh, resins, or other materials affecting the bond of the tile to the bedding material.

Tile sheets shall have permanent edge bonding or temporary mounting materials on the exposed face. Water soluble or absorbent adhesives shall not be used for edge bonding. Temporary mounting materials shall allow observation during tile setting operations.

Tile work shall extend into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures, to form a complete covering without interruptions, except as shown on the plans. Work shall be terminated neatly at obstructions, edges and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

Intersections and returns shall be accurately formed. Cutting and drilling of tile shall be performed without marring visible surfaces. Cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish or built-in items shall be carefully ground to produce straight aligned joints. Tile shall be closely fit to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and other penetrations such that plates, collars, or covers overlap the tile.

Mortar bed placement.--The mortar bed shall be placed, consolidated, and finished to the required thickness.

The surface of the mortar bed shall be true and pitched as shown on the plans, without high or low spots. The mortar bed surface shall not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from a plane parallel to the finished tile surface when tile is installed on a cured mortar bed.

In no case shall the allowed tolerances result in offsets between adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces that can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or not true.

Cement mortar beds to receive a tile bond coat shall be damp cured under cover for a minimum of 48 hours at a temperature of not less than 21°C.

Cementitious backer board.--Cementitious backer board shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of ANSI Standard: A118.11.

Tile bond coat.--The tile bond coat mortar shall be mixed according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The consistency of the mixture shall be such that ridges formed with the recommended notched trowel shall not flow or slump. Reworking will be allowed provided no water or materials are added. The setting bed surfaces shall be dampened before placing the bond coat as necessary tile installation, but the setting bed shall not be soaked. The setting bed surfaces for epoxy bond coat shall be dry.

The bond coat shall be floated onto the cured mortar bed surface with sufficient pressure to cover the surface evenly with no bare spots. The surface area to be covered with the bond coat shall be no greater than the area that can be tiled while the bond coat is still plastic. The bond coat shall be combed with a notched trowel as recommended by the manufacturer within 10 minutes before installing tile. Tile shall not be installed on a skinned over bond coat.

Installing tiles.--Tile shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and shall be set solid and shall be well bonded to the substrate.

Tile set on a tile bond coat shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Standard: A108.5.

If tiles are cut, the cuts shall be made with saws. Cut edges shall be rubbed with an abrasive stone to bring the edge of the glaze slightly back from the body of the tile. Cuts shall be accurately made to neatly fit the tile in place. Cut edges shall not be butted against other tile. Cut tile shall be at least half the size of a full size tile.

Tile shall completely cover wall areas behind mirrors and fixtures.

Tile shall be installed so that the finished tile surface does not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from the finished tile surface shown on the plans. In no case shall there be offsets in adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces that can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or true in the completed tile work.

Tiles shall be firmly pressed into the freshly notched bond coat. Tile on interior surfaces shall be tapped and beat into a true surface and to obtain at least 80 percent coverage by the mortar on the back of each tile. Tile on exterior surfaces shall have 100 percent coverage and shall be back-buttered immediately prior to setting the tile.

If tile is face mounted, the paper and glue shall be removed within one hour after tile is installed and all tiles that do not meet the requirements for joints and surface tolerance shall be adjusted or replaced.

Mortar that exudes into the grout spaces between tiles shall be removed to the bottom of tile.

Joints.--Joints between tile shall be continuous both vertically and horizontally. Joints shall be straight and of uniform and equal width. Where tiles on adjoining surface are the same size, the joints shall align, one with the other. Joint width shall be as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

Grouting tile.--Grout shall be mixed, applied and cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and ANSI Standard: A108.10 for cement grout.

Spacers, strings, ropes, pegs, glue, paper, and face mounting material shall be removed before grouting. Joints between glazed wall tile shall be wetted if they have become dry. Joints for epoxy mortar shall be dry.

Grouting shall not begin until at least 48 hours after installing tile.

A maximum amount of grout shall be forced into the joints between tiles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The grout shall be finished to the depth of the cushion for cushion edge tile and finished flush with the surface for square edge tile. All gaps and skips in the grout spaces shall be filled.

Mortar or mounting mesh shall not show through the grouted joints.

The finished grout shall have a uniform color and shall be smooth without voids, pinholes or low spots.

Expansion joints shall be kept free of grout or mortar.

Grout shall be protected from freezing or frost for a least 5 days after installation.

Expansion joints.--Expansion joints shall be installed at the perimeter of all tile floors and at all substrate control joints and changes in the substrate material. Exterior expansion joint spacing shall not exceed 5 m in any direction.

All expansion joints shall be made with sealant over backer rods. The thickness of sealant at the center of expansion joints shall not exceed the width of the joint. Joint edges shall be primed as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

Sounding tile.--Tiled surfaces shall be sounded with a metal bar or chain for improperly bonded tile or setting bed. Tile or setting bed that emits a hollow sound shall be replaced.

Replacement.--Cracked, chipped, broken, or otherwise defective tiles shall be removed and replaced. All tiles which differ more than 2 mm in elevation from adjacent tile edges shall be removed and replaced.

Curing.--After the installation of tile and the grouting of joints, the tile and grout shall be cured by keeping the surface continuously damp for at least 72 hours after grouting. Curing materials shall not stain the tile or grouted joints. Curing methods shall not erode away the grout.

After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION.--

Cleaning tile surfaces.--All exposed tile surfaces shall be cleaned of all grout haze upon completion of grouting. Acids and chemicals used to clean tile shall conform to the tile manufacturer's recommendations. Cleaners shall not be harmful to materials on surfaces of abutting floors, walls, and ceilings. Tile work shall be rinsed thoroughly with clean water before and after using acid or chemical cleaners. After cleaning and rinsing, tile surfaces shall be polished using a soft cloth.

Tile work shall be cleaned and polished again immediately prior to completion of the contract. All dirt, grime, stains, paints, grease, and other discoloring agents or foreign materials shall be removed.

Protection.--After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours after.

Tile surfaces damaged by construction operations shall be retiled.

SCHEDULES.--

Wall tile.--

Wall tile shall be nominal 102 mm x 102 mm glazed wall tile. Installation on cementitious backer board, using a tile bond coat and grout, shall conform to the requirements of Method W 244, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

Floor tile.--

Floor tile shall be nominal 51 mm x 51 mm matte porcelain tile installed on a mortar bed using a tile bond coat and grout and shall conform to the requirements of Method F 112, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

12-9.02 PAINTING

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--This work shall consist of preparing surfaces to receive coatings, and furnishing and applying coatings, in accordance with the schedules and details shown on the plans, and these special provisions.

The coatings specified in this section are in addition to any factory finishes, shop priming, or surface treatment specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a materials list, and color samples shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall include product description, manufacturer's recommendations for product mixing, thinning, tinting, handling, site environmental requirements, product application and drying time.

Materials list shall include manufacturer's name, trade name, and product numbers for each type coating to be applied.

Color samples shall be manufacturer's color cards, approximately 50 mm x 75 mm, for each color of coating shown on the plans. Color samples for stains shall be submitted on wood of the same species, color, and texture as the wood to receive the stain.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings and applications shall conform to the rules for control of volatile organic compound emissions adopted by the air quality control district in the air basin in which the coatings are applied.

SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.--Coatings shall not be applied when the air temperature is below 10°C (20°C for varnishes) or when the relative humidity exceeds 75 percent.

The surface to be coated shall be maintained at a minimum temperature of 7°C for a period of 24 hours prior to, and 48 hours after the application of the coating. Heating facilities shall be provided when necessary.

Continuous ventilation shall be provided during application of the coatings.

A minimum lighting level of 865 lux, measured 1 m from the surface to be coated, shall be provided while surfaces are being prepared for coatings and during coating applications.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING.--Products shall be delivered to the site in sealed, labeled containers and stored in a well ventilated area at an ambient air temperature of not less than 7°C. Container labeling shall include manufacturer's name, type of coating, trade name, color designation, drying time, and instructions for tinting, mixing, and thinning.

MAINTENANCE STOCK.--Upon completion of coating work, a full 3.8 liter container of each type and color of finish coat and stain used shall be delivered to the location at the project site designated by the Engineer. Containers shall be tightly sealed and labeled with color, texture, and room locations where used, in addition to the manufacturer's standard product label.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

GENERAL.--The products shall be the best quality grade coatings of the specified types as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized paint and varnish manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience in manufacturing paints and varnishes. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Products for each coating system shall be by a single manufacturer and shall not contain lead type pigments.

Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSPECTION.--Surfaces to be coated at the jobsite shall be approved by the Engineer prior to the application of coatings. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 working days prior to the application of coatings.

SURFACE PREPARATION.--Surfaces scheduled to be coated shall be prepared in accordance with the following, except that the surfaces not specified herein shall be prepared as recommended by the coating manufacturer.

GENERAL.--Hardware, cover plates, light fixture trim, and similar items shall be removed prior to preparing surfaces for coating. Following the application of the finish coating, the removed items shall be reinstalled in their original locations.

WOOD.--Oil and grease shall be removed by solvent wash. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess material, or filler by hand cleaning. Smooth surfaced wood shall be sanded lightly.

A sealer composed of equal parts of shellac and alcohol shall be spot applied to knots, sap, pitch, tar, creosote, and other bleeding substances.

After the application of the prime coat, all nail holes, cracks, open joints, dents, scars, and surface irregularities shall be filled, hand cleaned, and spot primed to provide smooth surfaces for the application of finish coats.

Irregularities in wood surfaces to receive a transparent stain finish shall be filled and hand cleaned after the first coat of stain has been applied. The color of the filler shall match the color of the stained wood.

Irregularities in wood surfaces to receive a clear finish shall be filled and hand cleaned before the application of coatings. The color of the filler shall match the color of the coated wood.

GALVANIZED METAL.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Surfaces shall be cleaned of remaining surface treatments by hand cleaning. New surfaces shall be roughened by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting.

Abraded or corroded areas shall be hand cleaned and spot coated with one coat of vinyl wash pretreatment. Abraded or corroded areas on new surfaces not scheduled to be painted shall be cleaned by solvent wash, hand cleaned, and given 2 spot applications of zinc rich paint.

STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash or steam cleaning. Mill scale and rust shall be removed by hand cleaning or abrasive blasting.

PREVIOUSLY COATED AND SHOP PRIMED SURFACES.--Dirt, oil, grease, or other surface contaminants shall be removed by water blasting, steam cleaning, or TSP wash. Minor surface imperfections shall be filled as required for new work. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Chalking paint shall be removed by hand cleaning. The surfaces of existing hard or glossy coatings shall be abraded to dull the finish by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting. Abrasive blasting shall not be used on wood or non-ferrous metal surfaces.

Chipped, peeling, blistered, or loose coatings shall be removed by hand cleaning, water blasting, or abrasive blasting. Bare areas shall be pretreated and primed as required for new work.

DEFINITIONS.--

DETERGENT WASH.--Removal of dirt and water soluble chemicals by scrubbing with a solution of detergent and water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

HAND CLEANING.--Removal of dirt, loose rust, mill scale, excess base material, filler, aluminum oxide, chalking paint, peeling paint, or paint which is not firmly bonded to the surfaces by using hand or powered wire brushes, hand scraping tools, power grinders, or sandpaper and removal of all loose particles and dust prior to coating.

MILDEW WASH.--Removal of mildew by scrubbing with a solution of detergent, hypochlorite-type household bleach, and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

ABRASIVE BLASTING.--Removal of oil, grease, form release agents, paint, dirt, rust, mill scale, efflorescence, weak concrete, or laitance, by the use of airborne abrasives, and removal of loose particles, dust, and abrasives by blasting with clean air.

Abrasives shall be limited to clean dry sand, mineral grit, steel grit, or steel shot, and shall be graded to produce satisfactory results. Unwashed beach sand containing salt or silt shall not be used.

Abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP6-85, Commercial Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

Light abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP7-85, Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

SOLVENT WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, wax, dirt, or other foreign matter by using solvents, such as mineral spirits or xylol, or other approved cleaning compounds.

STEAM CLEANING.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, rust, scale, or other foreign matter by using steam generated by commercial steam cleaning equipment, from a solution of water and steam cleaning compounds, and removal of all residues and cleaning compounds with clean water.

TSP WASH.--Removal of oil, grease, dirt, paint gloss, and other foreign matter by scrubbing with a solution of trisodium phosphate and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

WATER BLASTING.--High pressure, low volume water stream for removing dirt, light scale, chalking or peeling paint. Water blasting equipment shall produce not less than a 13 800 MPa minimum output pressure when used. Heated water shall not exceed 66°C. If a detergent solution is used, it shall be biodegradable and shall be removed from all surfaces with clean water.

PROTECTION.--The Contractor shall provide protective devices, such as tarps, screens or covers, as necessary to prevent damage to the work and to other property or persons from all cleaning and painting operations.

Paint or paint stains on surfaces not designated to be painted shall be removed by the Contractor at his expense and the original surface restored to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

APPLICATION.--

GENERAL.--Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the printed instructions and at the application rates recommended by the manufacturer to achieve the dry film thickness specified in these special provisions.

Mixing, thinning and tinting shall conform to the manufacturer's printed instructions. Thinning will be allowed only when recommended by the manufacturer.

Coatings shall be applied only when surfaces are dry and properly prepared.

Cleaning and painting shall be scheduled so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.

Materials required to be coated shall have coatings applied to all exposed surfaces, including the tops and bottoms of wood and metal doors, the insides of cabinets, and other surfaces not normally visible from eye level.

APPLICATION SURFACE FINISH.--Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish. Finished surfaces shall be free of surface deviations and imperfections such as skips, cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, curtains, ropiness, improper cutting in, overspray, drips, ridges, waves, and variations in color and texture.

Each application of a multiple application finish system shall closely resemble the final color coat, except each application shall provide enough contrast in shade to distinguish the separate applications.

WORK REQUIRED BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.--Each application of material shall be cured in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations before applying the succeeding coating. Enamels and clear finishes shall be lightly sanded, dusted, and wiped clean between applications.

Stain blocking primer shall be spot applied whenever stains bleed through the previous application of a coating.

TIMING OF APPLICATIONS.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied prior to any deterioration of the newly prepared surface. Metal surfaces shall be prepared and prime coated the same day that cleaning of bare metal is performed. Additional prime coats shall be applied as soon as drying time of the preceding coat permits.

Metal surfaces shall be prime coated within 12 hours of application of vinyl wash pretreatment.

Shellac sealer shall be allowed to dry at least 12 hours before applying the next coat.

Drying time between applications of water borne coatings shall be at least 12 hours.

APPLICATION METHODS.--Coatings shall be applied by brush, roller or spray. Rollers shall be of a type which do not leave a stippled texture in the paint film. Extension handles for rollers shall not be greater than 2 m in length.

If spray methods are used, surface deviations and imperfections such as, overspray, thickness deviations, lap marks, and orange peel shall be considered as evidence that the work is unsatisfactory and the Contractor shall apply the remainder of the coating by brush or roller, as approved by the Engineer.

DRY FILM THICKNESS.--

| | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Vinyl wash pretreatment | 0.007 mm to 0.13 mm, maximum. |
| Bituminous paint | 0.1 mm, minimum. |
| Other primers, undercoats, sealers, and coatings | As recommended by the manufacturer. |

BACKPRIMING.--The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied to all wood surfaces (face, back, edges, and ends) of wood materials that are not factory coated, immediately upon delivery to the project site, except surfaces of interior finish woodwork that adjoin concrete or masonry shall be coated with one application of alkyd exterior wood primer before installation.

When clear or stain type coatings are required on millwork, trim, or paneling, varnish, reduced 25 percent by mineral spirits, shall be used for coating the back faces.

All primed metal surfaces in contact with concrete or concrete block exterior walls shall be coated with a bituminous paint on those surfaces in contact with the wall.

PATCHES IN PREVIOUSLY COATED SURFACES.--Where patches are made on surfaces of previously coated walls or ceilings, the entire surface to corners on every side of the patch shall be coated with a minimum of one application of the finish coat.

FINISHING MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.--Shop primed mechanical and electrical components shall be finish coated in accordance with the coating system entitled, "Shop Primed Steel." Louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components shall be removed and coated separately.

Exposed conduit, piping, and other mechanical and electrical components visible in public areas shall be painted.

Both sides and all surfaces, including edges and back of wood mounting panels for electrical and telephone equipment shall be finish coated before installing equipment.

CLEANING.--Upon completion of all operations, the coated surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, dirt, grease, or other unsightly materials or substances.

Surfaces marred or damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired, at his expense, to match the condition of the surfaces prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations.

COATING SYSTEMS.--The surfaces to be coated shall be as shown on the plans and as specified elsewhere in these special provisions. When a coating system is not shown or specified for a surface to be finish coated, the coating system to be used shall be as specified for the substrate material. The number of applications specified for each coating system listed herein is a minimum. Additional coats shall be applied if necessary to obtain a uniform color, texture, appearance, or required dry film thickness.

SYSTEM 1- GALVANIZED METAL.--

1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment
1 prime coat: galvanized metal primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 2- PREVIOUSLY COATED EXTERIOR SURFACES.--

1 prime coat : alkyd exterior enamel undercoat
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 3- PREVIOUSLY COATED INTERIOR SURFACES.--

1 prime coat: alkyd interior wood primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 4- SHOP PRIMED STEEL.--

1 prime coat : red oxide ferrous metal primer
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 5- STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--

2 prime coats: red oxide ferrous metal primer
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

SYSTEM 6- WOOD, PAINTED.--

1 prime coat: alkyd, exterior wood primer
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

COLOR SCHEDULE.--Colors shall be as shown on the plans.

SECTION 12-10. SPECIALTIES

12-10.01 TOILET PARTITIONS

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Toilet partitions shall consist of panels, doors, pilasters, urinal screens, fasteners, anchorages and hardware. Internal reinforcement shall be provided at all fasteners, anchorages, hardware and accessories.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, samples, installation instructions and working drawings shall be submitted for approval. Samples shall be a minimum of three 50 mm x 50 mm panel samples.

Colors shall be as shown on the plans. .

Working drawings shall show the plan layout, door and panel elevations and all details required for the complete installation and anchorage of the partition system.

PRODUCTS.--

Toilet partitions.--

Toilet partitions shall be a homogeneous filled acrylic polymer material and shall be overhead braced partitions, with concealed fasteners and concealed hardware. Toilet partitions shall be Shower Shapes; Corian, Formica Corp., Surell; or equal.

Doors, except as other wise specified, shall be provided with slide bar latches and a combination coat-hat hook and door stop.

Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall shall be provided with a grip and turn latch, combination coat-hat hook and door stop, and U-shaped door pulls immediately below the latch on the inside and outside of the door.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Toilet partitions shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb, and true and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Tops and bottoms of doors shall align with tops and bottoms of panels, and all horizontal lines shall be level.

Rigid backing shall be provided in walls to receive anchorages.

Panels shall be anchored with at least 3 brackets at each wall and pilaster. Two anchors shall be used to fasten each pilaster base to the floor.

Doors shall not bind during opening and closing. The clearance between the door edges and pilasters shall be uniform, equidistant, and shall not exceed 3/16 inch. Hinges shall be adjusted to hold doors ajar when unlatched. Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall return to the closed position.

Drilling, cutting and fitting of wall and floor finishes shall be concealed by the completed installation.

CLEAN-UP.--Toilet partitions shall be cleaned, polished and free of all defects. Chipped, dented, scratched, or otherwise damaged work shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

12-10.02 LOUVERS

GENERAL.--This work consists of furnishing and installing louvers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Louvers.--

Louvers shall be factory fabricated units of galvanized steel sheet not less than 1.63 mm thick (16-gage) with standard "Z" type blades, and removable bronze 16 x 16 mesh insect screens mounted on the inside of the units.

Louvers shall have integral caulking strips and retaining beads.

EXECUTION.--

INSTALLATION.--Louvers shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The completed louver installation shall be weather tight.

PAINTING.--Louvers shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

12-10.03 SIGNS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data for sign materials, colors and graphics, and for fastening hardware and material shall be submitted for approval.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Plastic signs (permanent room identification).--

Plastic signs for permanent room identification shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardant, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886. Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille.

Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

Plastic signs (restroom wall).--

Plastic signs for restroom wall shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardant, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols and international symbol of accessibility shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille. Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

Plastic signs (opposite sex attendant).--

Plastic signs for opposite sex attendant shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols and international symbol of accessibility shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 15 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Plastic sign (restroom door).--

Plastic sign for restroom door shall be not less than 6 mm acrylic plastic. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Male/female symbol and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 15 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Male restroom identification shall be a male symbol on an equilateral triangle with edges 305 mm long and a vertex pointing upward.

Female restroom identification shall be a female symbol on a 305 mm diameter circle.

Accessible building entrance sign.--

Accessible building entrance sign shall be not less than 3 mm acrylic plastic, not less than 102 mm x 102 mm , with the international symbol of accessibility.

Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbol and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Fastening hardware and material.--

Fastening hardware and material shall be as recommended by the sign manufacturer. Fasteners shall be noncorrosive.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

Inscription.--Sign messages shall be as shown on the plans.

Installation.--Plastic signs for room identification and restrooms shall be fastened or secured to clean, finished surfaces in accordance with the sign manufacturer's instructions. Signs shall be installed at a location and height as shown on the plans.

Fastening hardware and material shall be installed within the sign as shown on the plans.

12-10.04 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fire extinguishers with mounting brackets in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

REFERENCES.--

General.--Fire Extinguishers shall conform to the requirements in California Code of Regulations, Title 19 Division 1, Chapter 3, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Fire extinguishers shall be Underwriters Laboratories or Factory Mutual Laboratories approved for the type, rating and classification of extinguisher specified.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURER'S.--

Acceptable manufacturers.--Subject to contract compliance, manufacturers shall be J. L. Industries; Larsen's Manufacturing; Potter-Roemer; or equal.

COMPONENTS.--

Fire extinguisher.--

Fire extinguisher shall be fully charged, multi-purpose dry chemical type, with charge indicator, hose and nozzle, and attached service record tag. Fire extinguisher shall be of the capacity and type rating shown on the plans.

Mounting bracket.--

Mounting bracket shall be the manufacturer's standard painted, surface mounted type.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be installed in locations and at mounting heights shown on the plans, or if not shown, at a height of 1220 mm from the finished floor to the top of the fire extinguisher.

Fire extinguisher mounting brackets and cabinets shall be attached to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

IDENTIFICATION.--

Bracket-mounted.--Extinguishers shall be identified with red letter decals spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" applied to wall surface. Letter size, style and location as selected by the Engineer.

SERVICING.--

General.--Fire extinguishers shall be serviced, charged, and tagged not more than 5 days prior to contract acceptance.

12-10.05 FREE STANDING STEEL SHELVING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing free standing steel shelving in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and standard color palette shall be submitted for approval. The color will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

PRODUCTS.--

Shelving.--

Shelving shall be factory fabricated steel shelves and supports capable of supporting loads of 1200 Pa of shelf area. Shelves shall not deflect more than 8 mm when subjected to the loads specified herein and shall show no permanent deflection after removal of such loads. Shelves shall be supported and attached by means of clips. Studs or bolts shall not be used. Shelves shall be adjustable in vertical increments of 75 mm or less. Shelving shall be approximately 1219 mm wide x 2134 mm high x 457 mm deep with top bottom and 5 adjustable shelves, and shall have a baked enamel finish.

EXECUTION.--Free standing steel shelving shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

12-10.06 TOILET ROOM ACCESSORIES

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet room accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions and details shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Toilet tissue dispenser.--

Toilet tissue dispenser shall be dual roll, surface mounted, stainless steel with satin finish, approximately 150 mm x 290 mm x 150 mm deep. Dispenser shall utilize standard toilet tissue rolls. The top roll shall automatically drop into place after the bottom roll is depleted. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Soap dispenser system.--

Soap dispenser system shall be wall-mounted and shall have gravity feed, plunger type spouts, and a remote stainless steel liquid soap reservoir located in the utility space and equipped with soap level indicator, outlet valves, and brass tubing and fittings. Brass tubing and fittings shall be as recommended by the dispenser manufacturer. The stainless steel and chrome plated brass construction soap dispensing mechanisms shall be capable of delivering fixed amounts of liquid soap in lather form. The vandal resistant valves shall project not more than 89 mm from the wall and shall not be removable from within the restroom.

Toilet seat cover dispenser.--

Toilet seat cover dispenser shall be stainless steel, lockable dispenser. Approximate dimensions: 380 mm x 290 mm x 60 mm deep. One dispenser per toilet stall.

Napkin receptacle.--

Napkin receptacle shall be wall hung, stainless steel napkin receptacle with piano hinges top and bottom and disposable liner. Approximate capacity: 3.8 liters. One receptacle per women's toilet stall.

Mirror, wall hung.--

Mirror, wall hung shall be Number 1 quality, 6 mm thick, electrolytically copper plated float or plate glass mirror with nonmoisture-absorbing filler. Mirror shall have a heavy gage galvanized steel back and stainless steel frame. The frame shall have a satin finish and shall be mitered and welded and the corners shall be ground smooth. Fasteners shall not penetrate surfaces of the frame exposed to view. Mirror shall conform to Federal Specification: DD-M-411b and shall be guaranteed against silver spoilage for not less than 10 years.

Mirror, wall hung with shelf.--

Mirror, wall hung with shelf shall conform to the requirements specified for the wall hung mirror except the frame shall have an integral 127 mm wide stainless steel shelf.

Grab bars.--

Grab bars shall be stainless steel, 38 mm diameter bars with integral mounting flanges concealed under integral escutcheons.

Electric hand dryer.--

Electric hand dryer shall be surface mounted 120 volts, 15-ampere unit with a 30-second cycle time. Dryer components shall be mounted on a cast aluminum back plate which shall be bolted to a die cast aluminum wall box with concealed mounting bolts. Dryer cover, pushbutton, and fixed nozzle shall be chrome plated, die-cast zinc alloy. Nozzle shall be fixed in the downward air position. Cover shall be one piece, rib-reinforced, 5 mm thick with recessed instruction plate and shall be fastened to the wall box with recessed vandal resistant bolts.

Motor: Brushless, with sealed lifetime lubricated bearings, 75 watt, 3,450 RPM, capacitor-initiated. The motor shall be protected by a one-ampere fuse.

Fan: Single inlet centrifugal type, delivering 70.8 m/s of air at a temperature of 63°C when operated in a room with a room temperature of 22°C. Fan shall be mounted directly on the motor shaft, and the assembly shall be insulated from the housing by a resilient rubber mounting.

Heater: A 2,000-watt Nichrome wire heating element protected by an automatic resetting high temperature limit control switch circuit breaker which opens when air flow stops and automatically recloses when air flow resumes.

EXECUTION.--Toilet room accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Fasteners for mounting toilet room accessories shall be concealed and vandal resistant.

Expansion anchors shall be used for mounting accessories on masonry or concrete walls.

Toilet room accessories shall be mounted after painting work has been complete.

All toilet room accessories shall be mounted plumb, secure and rigid. Grab bars shall be supported adequately so the bars will withstand an applied load of 113 kg at any point.

SECTIONS 12-11 THRU 12-14. (BLANK)

SECTION 12-15. MECHANICAL

12-15.01 MECHANICAL WORK

GENERAL.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing mechanical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Mechanical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required for providing plumbing distribution systems.

Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, electrical, and such other work incidental and necessary to the proper installation and operation of the mechanical work shall be in accordance with the requirements specified for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of pipes, ducts, etc., and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and obstructions. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection is to be readily accessible.

Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight in accordance with the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for plumbing fixtures, and component layout shall be included where applicable.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for the following:

- Fixtures and accessories
- Water hammer arrestor
- Cleanouts
- Valves

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Mechanical work, including equipment, materials and installation, shall conform to the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, and to the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, Division of Industrial Safety (DIS).

WARRANTY.--

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

12-15.02 PIPE, FITTINGS AND VALVES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing pipes, fittings and valves in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions. Pipe, fittings and valves shall include such plumbing and piping accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the plumbing and piping systems.

The pipe sizes shown on the plans are nominal pipe size. No change in the pipe size shown on the plans shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

The pipe and fitting classes and material descriptions shall be as specified herein. No change in class or description shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--Pipe, fittings and valves shall be installed in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, the manufacturer's recommendations and the requirements specified herein.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

MATERIALS.--

PIPE AND FITTINGS --

| Class | Description |
|--------------|--------------------|
|--------------|--------------------|

A1.--

Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with 1040 kPa galvanized malleable iron banded screwed fittings and galvanized steel couplings. The weight of the zinc coating shall be not less than 90 percent of that specified in ASTM Designation: A 53.

A2.--

Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM Designation: A 53, with black cast iron recessed drainage fittings. The weight of the zinc coating shall be not less than 90 percent of that specified in ASTM Designation: A 53.

C1.--

Hub and plain end cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Pipe, fittings and gaskets shall be of one manufacturer.

C2.--

Hubless cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets, corrugated stainless steel shields and stainless steel clamps conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Joint materials shall be furnished by pipe manufacturer.

H1.--

Type DWV hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 306, with DWV drainage fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters.

H2.--

Type K hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

H3.--

Type L hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

P3.--

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) standard weight pipe and fittings, Schedule 40, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 1785. Pipe shall meet or exceed requirements of National Sanitation Foundation Standard No. 14. Pipe shall have bell ends conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2672. For pipe sizes 75 mm and smaller, plain end pipe with solvent welded fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2241, may be used.

Unions (for steel pipe).--

Unions (for steel pipe) shall be 1730 kPa, threaded malleable iron, ground joint, brass to iron seat, galvanized or black to match piping.

Unions (for copper or brass pipe).--

Unions (for copper or brass pipe) shall be 1040 kPa cast bronze, ground joint, bronze to bronze seat with silver brazing threadless ends or 860 kPa cast brass, ground joint, brass to brass seat with threaded ends.

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes).--

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes) shall be slip or flange joint unions with soft rubber or leather gaskets. Unions shall be placed on the fixture side of the traps.

VALVES.--**Gate valve (65 mm and smaller).--**

Gate valve (65 mm and smaller) shall be bronze body and trim, removable bonnet and non rising stem, Class 125 and same size as pipe in which installed. Gate valve shall be Crane, 438; Nibco Scott, T-113; Jenkins, 370; or equal.

Gate valve in nonferrous water piping systems may be solder joint type with bronze body and trim. Valve shall be Kitz, 59; Nibco Scott, S-113; Jenkins, 1240; or equal.

Gate valve (75 mm and larger, above ground).--

Gate valve (75 mm and larger, above ground) shall be iron body with bronze trim, removable bonnet and non-rising stem, class 125 and same size as pipe in which installed. Gate valve shall be Crane, 461; Nibco Scott, F-619; Jenkins, 326; or equal.

FAUCET AND HYDRANTS.—**Hose faucet.--**

Hose faucet shall be compression type, angle pattern, wall flange at exterior locations, tee handle, 20 mm female thread with hose end, rough chrome or nickel plated finish for locations inside building, rough brass finish for others. Hose faucet shall be supplied with an integral or nonremovable threaded outlet vacuum breaker which meets the requirements of the American Society of Sanitary Engineering (ASSE) Standard: 1011. Hose faucet shall be Nibco, No. 63VB; Chicago, No. 13T; or equal.

Wall hydrant.--

Wall hydrant shall be 20 mm, exposed, nickel bronze head with bronze casing, and integral vacuum breaker. Operating key shall be provided. Wall hydrant shall be J. R. Smith, Model 5609 QTSAP; Josam, Model 71070; Wade, Model 8630-89; or equal.

CLEANOUTS.--**Cleanout through wall.--**

Cleanout through wall shall be cast iron cleanout tee type with polished stainless access plates. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, No. W-8460; Smith, No. 4532; Zurn, No. 1445; or equal.

Cleanout through floor.--

Cleanout through floor shall have nonslip scoriated nickel bronze access plate and adjustable frame with square pattern top for ceramic tile and round pattern top for other finishes. Where floors are constructed with a membrane, access frame shall be provided with membrane clamping flange. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, W-7000 Series; Smith, 4023 Series; Zurn, No. 1400; or equal.

Cleanout through floors in exterior locations shall be heavy duty, floating pipe type with cast iron cover. Cleanouts shall be Wade, No. W-8300-HF; Smith, No. 4253; Zurn, No. 1474; or equal.

Cleanout to grade.--

Cleanout to grade shall be cast iron ferrule type. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout to grade shall be Wade, No. W-8450; Smith, 4420; Zurn, No 1440; or equal.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--

Water hammer arrestor.--

Water hammer arrestor shall be stainless steel body with bellows or piston. Arrestor compression chambers shall be pneumatically charged. Water hammer arrestors shall be tested and certified in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Institute Standard: PDI-WH201 and sized as shown on the plans.

Access door.--

Access door shall be 1.52 mm prime coated steel, face mounting square frame, minimum 300 mm x 300 mm door with concealed hinge and screwdriver latch.

Compression stop (concealed).--

Compression stop (concealed) shall be long neck, built-in compression stops for required wall thickness, loose key and exposed parts polished chromium plated. Supplies shall be Chicago, 1771; California Brass, No. 172; or equal.

Automatic trap primer.--

Automatic trap primer shall be bronze body with removable operating parts. Trap primer shall operate automatically on pressure fluctuation in the water supply, and shall have an integral vacuum breaker and comply with ASSE Standard: 1018.

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead).--

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead) shall be Grinnell, Model 269; Super Struct, C711; or equal.

Pipe wrapping tape and primer.--

Pipe wrapping tape shall be pressure sensitive polyvinyl chloride or pressure sensitive polyethylene tape having nominal thickness of 0.50 mm. Wrapping tape shall be Polyken, 922; Manville, Trantex VID-20; Scotchrap, 51; or equal.

Pipe wrapping primer shall be compatible with the pipe wrapping tape used.

Floor, wall, and ceiling plates.--

Floor, wall, and ceiling plates shall be chromium plated steel or plastic plates having screw or spring clamping devices and concealed hinges. Plates shall be sized to completely cover the hole.

Valve box.--

Valve box shall be precast high density concrete with polyethylene face and cast iron traffic rated cover marked "WATER," "GAS" or "CO-SS" as applicable. Extension shall be provided as required. Valve box shall be Christy, B3; Brooks Products Company, 3TL; Frazer, 3; or equal.

Floor drain.--

Floor drain shall be cast iron body and flashing collar, adjustable nickel bronze 150 mm strainer head with seepage openings and caulk or no-hub outlet. Floor drain shall be round or square as shown on the Architectural plans. Floor drain shall be J. R. Smith, 2005/2010; Wade, W-1100; Zurn, Z-415; or equal.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

INSTALLATION OF PIPES AND FITTINGS.--

Pipe and fittings.--Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the following designated uses:

| Designated Use | Pipe and Fitting Class |
|---|------------------------|
| Domestic water (CW and HW) in buildings | H3 or A1 |
| Domestic water underground within 1.5 m of the building | A1 or H2 |
| Domestic water underground 1.5 m beyond the building | P3, A1 or H2 |
| Sanitary drain piping above ground in building | H1, C1, or C2 |
| Sanitary drain and vent piping underground within 1.5 m of the building | C1 or C2 |
| Sanitary vent piping above ground in building | A2, H1, C1, or C2 |
| Equipment drains and relief valve discharge | H3 or A1 |

Installing piping.--Water piping shall be installed generally level, free of traps and bends, and arranged to conform to the building requirements.

Piping installed underground shall be tested as specified elsewhere in these special provisions before backfilling.

Piping shall not be run in floor fill, except as shown on the plans.

Piping shall be installed parallel to walls. All obstructions shall be cleared, headroom preserved and openings and passageways kept clear whether shown or not. Piping shall not interfere with other work.

Where pipes pass through exterior walls, a clear space around pipe shall be provided. Space shall be caulked water tight with silicone caulk.

Underground copper pipe shall have brazed joints. Underground plastic pipe shall be buried with No. 14 solid bare copper wire. Wire ends at pipe ends shall be brought up 200 mm and looped around pipe.

Exposed supply and drain piping in rest rooms shall be chrome finished.

Forty-five degree bends shall be used where offsets are required in venting. Vent pipe headers shall be sloped to eliminate any water or condensation.

Horizontal sanitary sewer pipe inside buildings shall be installed on a uniform grade of not less than 2 percent unless shown otherwise on the plans.

Drainage pipe shall be run as straight as possible and shall have easy bends with long turns.

Wye fittings and 1/8 or 1/16 bends shall be used where possible. Long sweep bends and combination Wye and 1/8 bends may be used only for the connection of branch pipes to fixtures and on vertical runs of pipe.

Water pipe near sewers.--Water pipe shall not be installed below sewer pipe in the same trench or at any crossing, or below sewer pipe in parallel trenches less than 3 m apart.

When a water pipe crosses above a sewer pipe, a vertical separation of at least 300 mm between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water pipe shall be maintained.

When water and sewer pipe is installed in the same trench, the water pipe shall be on a solid shelf at least 300 mm above the top of the sewer pipe and 300 mm to one side.

Pipe sleeves.--The Contractor shall provide sleeves, inserts and openings necessary for the installation of pipe, fittings and valves. Damage to surrounding surfaces shall be patched to match existing.

PVC pipe sleeves shall be provided where each pipe passes through concrete floors, footings, walls or ceilings. Inside diameter of sleeves shall be at least 20 mm larger than outside diameter of pipe. Sleeves shall be installed to provide at least 10 mm space all around pipe the full depth of concrete. Space between pipes and pipe sleeves shall be caulked watertight.

Cutting pipe.--All pipe shall be cut straight and true and the ends shall be reamed to the full inside diameter of the pipe after cutting.

Damaged pipe.--Pipe that is cracked, bent or otherwise damaged shall be removed from the work.

Pipe joints and connections.--Joints in threaded steel pipe shall be made with teflon tape or a pipe joint compound that is nonhardening and noncorrosive, placed on the pipe and not in the fittings.

The use of thread cement or caulking on threaded joints will not be permitted. Threaded joints shall be made tight. Long screw or other packed joints will not be permitted. Any leaky joints shall be remade with new material.

Exposed polished or enameled connections to fixtures or equipment shall be made with special care, showing no tool marks or threads.

Cleaning and closing pipe.--The interior of all pipe shall be cleaned before installation. All openings shall be capped or plugged as soon as the pipe is installed to prevent the entrance of any materials. The caps or plugs shall remain in place until their removal is necessary for completion of the installation.

Securing pipe.--Pipe in the buildings shall be held in place by iron hangers, supports, pipe rests, anchors, sway braces, guides or other special hangers. Material for hangers and supports shall be compatible with the piping or neoprene isolators shall be used. Allowances shall be made for expansion and contraction. Steel pipe shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Copper pipe 25 mm or smaller shall have hangers or supports every 2 m and sizes larger than 25 mm shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Plastic pipe shall have hangers or supports every 1 m. Cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets shall be supported at each joint. Vertical pipes shall be supported with clamps or straps. Horizontal and vertical piping shall be securely supported and braced to prevent swaying, sagging or flexing of joints.

Hangers and supports.--Hangers and supports shall be selected to withstand all conditions of loading to which the piping and associated equipment may be subjected and within the manufacturer's load ratings. Hangers and supports shall be spaced and distributed so as to avoid load concentrations and to minimize the loading effect on the building structure.

Hangers and supports shall be sized to fit the outside diameter of pipe or pipe insulation. Hangers shall be removable from around pipe and shall have provisions for vertical adjustment after erection. Turnbuckles may be used.

Materials for holding pipe in place shall be compatible with piping material.

Hanger rods shall be provided with locknuts at all threaded connections. Hanger rods shall be sized as follows:

| Pipe Size | Minimum Hanger Rod Diameter |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 15 mm to 50 mm | 10 mm |
| 65 mm to 87 mm | 13 mm |
| 100 mm to 125 mm | 16 mm |

Wrapping and coating steel pipe.--Steel pipe buried in the ground shall be wrapped or shall be plastic coated as specified herein:

1. Wrapped steel pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned and primed as recommended by the tape manufacturer.
2. Tapes shall be tightly applied with 1/2 uniform lap, free from wrinkles and voids with approved wrapping machines and experienced operators to provide not less than 1.00 mm thickness.
3. Plastic coating on steel pipe shall be factory applied. Coating imperfections and damage shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
4. Field joints, fittings and valves for wrapped and plastic coated steel pipe shall be covered to provide continuous protection by puttying and double wrapping with 0.50 mm thick tape. Wrapping at joints shall extend a minimum of 150 mm over the adjacent pipe covering. Width of tape for wrapping fittings shall not exceed 50 mm. Adequate tension shall be applied so tape will conform closely to contours of fittings. Putty tape insulation compounds approved by the Engineer shall be used to fill voids and provide a smooth even surface for the application of the tape wrap.

Wrapped or coated pipe, fittings, and filed joints shall be approved by the Engineer after assembly. Piping shall be placed on temporary blocks to allow for inspection. Deficiencies shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer before backfilling or closing in.

Thrust blocks.--Thrust blocks shall be formed by pouring concrete between pipe and trench wall. Thrust blocks shall be sized and so placed as to take all thrusts created by maximum internal water pressure.

Plastic pipe underground shall be provided with thrust blocks and clamps at changes in direction of piping, connections or branches from mains 50 mm and larger, and all capped connections.

Union.--Unions shall be installed where shown and at each threaded or soldered connection to equipment and tanks. Unions shall be located so piping can be easily disconnected for removal of equipment or tanks. Unions shall be omitted at compression stops.

Insulating union and insulating connection.--Insulating union and insulating connection shall be provided where shown and at the following locations:

1. In water connections in ground at point where new metallic pipes connect to existing metallic pipes. Install valve box above insulating connection.
2. At points of connections of copper or steel water pipes to steel domestic water heaters and tanks.

Bonding at insulating connections.--Interior water piping and other interior piping that may be electrically energized and are connected with insulating connections shall be bonded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Bonding shall all be coordinated with electrical work.

Compression stop.--Each fixture, including hose faucets, shall be equipped with a compression stop installed on water supply pipes to permit repairs without shutting off water mains. Ball valves may be installed where shown on the plans or otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

INSTALLATION OF VALVES.--

Exterior valves.--Exterior valves located underground shall be installed in a valve box marked "Water." Extensions shall be provided as required.

INSTALLATION OF FAUCETS AND HYDRANTS.--

Hose faucet and hydrants.--Faucets and hydrants shall be installed with outlets 0.5 m above finished grade.

INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS.--

Cleanouts.--A concrete pad 0.5 m long and 100 mm thick shall be placed across the full width of trench under cleanout Wye or 1/8 bend. Cast iron soil pipe (C1 or C2) and fittings shall be used from Wye to surface. Required clearance around cleanouts shall be maintained.

Cleanout risers outside of a building installed in a surface other than concrete shall terminate in a cleanout to grade. Cleanout to grade shall terminate in a valve box with cover marked "CO-SS". Top of box shall be set flush with finished grade. Cleanout plug shall be 100 mm below grade and shall be located in the box to provide sufficient room for rodding.

Cleanout risers installed in tile and concrete floors, including building aprons and sidewalks, shall terminate in a cleanout through floor.

INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--

Water hammer arrestor.--Water hammer arrestor shall be installed so that they are vertical and accessible for replacement. Water hammer arrestor shall be installed with access door when in walls or there is no access to ceiling crawl spaces. Access door location shall be where shown on the plans or as approved by the Engineer.

Trap primer.--Trap primers shall be installed so that they are vertical and accessible for replacement. Trap primers shall be installed with access door when in walls. Trap primer location shall be where shown on the plans or as approved by the Engineer.

Flushing completed systems.--All completed systems shall be flushed and blown out.

Chlorination.--The Contractor shall flush and chlorinate all domestic water piping and fixtures.

Calcium hypochlorite granules or tablets, if used, shall not be applied in the dry form, but shall first be dissolved into a solution before application.

The Contractor shall take adequate precautions in handling chlorine so as not to endanger workmen or damage materials. All pipes and fittings shall be completely filled with water containing a minimum of 50 ppm available chlorine. Each outlet in the system shall be opened and water run to waste until a strong chlorine test is obtained. The line shall then be closed and

the chlorine solution allowed to remain in the system for a minimum of 24 hours so that the line shall contain no less than 25 ppm chlorine throughout. After the retention period, the system shall be drained, flushed and refilled with fresh water.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping at completion of roughing in, before backfilling, and at other times as directed by the Engineer.

The system shall be tested as a single unit, or in sections as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish necessary materials, test pumps, instruments and labor and notify the Engineer at least 3 working days in advance of testing. After testing, the Contractor shall repair all leaks and retest to determine that leaks have been stopped. Surplus water shall be disposed of after testing as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall take precautions to prevent joints from drawing while pipes and appurtenances are being tested. The Contractor shall repair damage to pipes and appurtenances or to other structures resulting from or caused by tests.

General tests.--All piping shall be tested after assembly and prior to backfill, pipe wrapping, connecting fixtures, wrapping joints and covering the pipe. Systems shall show no loss in pressure or visible leaks.

The Contractor shall test systems according to the following schedule for a period of not less than 4 hours:

| Test Schedule | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Piping System | Test Pressure | Test Media |
| Sanitary sewer and vent | 250 mm head | Water |
| Water | 860 kPa | Water |

During testing of water systems, valves shall be closed and pipeline filled with water. Provisions shall be made for release of air.

Sanitary sewers shall be cleared of obstructions before testing for leakage. The pipe shall be proved clear of obstructions by pulling an appropriate size inflatable plug through the pipe. The plug shall be moved slowly through the pipe with a tag line. The Contractor shall remove or repair any obstructions or irregularities.

Sanitary sewer pipes beyond 1.5 m perpendicular to the building shall be tested for leakage for a period of not less than 4 hours by filling with water to an elevation of 1.2 m above average invert of sewer or to top of manholes where less than 1.2 m deep. The system shall show no visible leaks. The sewer may be tested in sections with testing water progressively passed down the sewer as feasible. Water shall be released at a rate that will not create water hammer or surge in plugged sections of sewer.

12-15.03 PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of the furnishing and installing plumbing fixtures in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

General.--Plumbing fixtures shall be white in color and shall meet the following requirements:

Water closet.--

Water closet shall be wall hung, vitreous china, blow out type, elongated bowl, 40 mm back spud; with solid plastic, open front elongated seat with check hinges of the following types or equal:

| | American Standard | Crane | Kohler |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Closet | "Instanto" 2511.012 | "Rapidway" 3-462 | "Sifton" K-4460-ER |
| Seat | Church 5321.070 | Olsonite 95 | "Lustra" K-4670-C |
| Flush valve | Diaphragm type concealed behind wall with integral control stop and through the wall non-hold-open type push button. Flush valve shall have vacuum breaker suitable for use with 40 mm spud water closets. | | |
| Flush valve (disabled accessible) | Diaphragm type concealed behind wall with integral control stop and through the wall non-hold-open type push button. Flush valve shall have vacuum breaker suitable for use with 40 mm spud water closets. | | |
| Carrier | Concealed closet chair carrier with 100 mm outlet connection; Zurn, J.R. Smith, Josam, Wade, or equal. | | |

Urinal.--

Urinal shall be wall hung, vitreous china, blowout type, 32 mm back spud, integral shields, spreader, and trap of following types or equal:

| | American Standard | Crane | Eljer |
|-------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Urinal | "Lynbrook" 6538.010 | "Delrio" 7-182 | "Correcto Watersaver" 161-1075 |
| Flush valve | Diaphragm type concealed behind wall with integral control stop and through the wall non-hold-open type push button. Flush valve shall have vacuum breaker suitable for use with 32 mm spud urinals; Zurn, Z-6196; or equal. | | |
| Carrier | Concealed carrier with top and bottom bearing plates and 75 mm outlet connection; Zurn, J.R. Smith, Josam, Wade, or equal. | | |

Lavatory.--

Lavatory shall be shelf-back, vandal-resistant, enameled cast iron, with 102 mm height of back, drilled for 140 mm centers, size 407 mm x 356 mm, with concealed self-closing supply faucet with indexed push button for cold water, drain with non-removable metal stopper, 32 mm outlet connection to wall, width of shelf 96 mm, aerator and concealed chair carrier.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

General.--All finish for exposed metal on any fixture, including wall flanges, bolts, nuts and washers, shall be polished chrome plated.

Fixtures shall be sealed to wall with silicone caulk bead.

All exposed metal surfaces on fixture supports shall be enameled to harmonize with fixtures.

Wall mounted fixtures shall be installed on concealed carriers designed to support weight of fixture from the floor. Carriers shall be made for the specific fixture to be supported and for the particular installation conditions.

All fixtures shall be provided with accessible compression stops.

Fixture mounting heights.--Unless otherwise noted, all fixtures shall be mounted at the heights shown on plans.

Water closet.--Water closet designated as disabled accessible on the plans shall be installed with disabled accessible flush valve and shall be installed at 430 mm from the top of seat to the finished floor.

Lavatory.--Faucet shall be mounted in right-side hole. Unused faucet holes shall be closed with chrome plated covers. Traps shall be installed behind wall in plumbing gallery.

FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--

Testing.--The Contractor shall test piping as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

The Engineer will inspect all installed fixtures for proper installation and test for proper operation after all plumbing work is complete.

SECTION 12-16. ELECTRICAL

12-16.01 ELECTRICAL WORK

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of performing electrical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Electrical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required to construct and install the complete electrical system shown on the plans and the work of installing electrical connections for the thermostats, motors, and controls specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of conduits and other facilities and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and other obstructions, and shall be coordinated with the work of other trades. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection shall be located where it is readily accessible for the performance of such maintenance and inspection.

Related work.--Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, mechanical and such other work incidental to and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the electrical work shall be done in accordance with the requirements specified for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the requirements specified under Section 10-3, "Lighting" elsewhere in these special provisions, regarding the payment and requirements of exterior lighting fixtures to be connected to the electrical system.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

Operation and maintenance manuals.--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be in a bound manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment

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installed. Inadequate or incomplete material will be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

QUALITY ASSURANCE.--

Codes and standards.--All work performed and materials installed shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code; the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 3, "California Electrical Code," and the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, "Electrical Safety Orders," and all state ordinances.

Warranties and guarantees.--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

TESTING.--

After the electrical system installation work has been completed, the electrical system shall be tested in the presence of the Engineer to demonstrate that the electrical system functions properly. The Contractor shall make necessary repairs, replacements, adjustments and retests at his expense.

12-16.02 BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices shall include those accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the electrical system.

Related work.--Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight conforming to the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for recessed junction and pull boxes, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

CONDUITS AND FITTINGS.--

Rigid steel conduit and fittings.--

Rigid steel conduit shall be threaded, full weight rigid steel, hot-dip galvanized inside and outside with steel or malleable iron fittings. Fittings shall be threaded unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Split or three-piece couplings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron couplings.

Insulated grounding bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat and steel, lay-in ground lug with compression screw.

Insulated metallic bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat.

Electrical metallic tubing (EMT) and fittings.--

Electrical metallic tubing shall be formed of cold rolled strip steel, electrical resistance welded continuously along the longitudinal seam with zinc coating outside and enamel or lacquer coating inside.

Couplings shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body couplings with malleable iron nuts.

Connectors shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body connectors with male hub, malleable iron nut and insulated plastic throat.

Flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous lengths from galvanized steel strip, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design.

Fittings shall be electroplated screw-in type with malleable cast iron body and threaded male hub with insulated throat.

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous length from galvanized sheet steel, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design with an extruded polyvinyl chloride cover.

Fittings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron body, with cap nut, grounding ferrule, and connector body with insulated throat.

Rigid non-metallic conduit and fittings.--

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be Schedule 40, high impact, nonconducting, self-extinguishing polyvinyl chloride (PVC) rigid non-metallic conduit for direct underground burial.

Couplings shall be PVC, socket type or thread on one end and socket type on the other end as required for the particular application.

Terminal adapters for adapting PVC conduit to boxes, threaded fittings, or metallic conduit system shall be PVC adapters with threads on one end and socket type on the other end.

CONDUCTORS.--

Conductors.--

Conductors shall be stranded copper wire.

Conductor insulation types unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be as follows:

1. Conductors across hinges of control panel enclosures shall be Type MTW.
2. Conductors No. 8 and larger shall be type XHHW-2 in wet and outdoor locations. Conductors smaller than No. 8 AWG shall be THWN or THW or TW.
3. Conductors shall be type THHN in dry locations.

Wire connections and devices.--

Wire connections and devices shall be pressure or compression type, except that connectors for No. 10 AWG and smaller conductors in dry locations may be preinsulated spring-pressure type.

ELECTRICAL BOXES.--

Outlet, device and junction boxes.--

Unless otherwise shown or specified, boxes shall be galvanized steel boxes with knock-outs and shall be the size and configuration best suited to the application indicated on the plans. Minimum size of outlet, receptacle, switch or junction boxes shall be 100 mm square by 40 mm deep, except that switch boxes for the installation of single switches and outlet boxes for flush-mounted light fixtures shall be 50 mm by 75 mm by 40 mm deep.

Multiple switches shall be installed in standard gang boxes, unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Cast metal boxes shall be cast iron boxes with threaded hubs and shall be of the size and configuration best suited to the application shown on the plans.

Flush-mounted boxes shall have stainless steel covers, one mm thick. Cover screws shall be metal with finish to match cover finish.

Unless otherwise shown or specified, surface-mounted boxes shall have galvanized steel covers with metal screws. Weatherproof junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets.

Weatherproof switch and receptacle boxes shall have gasketed covers with gasketed hinged flaps to cover switches and receptacles.

Underground pull boxes.--

Pull boxes shall be high density reinforced concrete box with ultraviolet inhibitor polyethylene etched face anchored in concrete and fiberglass cover with hold down bolts. The polyethylene and fiberglass material shall be fire resistant and show no appreciable change in physical properties with exposure to the weather. No. 3 1/2 pull box shall be Brooks Products, No. 3 1/2; Christy Concrete Products, N9; or equal. No. 5 pull box shall be Brooks Products No. 5; Christy Concrete Products, N30; or equal.

RECEPTACLES AND SWITCHES.--

Duplex receptacles.--

Duplex receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, safety grounding, ivory color, specification grade receptacle suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Snap switches.--

Snap switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

Three-way toggle switches.--

Three-way toggle switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--

Warning Tape.--

Warning tape shall be 100 mm wide and contain the printed warning "CAUTION ELECTRICAL CONDUIT" in bold 19 mm black letters at 760 mm intervals on bright orange or yellow background. The printed warning shall be non-erasable when submerged under water and resistant to insects, acids, alkali, and other corrosive elements in the soil. The tape shall have a tensile strength of not less than 70 kg per 100 mm wide strip and shall have a minimum elongation of 700 percent before breaking.

Pull ropes.--

Pull ropes shall be nylon or polypropylene with a minimum tensile strength of 225 kg.

Watertight conduit plugs.--

Watertight conduit plugs shall be a hollow or solid stem expansion plugs complete with inner and outer white polypropylene compression plates and red thermoplastic rubber seal. Seal material shall be non-stick type rubber resistant to oils, salt, and alkaline substances normally available at the construction sites.

Anchorage devices.--

Anchorage devices shall be corrosion resistant, toggle bolts, wood screws, bolts, machine screws, studs, expansion shields, and expansion anchors and inserts.

Electrical supporting devices.--

Electrical supporting devices shall be one hole conduit clamps with clamp backs, hot-dipped galvanized, malleable cast iron.

Construction channel shall be 41 mm x 41 mm, 2.66 mm (12-gage) galvanized steel channel with 13 mm diameter bolt holes, 40 mm on center in the base of the channel.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Conduit, general.--Rigid steel conduit shall be used unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions.

Electrical metallic tubing may be used in furred spaces and for exposed work indoors above the switch height.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect suspended lighting fixtures, motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in dry locations.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, liquid-tight flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in wet locations.

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be used at the locations shown on the plans for direct underground burial outside the building foundation.

Conduit installation.--Conduit trade sizes are shown on the plans. No deviation from the conduit size shown on the plans will be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

Conduit shall be concealed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Conduits shall be tightly covered and well protected during construction using metallic bushings and bushing "pennies" to seal open ends.

Rigid non-metallic conduit bends of 30 degrees or greater shall be factory-made long radius sweeps. Bends less than 30 degrees shall be made using an approved heat box.

A pull rope shall be installed in all empty conduits. At least one meter of pull rope shall be doubled back into the conduit at each termination.

Locations of conduit runs shall be planned in advance of the installation and coordinated with the ductwork, plumbing, ceiling and wall construction in the same areas and shall not unnecessarily cross other conduits or pipe, nor prevent removal of ceiling tiles or panels, nor block access to mechanical or electrical equipment.

Where practical, conduits shall be installed in groups in parallel, vertical or horizontal runs and at elevations that avoid unnecessary offsets.

Exposed conduit shall be installed parallel and at right angles to the building lines.

Conduits shall not be placed closer than 300 mm from a parallel hot water or steam pipe or 75 mm from such lines crossing perpendicular to the runs.

All raceway systems shall be secured to the building structures using specified fasteners, clamps and hangers.

Single conduit runs shall be supported by using one hole pipe clamps. Where run horizontally on walls in damp or wet locations, conduit shall be installed with "clamp backs" to space conduit off the surface.

Multiple conduit runs shall be supported with construction channel secured to the building structure. Conduits shall be fastened to construction channel with channel compatible pipe clamps.

Raceways of different types shall be joined using approved couplings or transition fittings.

Expansion couplings shall be installed where conduit crosses a building separation or expansion joint.

All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed water-tight.

Existing underground conduit to be incorporated into a new system shall be cleaned with a mandrel or cylindrical wire brush and blown out with compressed air.

Conduit terminations.--Rigid steel conduits shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using 2 locknuts and specified insulating metallic bushing. Electrical metallic tubing shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using specified connectors. Conduit terminations at exposed weatherproof enclosures and cast outlet boxes shall be made watertight using specified hubs.

Grounding bushings with bonding jumpers shall be installed on all type of conduits terminating at concentric knockouts and on all conduits containing service conductors, grounding electrode conductor, and conductors feeding separate buildings.

Rigid non-metallic conduits shall be terminated inside the underground pull boxes with an approved conduit bushings or fittings. All conduits shall enter the pull box at an angle of 45 degrees 127or more.

All future conduits terminated in underground pull boxes or exposed indoor and outdoor shall be provided with watertight conduit plugs.

Warning Tape.--Warning tape shall be placed over each conduit in a trench. Each warning tape shall be centered over the conduit and shall be placed over the 150 mm layer of sand covering the conduit as described elsewhere in these special provisions.

Conductor installation.--Conductors shall not be installed in conduit until all work of any nature that may cause injury is completed. Care shall be taken in pulling conductors that insulation is not damaged. An approved non-petroleum base and insulating type pulling compound shall be used as needed.

Splices and joints shall be insulated with insulation equivalent to that of the conductor.

Provide 155 mm of slack at each outlet and device connection. If the outlet or device is not at the end of a run of wire, connection shall be made with correctly colored pigtails tapped to the runs with splices as specified herein.

Branch circuit conductors in panelboards shall be neatly trained along a path from the breaker terminals to their exit point. The conductors shall have ample length to transverse the path without strain, but shall not be so long as to require coiling, doubling back, or cramming. The path shall transverse the panelboard gutter spaces without entering a gutter containing service conductors and, unless otherwise shown on the plans, without entering the gutter space of any panelboard feeder.

All pressure type connectors and lugs shall be retightened after the initial set.

Splices in underground pull boxes and similar locations shall be made watertight.

Junction boxes in furred or accessible ceiling spaces shall be identified with felt-tip pen denoting the circuits contained in the box.

Conductor identification.--The neutral and equipment grounding conductors shall be identified as follows:

Neutral conductor shall have a white or natural gray insulation except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be identified by distinctive white marker such as paint or white tape at each termination.

Equipment grounding conductor shall be bare or insulated. If insulated, equipment grounding conductors shall have green or green with one or more yellow stripes insulation over its entire length except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be permanently identified by distinctive green markers such as paint or green tape over its entire exposed insulation.

Feeder and branch circuit ungrounded conductors shall be color coded by continuously colored insulation, except conductors No. 6 AWG or larger may be color coded by colored tape at each connection and where accessible. Ungrounded conductor color coding shall be as follows:

| SYSTEM | COLOR CODE |
|-----------------------|------------|
| 120/240V-Single phase | Black, red |

Where more than one branch circuit enters or leaves a conduit, panel, gutter, or junction box, each conductor shall be identified by its panelboard and circuit number. All control conductors including control conductors of manufacturer supplied and field wired control devices shall be identified at each termination with the wire numbers shown on the plans, approved working drawings, and as directed by the Engineer where deemed necessary. Identification shall be made with one of the following:

1. Adhesive backed paper or cloth wrap-around markers with clear, heat shrinkable tubing sealed over either type of marker.
2. Self-laminating wrap around type, printable, transparent, permanent heat bonding type thermoplastic film markers.
3. Pre-printed, white, heat-shrinkable tubing.

Each terminal block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. The identifying numbers of the terminating conductors, as shown on the plans or on the submittal drawings, shall be engraved in the marking strip.

Outlet, device and junction box installation.--Where one or more threaded steel conduits are required to connect to an outlet, device, or junction box, the box shall be a cast metal box with threaded hubs. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall be sheet steel boxes. Weatherproof outlet, device and junction

boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall have standard galvanized covers.

All boxes shall finish flush with building walls, ceiling and floors except where exposed work is called for.

Raised device covers (plaster rings) shall be installed on all boxes concealed in concrete, masonry or stud walls.

No unused openings shall be left in any box. Knockout seals shall be installed as required to close openings.

Outlet, device, and junction boxes shall be installed at the locations and elevations shown on the plans or specified herein. Adjustments to locations may be made as required by structural conditions and to suit coordination requirements of other trades.

Underground pull box installation.--Electrical pull box covers or lids shall be marked "ELECTRICAL." Telephone service pull box covers or lids shall be marked "TELEPHONE."

The pull box shall be installed as shown on the plans.

Top of pull boxes shall be flush with surrounding grade or top of curb. In unpaved areas where pull box is not immediately adjacent to and protected by a concrete foundation, pole or other protective construction, the top of pull box shall be set at plus 30 mm above surrounding grade. Pull boxes shown on the plans in the vicinity of curbs shall be placed adjacent to the back of curb. Pull boxes shown on the plans adjacent to lighting standards shall be placed on the side of foundation facing away from traffic.

Anchorage.--Hangers, brackets, conduit straps, supports, and electrical equipment shall be rigidly and securely fastened to surfaces by means of toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws, or expansion anchors and studs or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood or lag screws on wood construction.

Anchorage devices shall be installed in accordance with the anchorage manufacturer's recommendations.

Mounting heights.--Electrical system components shall be mounted at the following mounting heights, unless otherwise shown on the plans. The mounting height dimensions shall be measured above the finished floor to the bottom of the device or component.

| | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Wall switches | 1.0 m maximum |
| Convenience outlets | 1.25 m minimum |

12-16.03 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

PART 1.- GENERAL

SUMMARY.--

Scope.--This work shall consist of relocating existing panelboards, and related accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Related work.--Anchorage devices shall be as specified under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in this Section 12-16.

SUBMITTALS.--

Product data.--A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

PART 2.- PRODUCTS

Nameplates.--

Nameplates shall be laminated phenolic plastic with white core and black front and back. Nameplate inscription shall be in capitals letters etched through the outer layer of the nameplate material.

Plywood backing panels.--

Plywood backing panels for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm, APA plywood panels, C-D PLUGGED and touch-sanded, Exposure 1.

Paint.--

Plywood backing panels shall receive the following paint system: one prime coat, alkyd, interior wood primer and 2 finish coats, acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss.

PART 3.- EXECUTION

INSTALLATION.--

Plywood backing board.--Plywood backing board shall be securely fastened to walls or other vertical framing. Surface to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess materials, of filler by hand cleaning.

Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish, free of skips, brush marks, laps or other imperfections.

Existing panelboards.--Provide new circuit breakers, where required to match existing type unless otherwise shown on the plans. Provide mounting hardware, bus straps, and related materials for proper circuit breaker installation. Provide new panelboard identification nameplate with designation as shown for each panelboard. Remove existing nameplates where applicable. Provide new typewritten circuit directory reflecting changes made under the Contract.

Panelboard installation.--Set cabinets plumb and symmetrical with building lines. Train interior wiring as specified under "Conductor and Cable Installation" in "Basic Materials and Methods" of these special provisions. Touch-up paint any marks, blemishes, or other finish damage suffered during installation. Replace cabinets, doors or trim exhibiting dents, bends, warps or poor fit which may impede ready access, security or integrity.

Mounting height shall be 1.4 meters to the highest circuit breaker handle, measured above the finished floor.

A typewritten directory under transparent protective cover shall be provided and set in metal frame inside each cabinet door. Directory panel designation for each circuit breaker shall include complete information concerning equipment controlled, including room number or area designated on the plans.

Equipment identification.--Equipment shall be identified with nameplates fastened with self-tapping, cadmium-plated screws or nickel-plated bolts.

In addition to the identification nameplates shown on the plans, the following items shall have identification nameplates. Nameplate inscriptions shall read as follows:

| Item | Letter height, mm | Inscription |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Panel A | 6 | PANEL A 120/240 V, 1 PH, 3 W |
| Ramp lighting cabinet | 6 | RAMP LIGHTING |
| Comfort station service cabinet | 6 | COMFORT STATION |
| Kiosk disconnect cabinet | 6 | SPARE |
| Pump house disconnect cabinet | 6 | PUMP HOUSE |

Painting.—Existing panelboards and service cabinets shall be cleaned and painted as specified under “Painting” in Section 12-9, “Finishes,” of these special provisions.

12-16.04 LIGHTING

GENERAL.--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and connecting all lighting equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

SUBMITTALS.--Manufacturer's descriptive information, photometric curves, catalog cuts, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

PRODUCTS.--

Lighting fixture lamps.--

Lighting fixture lamps shall be type and size as shown on the plans. Lamps shall be General Electric, Phillips, Sylvania, or equal. Fluorescent lamps, unless otherwise noted, shall be 4100K tri-phosphor with a CRI of 70 or greater.

Ballasts.--

All fixtures shall be equipped with high power factor ballasts suitable for the line voltage and for the type, size and number of lamps required by the fixture. Fluorescent ballasts shall be UL Listed, Class P and ETL Certified ballasts with sound rating A. Fluorescent ballasts shall be high-frequency electronic ballasts with power factor greater than 0.95, nominal ballast factor of 0.88 unless specified otherwise, total harmonic distortion less than 20 percent, crest factor less than or equal to 1.7, complying with ANSI C 62.41 Category A for surge protection, and FCC Part 18 for interference. Dimming ballasts shall be high frequency ballasts as specified above and shall be capable of dimming the light output from 100 percent to 20 percent of the rated light output.

Lighting fixtures.--

Lighting fixtures shall be as shown on the plans and as specified herein. Outdoor luminaires shall be listed and labeled "Fixture Suitable For Wet Locations."

F1.--

Surface-mounted, vandal-resistant, fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and shall be approved for wet locations. Housing shall have white, baked enamel finish over 16-gage cold-rolled sheet steel. Fixture shall have clear one-piece injected molded polycarbonate diffuser secured with stainless steel vandal-resistant screws.. The fixture shall be Kenall, Catalog No. 8200 Series; Lumark, Catalog No. FS RW64A-120V; or equal.

Two screw drivers for the vandal-resistant screws shall be furnished and delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

F2.--

Stem-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and one-piece, clear acrylic, wrap-around diffuser. The fixture shall be Day Brite, Catalog No. CAN232-1/2EB Prudential Lighting, Catalog No. P-1702-48RS-PRA; Lithonia, Catalog No. LB240A120; or equal.

F3.--

Recessed die-formed white polyester powder baked finish housing and trim, minimum 260 mm square aperture with flat albalite lens suitable for damp location. Fixture shall have 2 horizontally mounted plug-in sockets, two 13-watt twin tube compact fluorescent lamps with integral two 120-volt high power factor ballasts. The fixture shall be Capri Lighting, Catalog No. PLS16/120-S52; Halo Lighting, Catalog No, H242-120; or equal.

H1.--

Outdoor, surface mounted, 150-watt, 120-volt, high pressure sodium luminaire with integral high power factor ballast, impact resistant tempered flat glass lens and cutoff optics. The fixture shall be suitable for wet locations. The luminaire shall be General Electric, Catalog No. SPMM15SOH1GCDB; Day Brite, Catalog No. CLM15HSMT; or equal.

Fused splices.--

Fused splices shall be Buss, Type HEX; Elastimold, Style D65; or equal; with standard midget, ferrule, 3-ampere, 240-volt, slow blowing fuses.

Photoelectric unit, PC.--

Photoelectric unit shall be cadmium sulfide photoelectric control with capacity of 1000-watt incandescent or 1800-watt inductive or fluorescent load, mounting adapter, and EEI-NEMA twist lock receptacle; Fisher-Pierce, Ripley, or equal.

Lighting control station, LCS.--

Lighting control station shall consist of a lighting contactor, terminal block and 5 selector switches in a surface mounted NEMA-12 enclosure with a hinged door as shown on the plans.

Lighting contactor, LC.--

Lighting contactor shall be electrically held, 6-pole combination lighting contactor with 120-volt AC coil and 30-ampere, double-break, silver alloy contacts; Square D Company, I.T.E., Westinghouse, or equal.

Selector switch, SS1 thru SS5.--

Selector switch shall be rotary action, double-pole, 3-position, 10-ampere, 120-volt switch. Switch contacts shall have an inductive pilot duty rating of 60 amperes (make), 6 amperes (break) and 10 amperes (continuous) at 120 volts and 35 percent power factor. Selector switch shall have legend plate marked MANUAL-OFF-AUTO.

Terminal block, TB.--

Terminal block shall be 30-ampere, 120-volt, molded plastic with two or more mounting holes and two or more terminals in each cast block. The molded plastic shall have a high resistance to heat, moisture, mechanical shock, and electrical potential and shall have a smooth even finish. Each block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. Terminal blocks shall have tubular, high pressure clamp connectors.

FABRICATION.--

Lighting control station.—The lighting control station shall be factory prewired in conformance with NEMA, Class IIC wiring. All wires entering the enclosure shall terminate on terminal blocks. Control wires shall be stranded No. 12 MTW, except that hinge wiring shall be 19-strand No.12 MTW. Wires shall be neatly trained and bundled and wiring trough shall be provided as shown on the plans.

Each component shall be identified with nameplate as shown on the plans.

A wiring diagram encased between 2 heat-fused, laminated plastic sheets shall be provided inside the enclosure.

Component mounting.--The following electrical components shall be mounted on the back panel of the light control station enclosure:

Terminal Block, TB
Lighting contactor, LC
Neutral bus, N/B

The following electrical components shall be mounted on the hinged door of the light control station enclosure:

Selector switches, SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, and SS5

EXECUTION.--

LIGHTING FIXTURES.--Lighting fixtures shall be mounted securely in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Mounting methods shall be suitable for the particular type of ceiling or support at each location.

The Contractor shall provide all supports, hangers, spacers, channels, fasteners and other hardware necessary to support the fixtures.

Fixtures shall be set at the mounting heights shown on the plans, except heights shown shall be adjusted to meet conditions.

POLE MOUNTED LUMINAIRES.--In the pull box adjacent to each pole for area light, H2 and spot light, H3, a fused splice connector shall be installed in each ungrounded conductor between the line and the ballast. The connector shall be readily accessible in the pull box and shall be insulated and made waterproof in accordance with the splice connector manufacturer's recommendations.

SECTION 13. (BLANK)

SECTION 14 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

GENERAL.—The work herein proposed will be financed in whole or in part with Federal funds, and therefore all of the statutes, rules and regulations promulgated by the Federal Government and applicable to work financed in whole or in part with Federal funds will apply to such work. The "Required Contract Provisions, Federal-Aid Construction Contracts, "Form FHWA 1273, are included in this Section 14. Whenever in said required contract provisions references are made to "SHA contracting officer", "SHA resident engineer", or "authorized representative of the SHA", such references shall be construed to mean "Engineer" as defined in Section 1-1.18 of the Standard Specifications.

PERFORMANCE OF PREVIOUS CONTRACT.—In addition to the provisions in Section II, "Nondiscrimination," and Section VII, "Subletting or Assigning the Contract," of the required contract provisions, the Contractor shall comply with the following:

The bidder shall execute the CERTIFICATION WITH REGARD TO THE PERFORMANCE OF PREVIOUS CONTRACTS OR SUBCONTRACTS SUBJECT TO THE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY CLAUSE AND THE FILING OF REQUIRED REPORTS located in the proposal. No request for subletting or assigning any portion of the contract in excess of \$10,000 will be considered under the provisions of Section VII of the required contract provisions unless such request is accompanied by the CERTIFICATION referred to above, executed by the proposed subcontractor.

NON-COLLUSION PROVISION.—The provisions in this section are applicable to all contracts except contracts for Federal Aid Secondary projects.

Title 23, United States Code, Section 112, requires as a condition precedent to approval by the Federal Highway Administrator of the contract for this work that each bidder file a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. A form to make the non-collusion affidavit statement required by Section 112 as a certification under penalty of perjury rather than as a sworn statement as permitted by 28, USC, Sec. 1746, is included in the proposal.

PARTICIPATION BY MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN SUBCONTRACTING.—Part 23, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations applies to this Federal-aid project. Pertinent sections of said Code are incorporated in part or in its entirety within other sections of these special provisions.

Schedule B—Information for Determining Joint Venture Eligibility

(This form need not be filled in if all joint venture firms are minority owned.)

1. Name of joint venture _____
2. Address of joint venture _____
3. Phone number of joint venture _____
4. Identify the firms which comprise the joint venture. (The MBE partner must complete Schedule A.) _____

 - a. Describe the role of the MBE firm in the joint venture. _____
 - b. Describe very briefly the experience and business qualifications of each non-MBE joint venturer: _____

5. Nature of the joint venture's business _____

6. Provide a copy of the joint venture agreement.
7. What is the claimed percentage of MBE ownership? _____
8. Ownership of joint venture: (This need not be filled in if described in the joint venture agreement, provided by question 6.).
 - a. Profit and loss sharing.
 - b. Capital contributions, including equipment.
 - c. Other applicable ownership interests.

9. Control of and participation in this contract. Identify by name, race, sex, and "firm" those individuals (and their titles) who are responsible for day-to-day management and policy decision making, including, but not limited to, those with prime responsibility for:

- a. Financial decisions _____
- b. Management decisions, such as:

- (1) Estimating _____
- (2) Marketing and sales _____
- (3) Hiring and firing of management personnel _____
- (4) Purchasing of major items or supplies _____

- c. Supervision of field operations _____

Note.—If, after filing this Schedule B and before the completion of the joint venture's work on the contract covered by this regulation, there is any significant change in the information submitted, the joint venture must inform the grantee, either directly or through the prime contractor if the joint venture is a subcontractor.

Affidavit

"The undersigned swear that the foregoing statements are correct and include all material information necessary to identify and explain the terms and operation of our joint venture and the intended participation by each joint venturer in the undertaking. Further, the undersigned covenant and agree to provide to grantee current, complete and accurate information regarding actual joint venture work and the payment therefor and any proposed changes in any of the joint venture arrangements and to permit the audit and examination of the books, records and files of the joint venture, or those of each joint venturer relevant to the joint venture, by authorized representatives of the grantee or the Federal funding agency. Any material misrepresentation will be grounds for terminating any contract which may be awarded and for initiating action under Federal or State laws concerning false statements."

| | |
|--------------|--------------|
| Name of Firm | Name of Firm |
| Signature | Signature |
| Name | Name |
| Title | Title |
| Date | Date |

Date _____

State of _____

County of _____

On this ____ day of _____, 19 __, before me appeared (Name) _____, to me personally known, who, being duly sworn, did execute the foregoing affidavit, and did state that he or she was properly authorized by (Name of firm) _____ to execute the affidavit and did so as his or her free act and deed.

Notary Public _____

Commission expires _____

[Seal]

Date _____

State of _____

County of _____

On this ____ day of _____, 19 __, before me appeared (Name) _____ to me personally known, who, being duly sworn, did execute the foregoing affidavit, and did state that he or she was properly authorized by (Name of firm) _____ to execute the affidavit and did so as his or her free act and deed.

Notary Public _____

Commission expires _____

[Seal]

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

I. GENERAL

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.
3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.
4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2;
Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7;
Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.
6. **Selection of Labor:** During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:
 - a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or
 - b. employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
 - a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.
 - b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall

include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
 - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
 - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
 - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.
 - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
 - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
 - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
 - b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)
 - c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.
5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
 - a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
 - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
 - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.
6. Training and Promotion:
- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.
 - b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.
 - c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
 - d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
 - b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
 - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
 - d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.

- 8. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:** The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.
 - b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.
 - c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.
- 9. Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
 - (1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
 - (4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.
 - b. The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

- a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.
- b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).

- c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

1. General:

- a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3)] issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c) the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.
- b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.
- c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

2. Classification:

- a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.
- b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
 - (2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;
 - (3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and
 - (4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.
- c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized

representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary
- e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

- a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.
- b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

- a. Apprentices:
 - (1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.
 - (2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.
 - (3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different

practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

- (4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees:

- (1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.
- (2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.
- (4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Helpers:

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under an approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.

5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

6. Withholding:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or

part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

7. Overtime Requirements:

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

8. Violation:

Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages: In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.

b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing

apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.
- d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;
 - (3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.
- f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:
 - a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.
 - b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.

- c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.
2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).
 - a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.
 - b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).
3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

Notice To All Personnel Engaged On Federal-Aid Highway Projects

18 U.S.C. 1020 READS AS FOLLOWS:

"Whoever being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.
2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.
3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.
4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion — Primary Covered Transactions

1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
 - c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
 - d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and

frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.

- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion — Lower Tier Covered Transactions

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
 - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

FEDERAL-AID FEMALE AND MINORITY GOALS

In accordance with Section II, "Nondiscrimination," of "Required Contract Provisions Federal-aid Construction Contracts" the following are the goals for female utilization:

Goal for Women (applies nationwide).....(percent) 6.9

The following are goals for minority utilization:

CALIFORNIA ECONOMIC AREA

| | | Goal (Percent) |
|------------|---|---|
| 174 | Redding, CA: Non-SMSA Counties CA Lassen; CA Modoc;CA Plumas;CA Shasta; CA Siskiyou; CA Tehama. | 6.8 |
| 175 | Eureka, CA Non-SMSA Counties CA Del Norte; CA Humboldt; CA Trinity. | 6.6 |
| 176 | San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA: SMSA Counties: 7120 Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA CA Monterey. 7360 San Francisco-Oakland CA Alameda; CA Contra Costa; CA Marin; CA San Francisco; CA San Mateo. 7400 San Jose, CA CA Santa Clara. 7485 Santa Cruz, CA. CA Santa Cruz. 7500 Santa Rosa, CA CA Sonoma. 8720 Vallejo-Fairfield- Napa, CA CA Napa; CA Solano Non-SMSA Counties CA Lake; CA Mendocino; CA San Benito | 28.9 25.6 19.6 14.9 9.1 17.1 23.2 |
| 177 | Sacramento, CA: SMSA Counties: 6920 Sacramento, CA CA Placer; CA Sacramento; CA Yolo. Non-SMSA Counties CA Butte; CA Colusa; CA El Dorado; CA Glenn; CA Nevada; CA Sierra; CA Sutter; CA Yuba. | 16.1 14.3 |
| 178 | Stockton-Modesto, CA: SMSA Counties: 5170 Modesto, CA CA Stanislaus. 8120 Stockton, CA CA San Joaquin. Non-SMSA Counties CA Alpine; CA Amador; CA Calaveras; CA Mariposa;CA Merced; CA Tuolumne. | 12.3 24.3 19.8 |

| | | Goal (Percent) |
|------------|--|---------------------------|
| 179 | Fresno-Bakersfield, CA | |
| | SMSA Counties: | |
| | 0680 Bakersfield, CA | 19.1 |
| | CA Kern. | |
| | 2840 Fresno, CA | 26.1 |
| | CA Fresno. | |
| | Non-SMSA Counties | 23.6 |
| | CA Kings; CA Madera; CA Tulare. | |
| | | |
| 180 | Los Angeles, CA: | |
| | SMSA Counties: | |
| | 0360 Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, CA | 11.9 |
| | CA Orange. | |
| | 4480 Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA | 28.3 |
| | CA Los Angeles. | |
| | 6000 Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura, CA | 21.5 |
| | CA Ventura. | |
| | 6780 Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA. | 19.0 |
| | CA Riverside; CA San Bernardino. | |
| | 7480 Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA | 19.7 |
| | CA Santa Barbara. | |
| | Non-SMSA Counties | 24.6 |
| | CA Inyo; CA Mono; CA San Luis Obispo. | |
| | | |
| 181 | San Diego, CA: | |
| | SMSA Counties | |
| | 7320 San Diego, CA. | 16.9 |
| | CA San Diego. | |
| | Non-SMSA Counties | 18.2 |
| | CA Imperial. | |

In addition to the reporting requirements set forth elsewhere in this contract the Contractor and subcontractors holding subcontracts, not including material suppliers, of \$10,000 or more, shall submit for every month of July during which work is performed, employment data as contained under Form FHWA PR-1391 (Appendix C to 23 CFR, Part 230), and in accordance with the instructions included thereon.